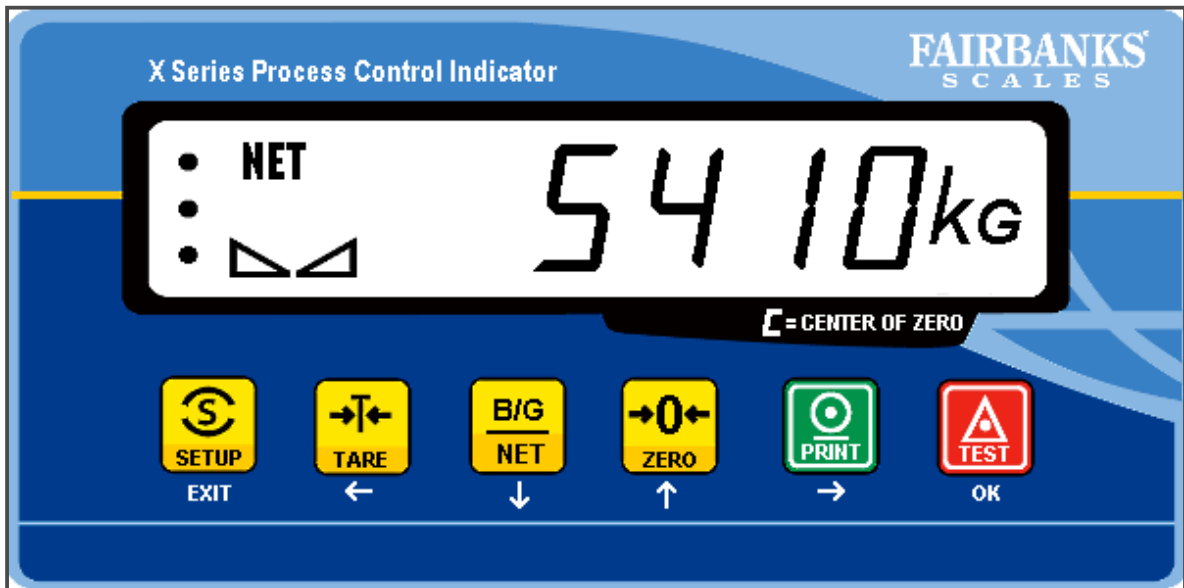




X Series Process Indicator PR 5410





Disclaimer

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1 Warnings and Safety Precautions



This instrument has been built and tested in compliance with the safety regulations for measuring and control instrumentation for protective class I (protective earth connection) according to IEC 1010/ EN61010 or VDE 0411. The instrument was in perfect condition with regard to safety features when it left the factory. To maintain this condition and to ensure safe operation, the operator must follow the instructions and observe the warnings in this manual.

1.1 INTENDED USE

The instrument is intended for use as an indicator for weighing functions. Product operation, commissioning and maintenance must be performed by trained and qualified personnel who are aware of and able to deal with the related hazards and take suitable measures for self-protection. The instrument reflects the state of the art. The manufacturer does not accept any liability for damage caused by other system components or due to incorrect use of the product.

1.2 INITIAL INSPECTION

Check the content of the consignment for completeness and inspect it visually for signs of damage that may have occurred during transport. If there are grounds for rejection of the goods, a claim must be filed with the carrier immediately and the sales or service organization must be notified.

1.3 BEFORE COMMISSIONING



Visual inspection:
Before commissioning and after and storage or transport, inspect the instrument visually for signs of mechanical damage.

1.3.1 Installation

The front panel of the instrument housing meets IP65. It is suitable for mounting in any position. To ensure proper cooling of the instrument, make sure air circulation around the instrument is not blocked. Avoid exposing the instrument to excessive heat; e.g., from direct sunlight. Ambient conditions must be taken into account at all times. The instrument is suitable for control cabinet/panel mounting.

1.3.2 Opening the Instrument



**CAUTION:
DANGER OF
DEATH**

Working on the instrument while it is switched on may have life-threatening consequences.
Disconnect the instrument from the supply voltage. Any time covers or parts are removed, live parts or terminals may be exposed.
Capacitors in the unit may still be charged also after disconnecting the unit from all voltage sources.

This instrument contains electrostatic sensitive components. For this reason, an equipotential bonding conductor must be connected when working on the open instrument (antistatic protection).

1.3.3 Grounding and Shock Prevention PR 5410/00

The instrument must be connected to protective earth via a protective earth conductor (PE) in the power connector. The power cable contains a protective earth conductor which must not be interrupted inside or outside the unit (e.g., by using an extension cable that does not have a protective earth connection). The PE conductor is connected to the back panel of the housing inside the instrument.

1.3.4 Grounding and Shock Prevention PR 5410/01

The back panel of the housing must be connected to protective earth.

1.3.5 Power Connection and Power Supply PR 5410/00

The unit does not have a power switch and is ready for operation immediately after connecting the supply voltage. Safe interruption of both supply voltage conductors must be provided for, either by disconnecting the power connector or using a separate switch. The unit is equipped with a wide range power supply and covers AC systems with a frequency of 50 Hz/60 Hz and a voltage range of 100 VAC to 240 VAC +10%/-15% automatically (without manual selection). The power supply is protected against short circuits and overload, and switches off automatically in the event of failure.

When the electronic protection is triggered:

- Disconnect the unit from all voltage sources and wait at least one minute.
- Determine and eliminate the source of error.
- Re-connect the unit to the supply voltage.

1.3.6 Power Connection 24 VDC PR5410/01



The version PR5410/01 is designed for 24 V direct current.

The supply is done with two screw terminals (- 24V +), the instrument is protected against wrong polarity.

The instrument is protected by a fuse in the + conductor on the back panel of the housing.

1.3.7 Failure and Excessive Stress

If there is any reason to assume that safe operation of the instrument is no longer ensured, shut it down and make sure it cannot be used. Safe operation is no longer ensured if any of the following is true:

- The instrument is physically damaged
- The instrument does not function
- The instrument has been subjected to stresses beyond the tolerance limits (e.g., during storage or transport).

1.3.8 Important Note

Make sure that the construction of the instrument is not altered to the detriment of safety. In particular, leakage paths, air gaps (of live parts) and insulating layers must not be reduced. cannot be held responsible for personal injury or property damage caused by an instrument repaired incorrectly by a user or installer.

2 Process Indicator

The instrument is equipped with a six-digit 7-segment display and additional status indication. Local operation is performed using 6 double-function keys.

2.1 OVERVIEW OF THE INSTRUMENT

- Accuracy 10,000 e (Class III) for the weighing electronics
- High-speed conversion with response times from 10 Msec
- Weight indication with status by transfective 6-digit 7-segment display
- 6 function keys for front-panel operation
- Front panel rated to IP 65, back panel to IP30
- LAN adapter with 10/100 Mbit/sec (built-in)
- RS-232 interface, built-in; for connecting e.g. a printer or a remote indicator
- Expansion possible by addition of plug-in circuit boards (2 slots)
- Galvanically isolated interfaces (except RS-232, analog input and BCD output)
- Wide range power supply for 100 to 240 V AC, protection class I (protective earth)
- Version PR 5410/01 for 24 VDC direct current
- Plug-in connections on the back panel for load cells, inputs/outputs, LAN adaptor
- Suitable for mounting in a panel cut-out or a control cabinet
- Calibration using front keys or PC tool (Browser/VNC)
- Calibration using weights, by entering mV/V values, or directly, using load cell data ("smart calibration")
- Software configuration of the interface cards, e.g. for remote display or printer
- Analog test for the weighing electronics

Communication protocols:

For the internal RS-232 or RS-232/-485 (see Accessories):

- Remote display
- Printer, standard or legal for trade
- JBUS/MODBUS (slave)
- SMA
- Asycom

Fieldbus slave with PR 1721/3x (see Accessories):

- Profibus-DP
- Interbus-S
- DeviceNet
- EtherNet/IP

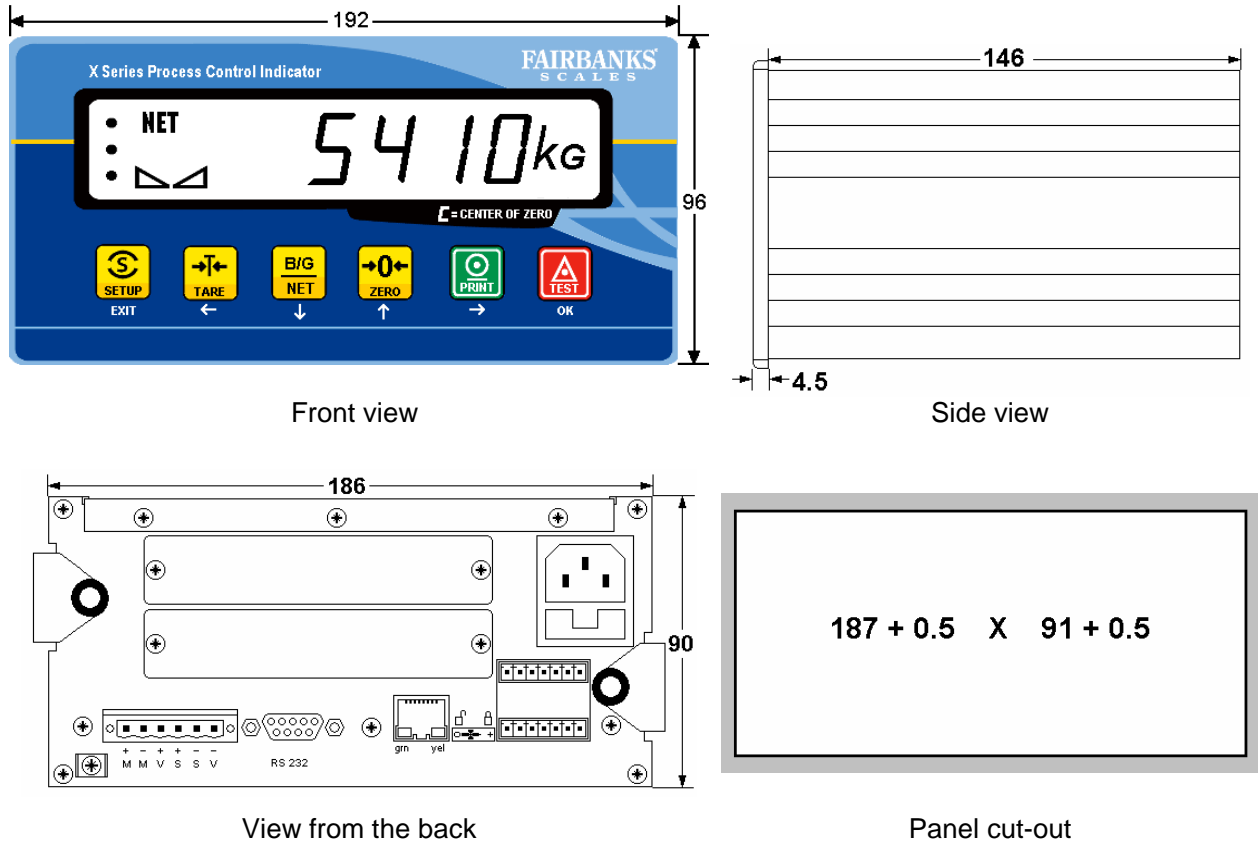
or PR 5510/14 Ethernet for Modbus TCP/IP

2.2 HOUSING

The instrument has aluminium housing and a front panel compliant with IP 65. It is suitable for installation in a control cabinet. Keypad, display and display board form a unit with the front panel. A square cut-out is required for installation. The cable connectors are on the back panel of the housing. A 6-pin plug-in terminal block is provided for connection of the load cells. The built-in serial interface has a 9-contact D-Sub female connector. Network connection is possible via the built-in RJ-45 LAN socket. 3 Optocoupler inputs and 3 Optocoupler outputs can be connected using plug-in terminals.

The cut-outs for up to 2 plug-in cards are covered by dummy plates.

The power cable plugs into the built-in power connector (with fuse socket).

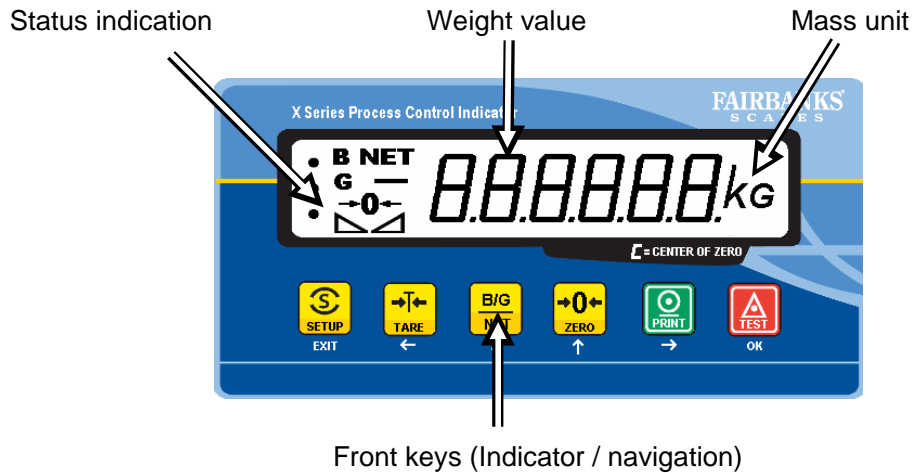


2.3 DISPLAY AND CONTROLS

2.3.1 Display

The display permits indication of 6-digit weight values (digit height 18 mm) with decimal point and polarity sign.

Possible units of mass are **t**, **kg**, **g** or **lb**.



Front keys (Indicator / navigation)

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| B | Gross weight display | -0- | The weight value is within +/- ¼ d of zero |
| G | (G with NTEP or NSC mode) | ▢▢ | Stability of the weight value |
| NET | Net weight display | ⋮ | Range indication |
| T,PT | Tare weight or fixtare display | | |

2.3.2 Front-Panel Keys

Indicator keys

| | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | Instrument settings, set-up | | Start printing |
| | Taring, the current gross weight is stored in the tare memory, provided that: - weight value is stable - indicator not in error status (function dependent on configuration) | | Set gross weight to zero, provided that: - weight value is stable - weight within zero setting range (function dependent on configuration) |
| | Selection of display mode: gross – net – tare weight | | Analog test, weighing function |

Calibration and parameter input using front keys is described in chapter 4.3 .

2.3.3 Selection Using the Navigation Keys (VNC)

Press the down arrow key ↓ to scroll down, or the up arrow key ↑ to scroll up in a menu. Press **OK** to select a menu item. To choose the desired setting for the selected menu, press ← or →.

Press the **Exit** key to exit a menu and continue the operation on the next higher level.

An arrow ▶ in front of a menu item indicates that there are menu sublevels. The menu item selected by pressing **↑/↓** is shown inversely.

| Info | |
|----------------|--|
| ▶ Show version | |
| ▶ Show status | |

Press the **OK** key to select an item.

If the list of menu items is long, a vertical bar graph on the left (black and gray) shows which part of the list is displayed.

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|---|----------|
| Measuretime | ↕ | 320 ms |
| Digital filter | | off |
| Test mode | | absolute |
| W & M | | none |
| Standstill time | | 0.50 s |
| Standstill range | | 1.00 d |

Availability of settings options (selectable with **←** or **→**) is indicated by preceding double arrows ↕.

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|---|--------|
| Measuretime | ↕ | 640 ms |

Press **←/→** to select the measuring time.

2.3.4 Tool Tip (VNC)

The 'tool tip' indicates valid value ranges or important properties in a pop-up window, see example:

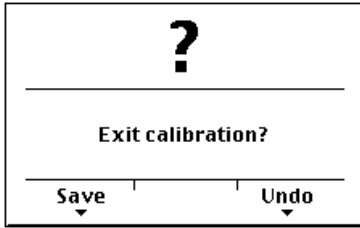
| | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| Standstill range | | 1.00 d |
| Tare timeo | Zerotrack disabled | 2.5 s |
| Zeroset ra | as long as Zerotrack range is 0 | 50.00 d |
| Zerotrack range | | 0.00 d |
| Zerotrack step | | 0.25 d |
| Zerotrack time | | 1.0 s |

This is a warning, that the zero tracking is not activated, if the Zerotrack time is set to 0.

2.3.5 System Messages during Input (VNC)

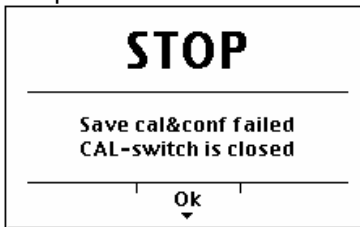
The following types of messages are displayed as confirmation prompts / warnings during input:

Question mark



A question mark indicates that a choice of options (e.g. [Save] for saving or [Undo] for cancelling) is available.

“Stop“



An important indication that an action cannot be executed (e.g., if saving is not possible because the CAL switch is closed). Read the description and press [OK] to continue:

Processing is in progress



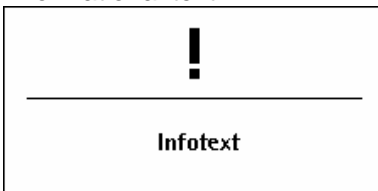
If an action takes a long time (e.g., Max for setting the full scale deflection), a clock symbol is shown.

Warning



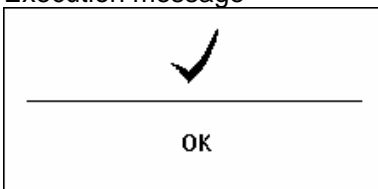
A warning is marked by three exclamation points.

Informational text



An informational text is marked by one exclamation point.

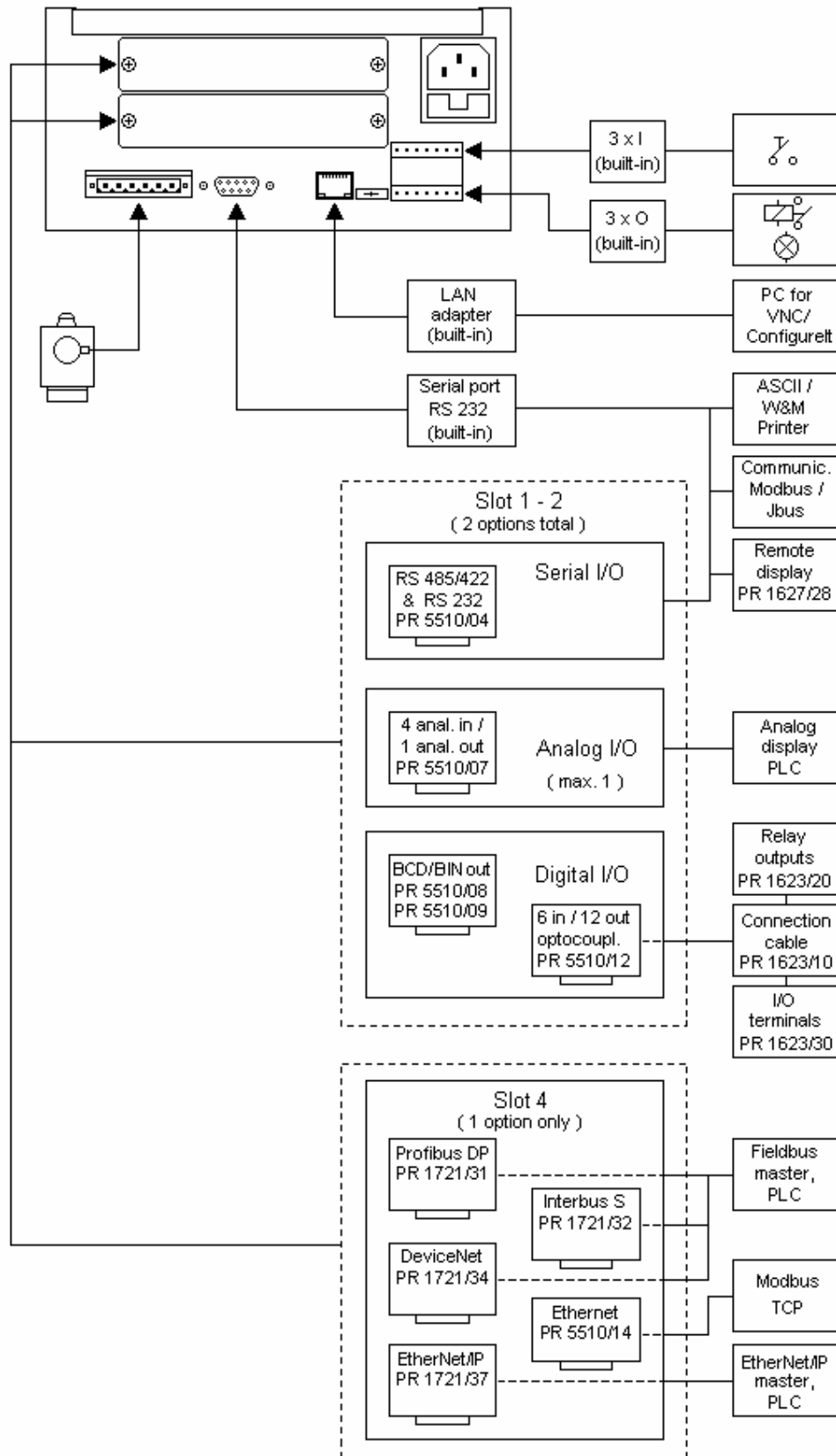
Execution message



Successful execution of an action is indicated by a checkmark.

The graphics are not always included when system messages are depicted in this manual.

2.3.6 Overview of Accessories



2.3.7 Plug-in Cards

On the main board, the PR 5410 Process Indicator can be fitted with up to 2 plug-in cards. Mounting different types of cards on Slots 1 and 2 is mandatory (exception: PR 5510/04)!
If a card is fitted on Slot 4, only one more card may be mounted on Slots 1 or 2.

| Product | Function | Position |
|--|--|-----------------|
| PR 5510/02 2 serial RS-232 interfaces | Protocols and parameters are adjustable via software. | Slot 1 or 2 |
| PR 5510/04 1 serial RS-232 interface and 1 serial RS-485/RS-422 interface. | The serial RS-485/-422 interface is configurable using DIL switches on the card. Protocols can be selected via software. | Slot 1 and/or 2 |
| PR 5510/07 1 analog output, 4 analog inputs | 16-bit analog output, 0/4 - 20 mA. Input: 4 channels with common ground, 3000 d resolution (max. 1 card) | Slot 1 or 2 |
| PR 5510/08 BCD output | Output: 5 decades + plus or minus sign or 3 bytes binary, open emitter. 1 input | Slot 1 or 2 |
| PR 5510/09 BCD output | Output: 5 decades + plus or minus sign, or 3 bytes binary, open collector. 1 input | Slot 1 or 2 |
| PR 5510/12 6 optocoupler inputs and 12 optocoupler outputs | Digital interfaces electrically isolated via optocouplers. Passive inputs and outputs. | Slot 1 or 2 |
| PR 5510/14 Ethernet | 10 / 100 Mbit/s Modbus TCP | Slot 4 |
| PR 1721/31 Profibus-DP slave | Profibus-DP to IEC 61158 with max. 12 Mbit/s | Slot 4 |
| PR 1721/32 Interbus-S slave | Interbus-S slave with up to 2 Mbit/s | Slot 4 |
| PR 1721/34 DeviceNet slave | DeviceNet slave with max. 500 kbit/s | Slot 4 |
| PR 1721/37 EtherNet/IP | 10 / 100 Mbit/s EtherNet/IP | Slot 4 |

For product details, see chapter 3.3.3 .

3 Installing the Instrument and Plug-in Cards

Before starting work, please read Chapter 1 and follow all instructions.

Further procedures:

- Check the consignment: unpack the components specific to the application.
- Safety check: inspect all components for damage.
- Make sure the on-site installation is correct and complete including cables, e.g. power cable fuse protection, load cells, cable junction box, data cable, console/cabinet, etc.
- Follow the instructions for installation of the unit relating to application, safety, ventilation, sealing and environmental influences).
- If necessary, mount the plug-in cards (instrument must be disconnected from all voltage sources).
- Connect the cable from cable junction box or platform/load cell.
- If applicable: connect other data cables, power cable, etc.
- Connect the instrument power cable.
- Check the installation.

3.1 MECHANICAL PREPARATION

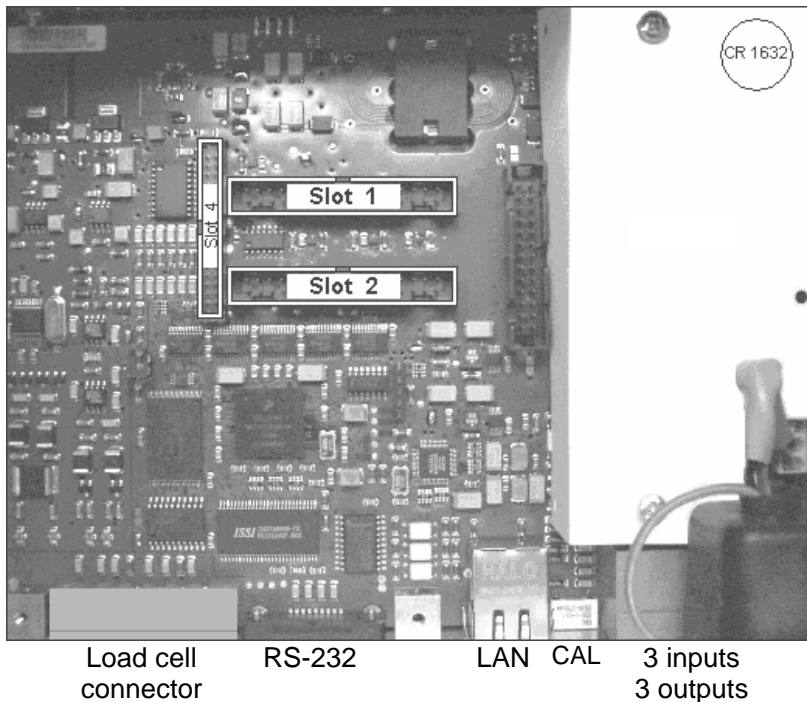
For cabinet or panel mounting, a corresponding cut-out for the housing must be provided (see Chapter 2.2).

Have all required parts, technical documents and tools at hand for mounting. Secure the cable at the place of installation; e.g., using cable ties. Remove the insulation from the cable ends, keep the strands short and fit them with ferrules.

3.2 HARDWARE CONSTRUCTION

The electronics are contained on two printed circuit boards: the main board and the display board. The display board is connected to the main board by a plug.

3.3 MAIN BOARD



The lithium battery (under the cover for the power supply) is always activated and energizes the calendar/clock module.

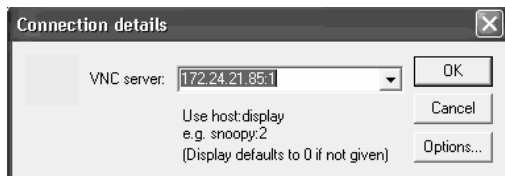
The main board holds the power supply and Slots 1, 2 and 4 for additional cards.

Load cell connector, serial interface, LAN adaptor, CAL switch as well as 3 inputs and outputs are accessible on the back panel.

3.3.1 Network Port

The network port is built in as standard equipment. The port contains powerful TCP/IP connection circuitry with transfer rates of 10 or 100 Mbit/sec. The LEDs on the connector indicate whether the port is functioning.

| | | |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|
| | Transfer rate: | 10 Mbit/s, 100Mbit/s, full / half duplex, auto-detection |
| | Connection method: | Point to point |
| | Cable: | CAT 5 patch cable, shielded twisted pair |
| | Cable impedance: | 150 ohms |
| | Electrical isolation: | Yes |
| | Cable length : | Max. 115 m |
| Connection : | | RJ-45 socket on back panel of housing |



Remote operation of the PR 5410 indicator from the PC is possible; install version 3.3.7 VNC program on the PC. For setting the network address, see Chapter 4.2.4.

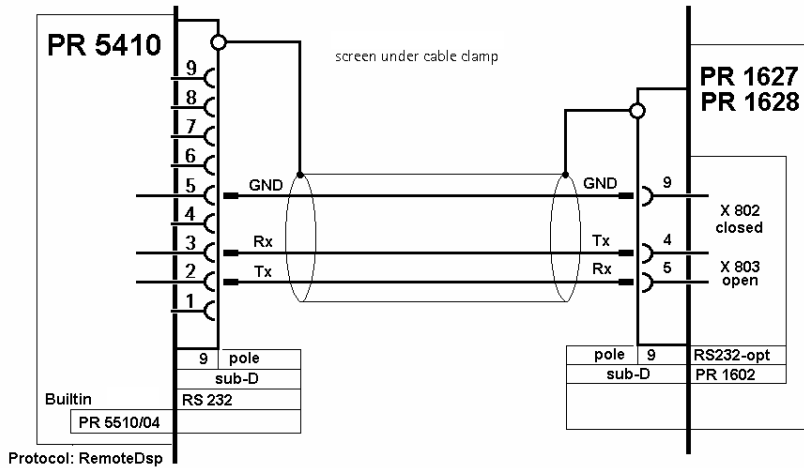
3.3.2 Standard RS-232 Interface

The instrument is provided with a built-in RS-232 interface that is accessible on the back panel of the housing. This interface is configurable, and can be used, for example, for data transmission to a remote display or a printer.

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------|
| | Number of channels: | 1 | |
| | Type: | RS-232, full duplex | |
| | Transfer rate: | 300 to 115K2 bit/s | |
| | Parity: | none, odd, even | |
| | Data bits: | 7 / 8 bits | |
| | Input signal level: | logic 1 (high) - 3 ... - 15 V logic 0 (low) + 3 ... + 15 V | |
| | Output signal level: | logic 1 (high) - 5 ... - 15 V logic 0 (low) + 5 ... + 15 V | |
| | Number of signals: | 2 output signals (TXD, RTS) 2 input signals (RXD, CTS) | |
| | Electrical isolation: | none | |
| | Cable type: | shielded twisted pair (e.g. LifYCY 3x2x0,20), 1 pair of wires for GND | |
| Connection: | 9-pin D-Sub socket (female) | Cable length: | max. 15 m |

Connecting a Remote Display / Remote Terminal

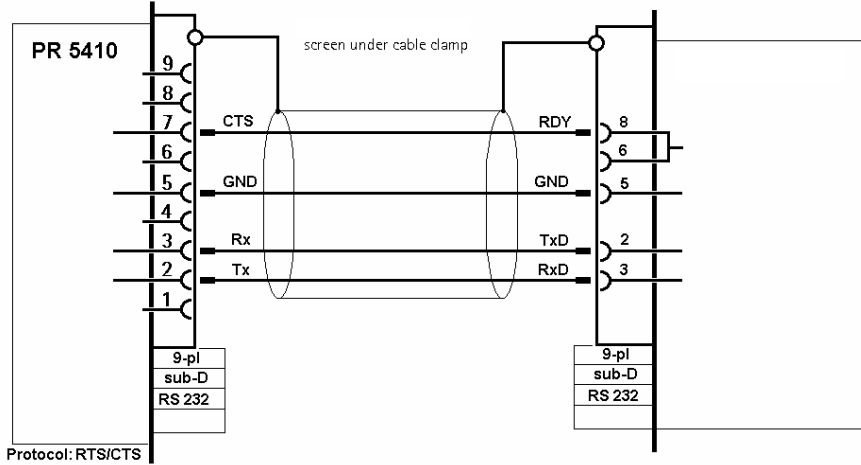
A PR 1627 remote display or a PR 1628 remote terminal can be connected to the built-in RS-232 interface [Builtin RS232] or to the PR 5510/04 card.



Press -[Serial ports parameters]-[Remote display]-[Builtin RS232]-[Param] and select [Baudrate] 4800. The baud rate now corresponds to the default settings of PR 1627 or PR 1628. The following settings cannot be changed: [Bits] 7, [Parity] even and [Stopbits] 1. If only one instrument is connected to a PR1627/8, [Mode] must be [single transmitter]. When connecting several instruments to a PR 1628 via an RS-232/RS-485 converter, selection for display on PR 1628 is possible using addresses. For this purpose, select [multiple transmitters] as [Mode] in all instruments, enter the instrument address under [Device Id] and the address of the subsequent instrument under [Next Device Id].

Connecting a YDP12IS or YDP04IS Ticket Printer

The ticket printer YDP12IS-OCEUV or YDP04IS-OCEUV can be connected via [Builtin RS232] interface or the RS-232 on card PR 5510/04.



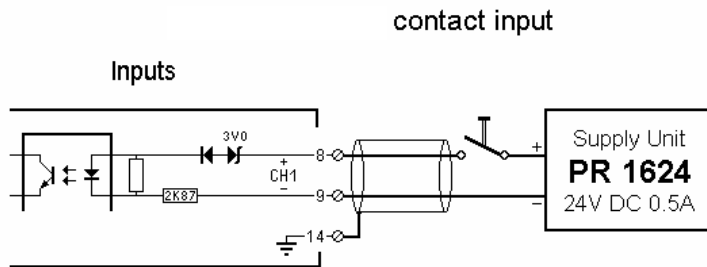
If the printer is connected to the [Builtin RS232] port:
 Press -[Serial ports parameter]-[Printer]-[Builtin RS232]-[Param] and configure the following settings under [Protocol]: [RTS/CTS], [Baudrate]: 9600, [Bits]: 8, [Parity]: [none], [Stopbits]: 1 and [Output mode]: [Raw].
 The printer must be set to Line Mode (factory setting: Page Mode). Press the 'FEED' button to change modes; please refer to the installation instructions delivered with the printer.

3.3.3 Optocoupler Inputs

The main board has 3 digital inputs for process control, electrically isolated by optocouplers, each bipolar potential-free.

| | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| | Number of inputs: | 3 (CH1, CH2, CH3) |
| | Input signal: | Logic 0: 0 to 5 VDC or open Logic 1: 10 to 31 VDC Passive, external supply required |
| | Input current: | < 7 mA @ 24 V < 3 mA @ 12 V Protected against incorrect polarity |
| | Electrical isolation: | Yes, via optocoupler |
| | Connection: | Plug-in 7-pin screw terminal block, cable shield connected to housing (terminal 14), max. 1.5 mm ² cable. |
| | Cable: | Shielded, max. 50 m |

Example: connection of a contact input

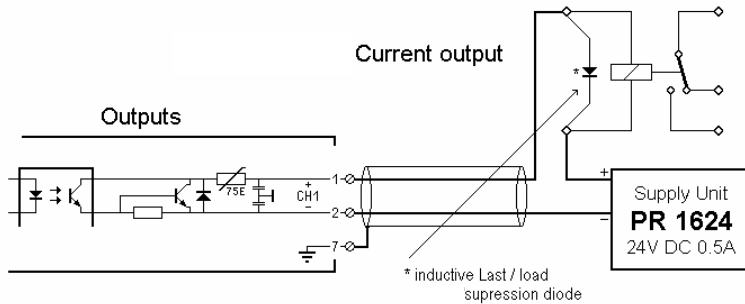


3.3.4 Optocoupler Outputs

The main board has 3 digital outputs for process control, electrically isolated by optocouplers, each bipolar potential-free.

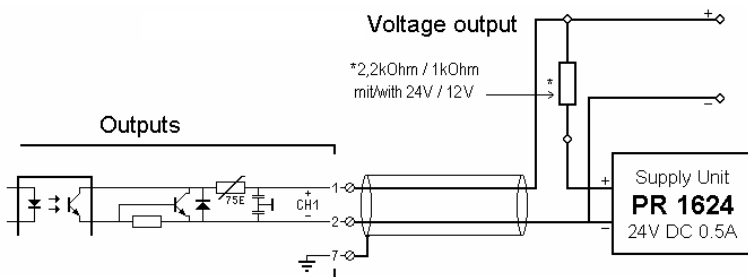
| | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| | Number of outputs: | 3 (CH1, CH2, CH3) |
| | Output: | Max. switching voltage: 31 VDC, Protected against incorrect polarity Max. switching current: 25 mA Voltage drop @ 25 mA: 3 V Passive, external supply required |
| | Electrical isolation: | Yes, via optocouplers |
| | Connection: | Plug-in 7-pin terminal block, cable shield connected to housing (terminal 7), max 1.5 mm ² cable |
| | Cable: | Shielded, max. 50 m |

Example: connection of relay control



The relay switches, when the output is active (true). For protection of the output circuit, relays with free-wheel diode must be provided.

Example: connection of voltage output



When the output is active (true), the output voltage goes from 24 V / 12 V to < 3 V . The load resistance must be 2.2 kohms / 1 kohm.

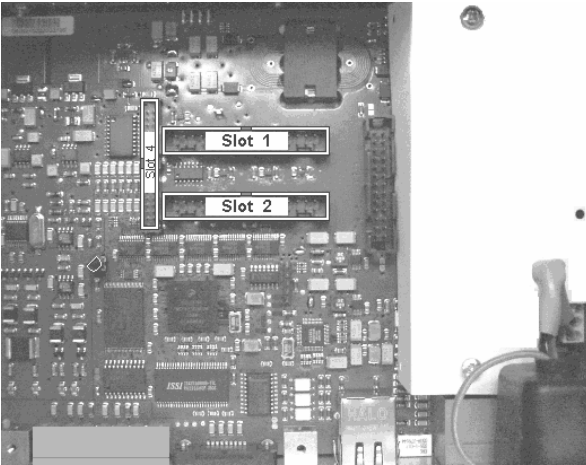
3.4 ACCESSORIES

3.4.1 Installing Plug-in Cards

The main board has two slots with identical pin allocation (34 contact pins in two rows of 17) and another slot (34 contact pins in two rows of 17) for plug-in cards. The slot designations are "Slot 1 ... 2" and "Slot 4" (left). Up to 2 cards can be mounted. Accordingly, the back panel is provided with two cut-outs for the retainer plates of the cards.



Before installing or removing a plug-in card, disconnect the instrument from all voltage sources.

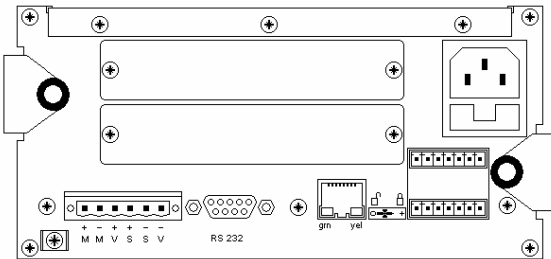


View from above, back panel connectors at the bottom

Installation (Slots 1-2, 4):

The flat cables plug into connectors (Slots 1 ... 2, 4) on the main board. The cables are polarized; i.e. incorrect polarity is precluded.

A description and examples of the various cards and connections are given in Chapter 3.3.3 .



View from the back

Remove the dummies from the back panel (2 screws; M3) and replace them with the retainer plates for the plug-in cards.

The flat-cable connectors must be inserted into the corresponding slots on the main board.

After installation/modification, the plug-in cards are detected automatically.

To view a list of the installed plug-in cards, select -[Show HW-slots]:

| Info/HW-Slots | | |
|---------------|---------|-------------|
| | Builtin | RS 232 |
| ▶ Slot 1 | PR | RS 485/232 |
| | 5510/04 | |
| ▶ Slot 2 | | -empty- |
| ▶ Slot 3 | Builtin | Digital I/O |
| ▶ Slot 4 | PR | Profibus-DP |
| | 1721/31 | |

Built-in serial interface

Slots (Slot 1 and 2) are identical

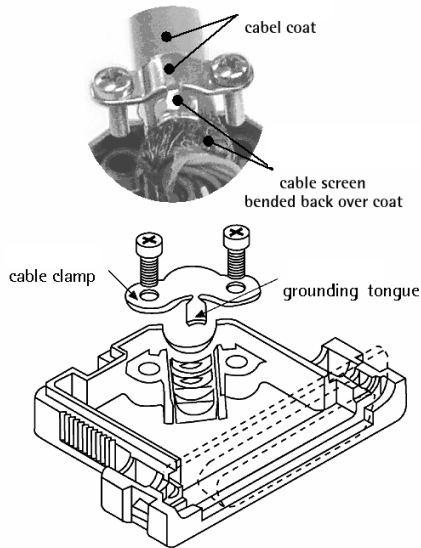
Built-in digital I/Os

Only Fieldbus cards

3.4.2 Cable Connection in the D-Sub Connector Mating Plug

The connections on the back panel are plug-in type. Keep the conductors as short as possible and connect them to the terminals. The connector housings are conductive (metallized), i.e., part of the shield, and must be fastened to the back panel by screws.


Mounting a cable:

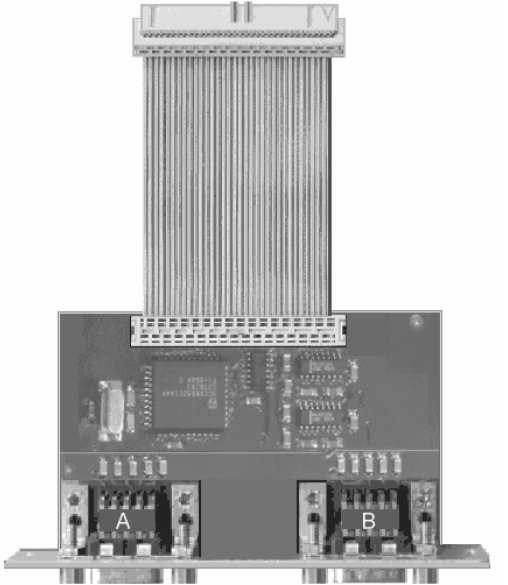

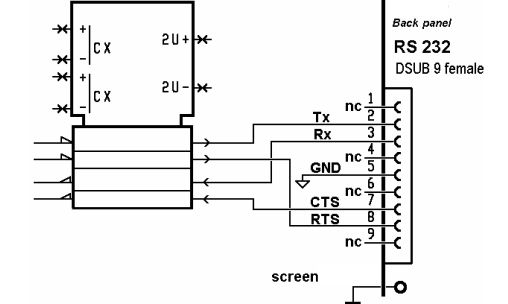


- Open the connector housing (catches)
- Release and open the cable clamp
- Remove approx. 50-60 mm of the cable insulation
- Shorten the shield to 5 mm and bend it over the cable sheath
- Remove 3mm wire insulation and connect it by soldering
- Insert the pin unit
- Put the cable under the cable clamp
The grounding tongue presses on the shield bent backwards; the clamp presses on the cable sheath
- Close and tighten the cable clamp
- Check the strain relief
- Insert the mounting screws on both sides
- Close the connector housing (catches)

The shields must be connected to the metal housings on both ends of the cable.

3.4.3 PR 5510/02 Serial I/O

The plug-in card contains two RS-232 channels (A and B), which can be used simultaneously and independently. Max. 2 PR 5510/02 cards can be plugged in (Slot 1 ... 2). The relevant interface parameters are adjustable in  [Serial ports parameter], no additional settings on the card are required.


| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|----------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------|---------------|------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|---|----------------------|----|---------------|----------|-------------|---|
|  <p style="text-align: center;">RS-232 A RS-232 B</p> | <table border="1"> <tr><td>Internal connection:</td><td>34-pole connector socket</td></tr> <tr><td>Number of channels:</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>Type:</td><td>RS 232, full duplex</td></tr> <tr><td>Transfer rate:</td><td>300 to 19k2 bits/sec</td></tr> <tr><td>Parity:</td><td>No, odd, even</td></tr> <tr><td>Data bits:</td><td>7 / 8 Bit</td></tr> <tr><td>Signals RS 232:</td><td>Output: TX, RTS Input: RX, CTS</td></tr> <tr><td>Input signal level:</td><td>logic 1 (high) - 3 ... - 15 V logic 0 (low) + 3 ... + 15 V</td></tr> <tr><td>Output signal level:</td><td>logic 1 (high) - 5 ... - 15 V logic 0 (low) + 5 ... + 15 V</td></tr> <tr><td>Potential isolation:</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr><td>Cable length:</td><td>max. 15m</td></tr> <tr><td>Cable type:</td><td>twisted pairs, screened (e.g. LifYCY 3x2x0,20), 1 conductor pair for GND.</td></tr> </table> | Internal connection: | 34-pole connector socket | Number of channels: | 2 | Type: | RS 232, full duplex | Transfer rate: | 300 to 19k2 bits/sec | Parity: | No, odd, even | Data bits: | 7 / 8 Bit | Signals RS 232: | Output: TX, RTS Input: RX, CTS | Input signal level: | logic 1 (high) - 3 ... - 15 V logic 0 (low) + 3 ... + 15 V | Output signal level: | logic 1 (high) - 5 ... - 15 V logic 0 (low) + 5 ... + 15 V | Potential isolation: | No | Cable length: | max. 15m | Cable type: | twisted pairs, screened (e.g. LifYCY 3x2x0,20), 1 conductor pair for GND. |
| Internal connection: | 34-pole connector socket | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of channels: | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type: | RS 232, full duplex | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfer rate: | 300 to 19k2 bits/sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parity: | No, odd, even | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Data bits: | 7 / 8 Bit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Signals RS 232: | Output: TX, RTS Input: RX, CTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Input signal level: | logic 1 (high) - 3 ... - 15 V logic 0 (low) + 3 ... + 15 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Output signal level: | logic 1 (high) - 5 ... - 15 V logic 0 (low) + 5 ... + 15 V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potential isolation: | No | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cable length: | max. 15m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cable type: | twisted pairs, screened (e.g. LifYCY 3x2x0,20), 1 conductor pair for GND. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | <table border="1"> <tr><td>External connection:</td><td>2x D-Sub 9-pole socket (female)</td></tr> </table> | External connection: | 2x D-Sub 9-pole socket (female) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| External connection: | 2x D-Sub 9-pole socket (female) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | <table border="1"> <tr><td>Accessories (delivered with the unit):</td><td>2x connector counterpart D-Sub 9-pin (male) incl. screening hoods</td></tr> <tr><td>Dimensions: (LxWxH):</td><td>86 x 52 x 15 mm</td></tr> <tr><td>Weight:</td><td>appr. 30 g</td></tr> </table> | Accessories (delivered with the unit): | 2x connector counterpart D-Sub 9-pin (male) incl. screening hoods | Dimensions: (LxWxH): | 86 x 52 x 15 mm | Weight: | appr. 30 g | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accessories (delivered with the unit): | 2x connector counterpart D-Sub 9-pin (male) incl. screening hoods | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dimensions: (LxWxH): | 86 x 52 x 15 mm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Weight: | appr. 30 g | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

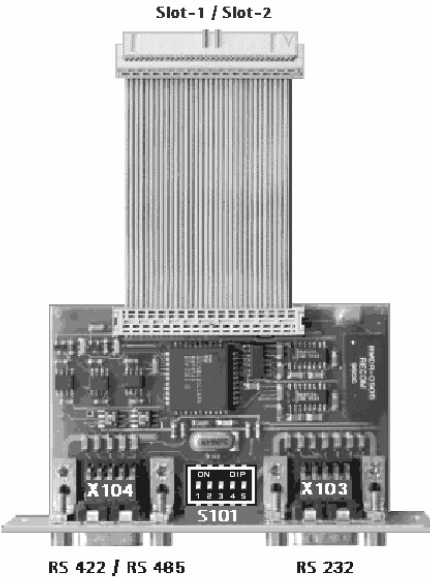

The RS-232 can only be used as point to point connection. A max. cable length of 10-15m must not be exceeded.

The PR5510/02 and the 'Builtin' comply with the standard pin allocation, i.e. they are equal in the connecting diagrams. Accordingly, the RS232 connections are described only for the Builtin Interface in this manual (see chapter 3.3.2).

3.4.4 PR 5510/04 Serial I/O

The plug-in card has two channels (1x RS-232 and 1x RS-422/485), which can be used simultaneously and to a great extent independently. The RS-422/485 interface is electrically isolated. Up to 2 PR 5510/04 cards (Slot 1 and 2) can be plugged in. The relevant interface

parameters can be configured under -[Serial ports parameter]; the DIL switch S101 must be set for RS-422/485 additionally.

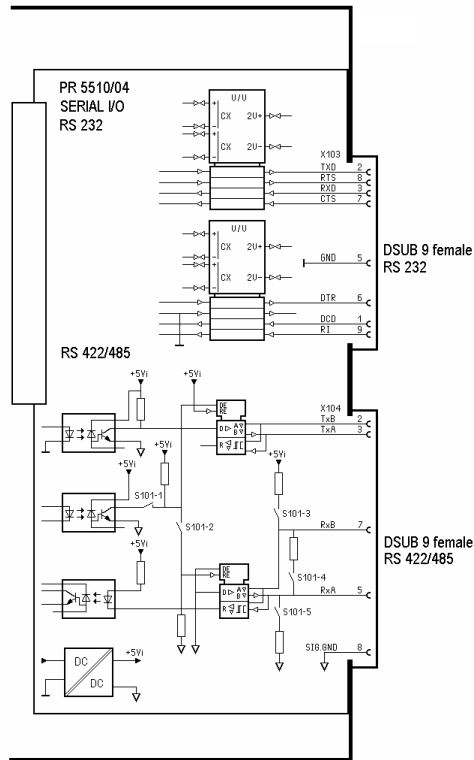
| | | |
|--|--|--|
|  <p style="text-align: center;">Slot-1 / Slot-2</p> <p style="text-align: center;">RS 422 / RS 485 RS 232</p> | Internal connection: | 34-contact socket terminal strip |
| | Number of channels: | 1x RS-232, 1x RS-422/485 |
| | Type: | RS-232 full duplex RS-422/485 full duplex (4-wire) * RS-485 half duplex (2-wire) * |
| | Transfer rate: | 300 to 19k2 bit/s |
| | RS-232C (V24) signals: | Output: TXD, RTS, DTR Input: RXD, CTS, DCD, RI |
| | RS-422/485 signals: | TxA, RxA, TxB, RxB |
| | Electrical isolation: | RS-232: no, RS-422 / 485: yes |
| | Cable length: | Max. 15m with RS-232 Max. 1000 m with RS-422 / 485 |
| | Cable type: | Shielded twisted pair (e.g., LifYCY 3x2x0,20), 1 conductor pair for GND. |
| | External connection: | 2 D-Sub 9-contact female connectors |
|  <p style="text-align: center;">RS 422/485 RS232</p> | Accessories (delivered with the unit): | 2 D-Sub 9-pin mating plugs (male) incl. shielded housing |
| | Dimensions: (LxWxH): | 86 x 52 x 15 mm |
| | Weight: | 33 g |

PR 5510/04 RS-232

The RS-232 interface is independent of the S101 switch settings. It can be used only for point-to-point connection.

PR 5510/04 is provided as an equivalent to the [Builtin RS-232] interface in the RS-232 channel with additional signals: DCD, DTR, RI.

The built-in and PR 5510/04 interfaces comply with the standard pin allocation; i.e., they are equivalent in the following connecting diagrams. Thus only the RS-232 connections for the built-in interface are described in this manual (see Chapter 3.3.2).

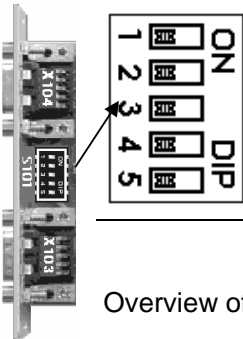


PR 5510/04 RS-422/485

When mounting, the RS-485/422 interface must be configured by DIL switch S101 on the card. Using RS-485 is compulsory with a multi-point connection (tristate status). The RS-485 interface can be used also for point-to-point connection. Like 2-wire or 4-wire connections, this is dependent on the other communicating units.

A 2-wire connection is half-duplex and cannot send and receive simultaneously. It requires corresponding driver programming (see relevant instrument manual).

| Factory setting | Switch S101 | Settings for RS-422/ 485 | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | 1: Tristate enable: | OFF – RS-422 | ON – RS-485 |
| | 2: Rx enable | OFF – 4-wire | ON – 2-wire |
| | 3: Rx pull-up resistor: | OFF – not connected | ON - (RxB 1k54 +V) |
| | 4: Rx bus termination: | OFF – not connected | ON - (RxA 205E RxB) |
| | 5: Rx pull-down resistor: | OFF – not connected | ON - (RxA 1k54 -V) |

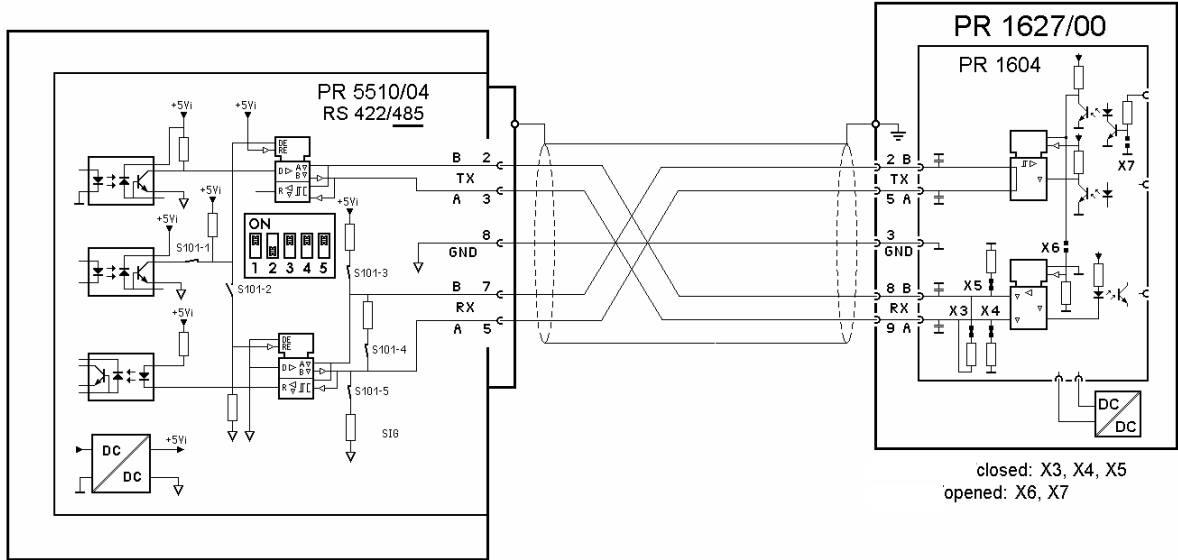


Overview of which switches must be closed (ON) for which mode:

| S101 | Two-wire system | | Four-wire system | |
|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| | Point to point | Bus | Point to point | Bus |
| Master | RS-485 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 = on | RS-485 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 = on | RS-422 4 = on | RS-422 3, 4, 5 = on |
| Individual slave | RS-485 1, 2 = on | - | RS-422 4 = on | - |
| Other slaves | - | RS-485 1, 2 = on | - | RS-485 1 = on (default) |
| Last slave | - | RS-485 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 = on | - | RS-485 1, 3, 4, 5 = on |

Connecting a PR 1627 Remote Display over RS-485

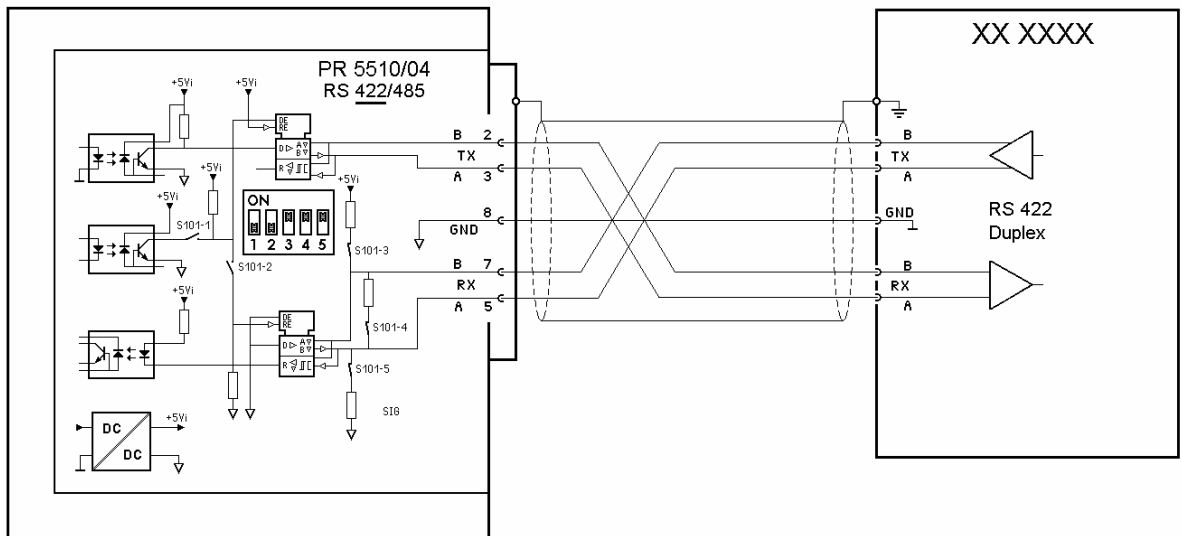
Four-wire transmission, point to point, full duplex (simultaneous sending and receiving possible) with PR 1627/00 remote display.



Configuration: [Serial ports parameter]-[Remote display]-[Slot1/2-RS-485]

RS-422 Point-to-Point Connection (Four-Wire)

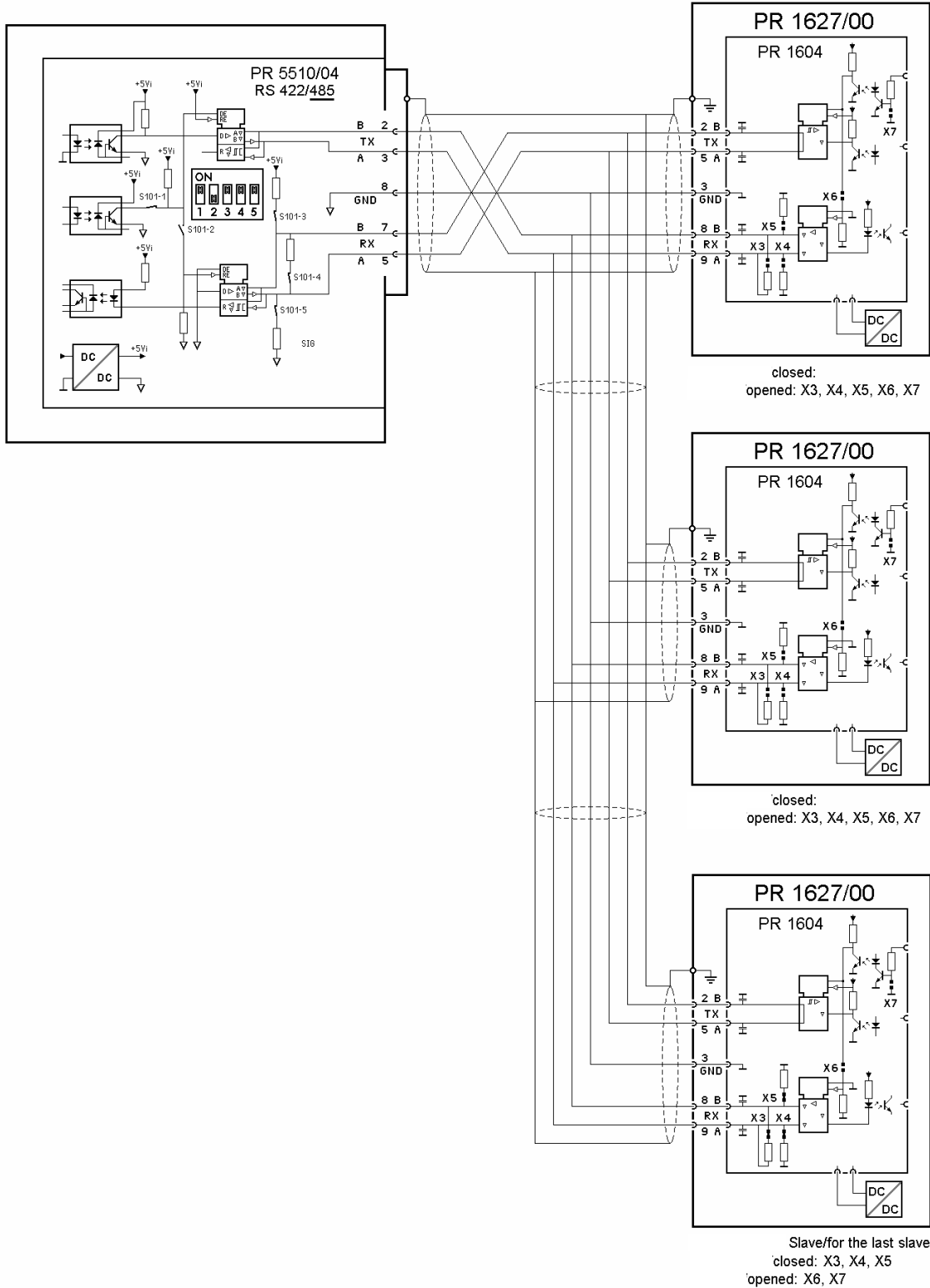
Four-wire transmission: full duplex (simultaneous sending and receiving possible)
RS-422 can be used only for point-to-point connection.



Configuration: [Serial ports parameter]-[.....]-[Slot1/2-RS-485]

Connecting Several PR 1627 Remote Displays over RS-485

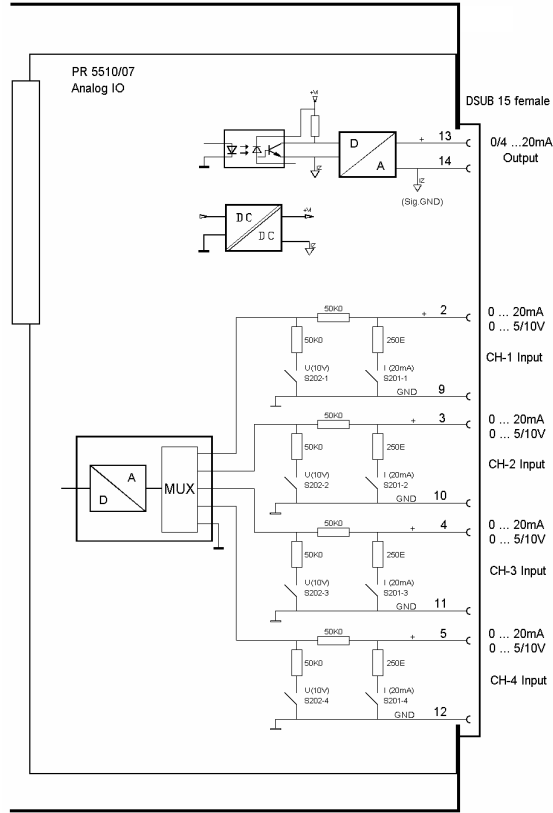
Connection of several PR 1627 remote displays over RS-485, four-wire, full-duplex (simultaneous sending and receiving possible):

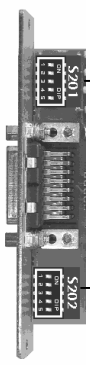



3.4.5 PR 5510/07 Analog Input/Output Card

The plug-in card with 15-contact D-Sub socket for the analog channels is configured as 1 analog output (active) and 4 analog inputs. The analog inputs are not supported by the standard instrument.

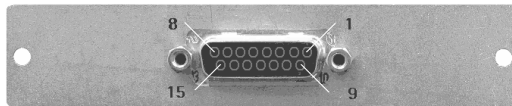
| | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | Internal connection: | 34-contact connector socket on flat cable for Slot 1, 2 |
| | Number of outputs: | 1 active current output: 20mA, 10V output voltage via external 500 ohm resistor |
| | Output assignment: | Gross / net / display following, configurable |
| | Output range: | 0/4 ... 20mA, configurable |
| | Output resolution: | 16 bits binary, 20,000 internal counts @ 20 mA |
| | Output linearity error: | @ 0 - 20mA: 0.04 % @ 4 - 20 mA: 0.02 % |
| | Output temperature effect: | < 100 ppm/K |
| | Output zero error: | 0.05 % |
| | Max. output error: | < 0.1 % |
| | Load: | Max. 0 ... 500 ohms |
| | External connection: | 15-contact D-Sub female connector |
| | Accessories: | 15-pin D-Sub male connector |
| Dimensions: (LxWxH): | 86x53x16mm | Inputs: 4 channels current or voltage input 0 ... 20 mA, input resistance 250 ohms 0 ... 10 V, input resistance 100 kohms 0 ... 5 V, input resistance >10 Mohms Input resolution: 3,000 internal counts corresponding to e.g. 0 - 20 mA / 0 ... 10 V Input accuracy: 0.2 % Input, linearity error: < 0.03 % Input temperature effect: < 50 ppm/K Input, reserve: +- 15%, i.e. -1.5V ... +11.5V Electrical isolation: Output: yes, inputs: no |
| Weight: | 40g | |



| Signal selection | Channel | Current 0...+ 20mA DC | Voltage 0...+ 10V DC | Voltage 0...+ 5V DC |
|---|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
|  1 ON 2 ON 3 ON 4 ON 5 ON | S201 | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | CH2 | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | CH3 | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | CH4 | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | ---- | ---- | ---- | ---- |
|  1 ON 2 ON 3 ON 4 ON 5 ON | S202 | OFF | ON | OFF |
| | CH2 | OFF | ON | OFF |
| | CH3 | OFF | ON | OFF |
| | CH4 | OFF | ON | OFF |
| | ---- | ---- | ---- | ---- |
| Input resistance | | 250 ohms | 100 kohms | > 10 Mohms |

Pin allocation of rear socket (for installation, see Chapter 3.4.1)

D-Sub 15



| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Input (PIN) 4 channels | 2 + CH1 | 9 GND | 3 + CH2 | 10 GND | 4 + CH3 | 11 GND | 5 + CH4 | 12 GND |
|---------------------------|------------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|

| | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Output (PIN) 1 channel | 13 + 0/4 ... 20 mA | 14 Sig GND |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|

3.4.6 PR 5510/08 BCD Output (Open Emitter)

The plug-in card is used for BCD-coded output of a 5-decade weight value. Cyclical output of the weight value with 4-bit (plus or minus sign, stability, error). The value is intrinsically consistent and can be output continuously or the digital input DATA_IN control can be used to freeze (hold) the value.

| | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | Internal connection: | 34-contact female connector on flat cable for Slot 1, 2 | |
| | Number of outputs: | 5 digits BCD + plus or minus sign | |
| | Number of inputs: | Input: 1 bit (DATA IN) | |
| | Output stage: | Common collector at +Uext., open emitter | |
| | External supply: | +5 V ... +24 VDC | |
| | Voltage drop: | Approx. 1.7 V | |
| | Output current: | Max. 50 mA | |
| | Enable input: | 5 V / 24 V adjustable via S101 @ 5 V high > 3.1 V, low < 1.5 V @ 24 V high > 16 V, low < 10V protected against incorrect polarity | |
| | Cable: | Shielded, max. 50 m | |
| | Electrical isolation: | No | |
| | External connection: | 26-contact D-Sub connector (female) | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH): | 60x106x22 | Accessories (delivered with the unit): | 26-pin D-Sub mating plug (male) incl. shielded housing |
| Weight: | 55 g | | |

Before installing the card, set switches S101 and S102; see Chapter 0.

Outputs

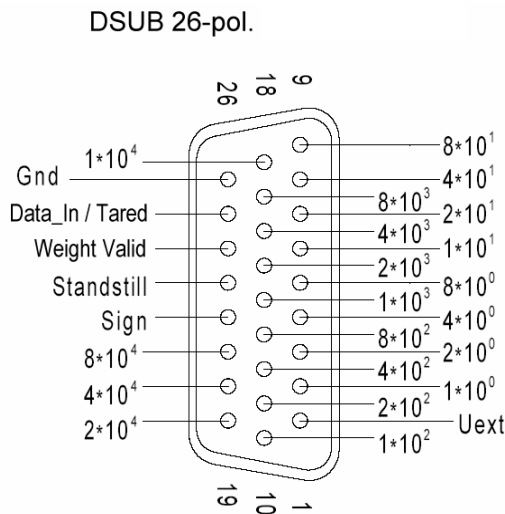
The PR 5510/08 outputs (pins 2 - 24) use common supply voltage at the collector as reference potential and open emitter outputs. A non-activated output has high impedance, and an active output has a voltage by approximately 1.7 V lower than the supply voltage. The load to be connected is applied between the output (pins 2 ... 24, 25*) and GND (pin 26).

Input

When using as DATA_IN, the input (pin 25) can control the 23 outputs. As an output, data is "continuous/hold/tristate" and its signal can be configured (TTL/24V active (high/low)). It is applied to pin 25 – DATA_IN of the 26-pin connector and is effective only with DIL switch S101-1 = OFF and S101-2 = ON.

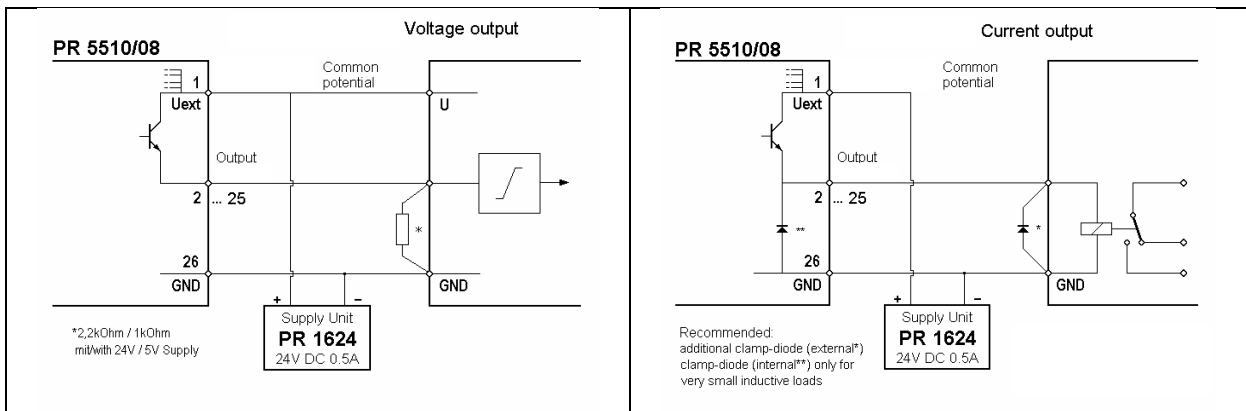
The meaning of switches is given in the table in Chapter 0.

PR 5510/08 connector pin allocation:



BCD output for the weight value

Output circuitry



Output Modes

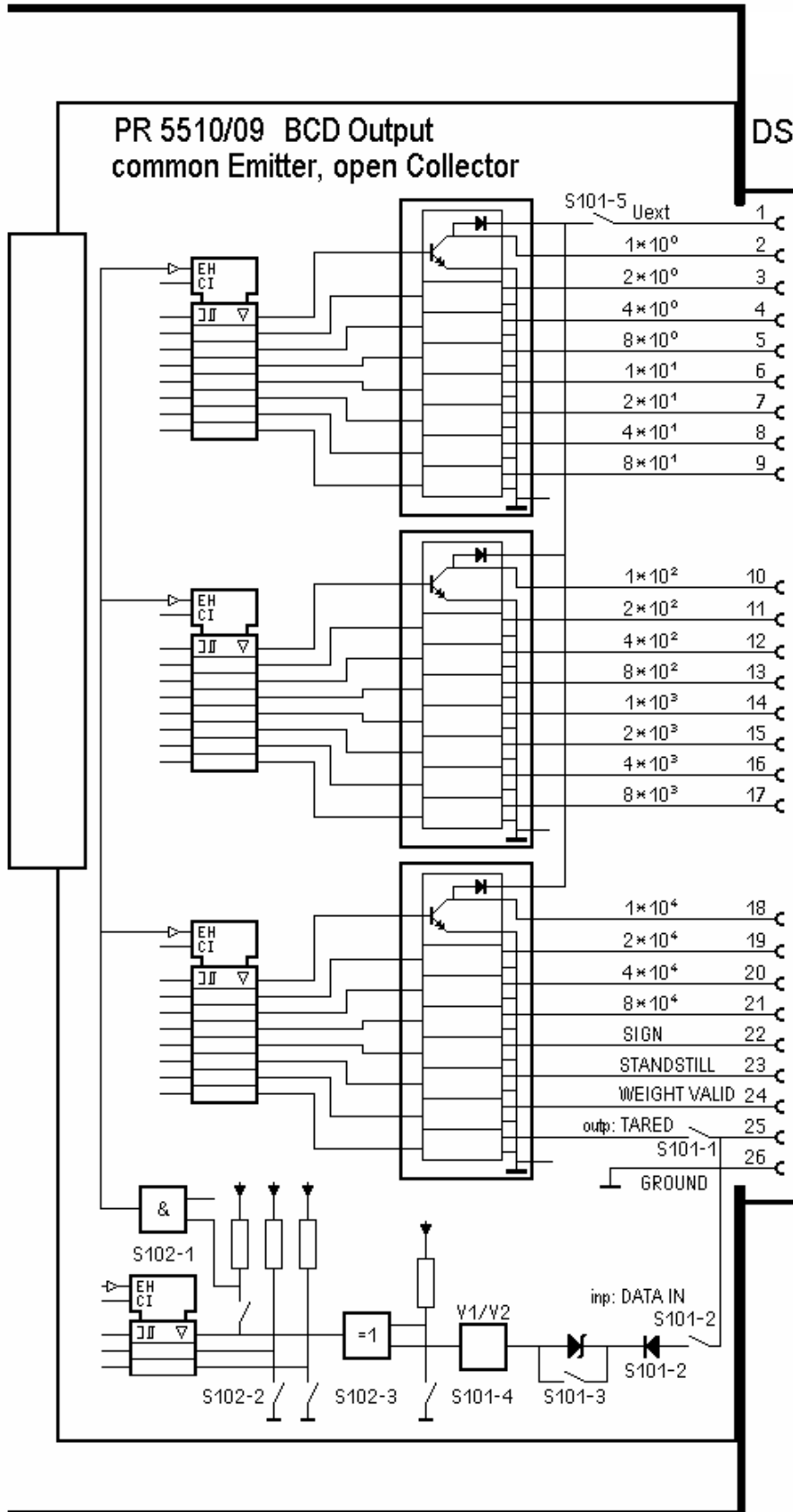
The output modes are identical with the PR 5510/09 card; see Chapter 0

3.4.7 PR 5510/09 BCD Output (Open Collector)

The plug-in card is used for BCD-coded output of a 5-decade weight value. Cyclical output of the weight value is with 4-bit corresponding status (polarity sign, stability, error). The value is intrinsically consistent and can be output continuously or the digital input DATA_IN control can be used to freeze (hold) the value.

| | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | Internal connection: | 34-contact female connector on flat cable for Slot 1, 2 | |
| | Number of outputs: | 5 digits BCD + plus or minus sign | |
| | Number of inputs: | Input: 1 bit (DATA IN) | |
| | Output stage: | Common emitter at GND, open collector | |
| | External supply: | +5 V ... +24 VDC | |
| | Voltage drop: | Approx. 0.9 V | |
| | Output current: | Max. 50 mA | |
| | Enable input: | 5 V / 24 V adjustable via S101 @ 5 V high > 3.1 V, low < 1.5 V @ 24 V high > 16 V, low < 10V protected against incorrect polarity | |
| | Cable: | Shielded, max. 50 m | |
| Electrical isolation: | No | | |
| | External connection: | 26-contact D-Sub connector (female) | |
| Dimensions: (LxWxH): | 60x106x22 | Accessories (delivered with the unit): | 26-pin D-Sub mating connector (male) incl. shielded housing |
| Weight: | 55 g | | |

Before installation, set the switches S101 and S102 as given in Chapter 0.



External supply voltage is required : pin 1 - Uext, reference potential pin 26 – GND

Outputs

PR 5510/09 outputs (pins 2 ... 24) use common GND as a reference potential and open collectors. A non-activated output has high impedance, and an active output has a voltage by approximately 0.9 V higher than GND.

The load to be connected is applied between the collector [pins 2 ... 24,(25*)] and Uext [PIN 1].

Input

When using as DATA_IN, the input (pin 25) can control the 23 outputs. As an output, data is “continuous/hold/tristate” and its signal can be configured (TTL/24V active (high/low)). It is applied to pin 25 – DATA_IN of the 26-pin connector and is effective only with DIL switch S101-1 = OFF and S101-2 = ON.

Meaning of Switches S101 and S102

| | | | | Fact. sett. | S101 | -1 | -2 | -3 | -4 | -5 |
|-------------------|----------|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | <i>for:</i> | <i>OU</i> | <i>IN</i> | <i>Leve l</i> | <i>Leve l</i> | <i>Diod e</i> |
| As INPUT | DATA_IN | 5V | Active HIGH | Pin 25 | OFF | ON | ON | ON | | x |
| As INPUT | DATA_IN | 5V | Active LOW | Pin 25 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | | x |
| As INPUT | DATA_IN | 24V | Active HIGH | Pin 25 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | | x |
| As INPUT | DATA_IN | 24V | Active LOW | Pin 25 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | | x |
| Free-wheel diode* | internal | | | | | | | | | ON |
| Free-wheel diode* | internal | | | | | | | | | OFF |

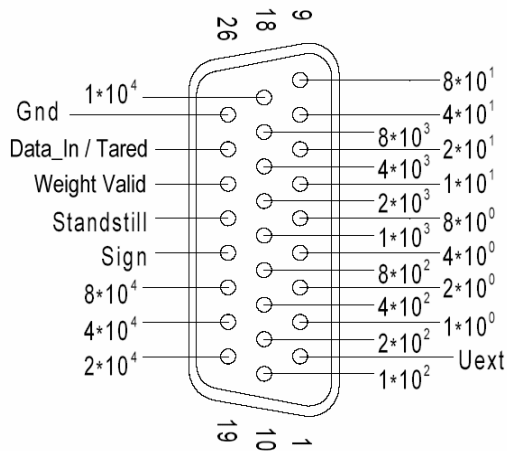
| | | | | Fact. sett. | S102 | -1 | -2 | -3 | -4 | -5 |
|-------------|---------|----------|--------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----|----|
| | | | | | <i>for:</i> | <i>Func tion</i> | <i>Func tion</i> | <i>Func tion</i> | - | - |
| Pin25 INPUT | DATA_IN | follow | hold | Pin 2...24 | OFF | OFF | ON | | x | x |
| | DATA_IN | tristate | follow | Pin 2...24 | ON | ON | OFF | | x | x |
| | DATA_IN | tristate | hold | Pin 2...24 | ON | ON | ON | | x | x |

Signal level:

| DATA IN | | Logic level | I input |
|---------|-----------|-------------|---------|
| high | 5 V mode | > 3.1 V | 0.5 mA |
| low | 5 V mode | < 1.5 V | 0.3 mA |
| high | 24 V mode | > 16 V | 1.0 mA |
| low | 24 V mode | < 10 V | 0.5 mA |

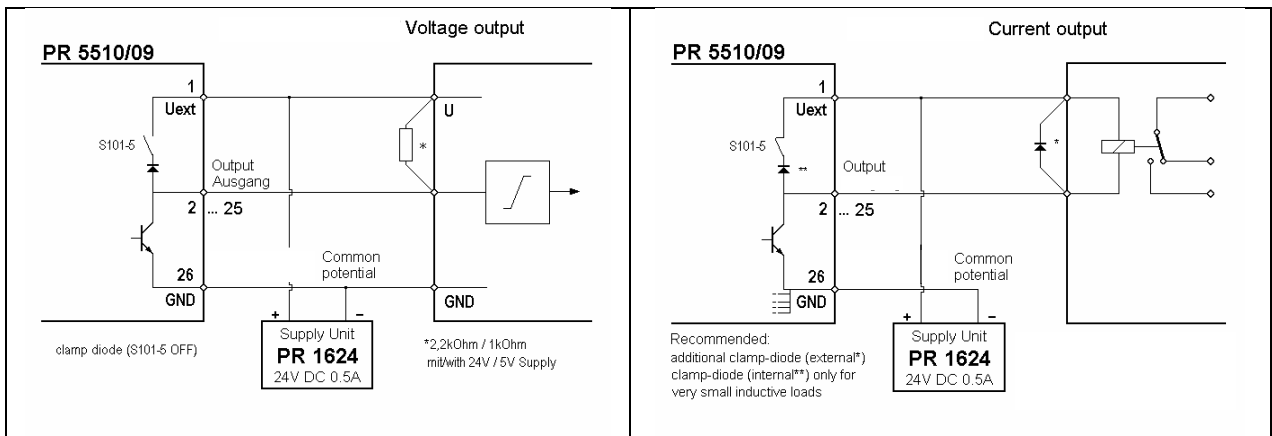
PR 5510/09 connector, pin allocation:

DSUB 26-pol.



BCD output for weight value

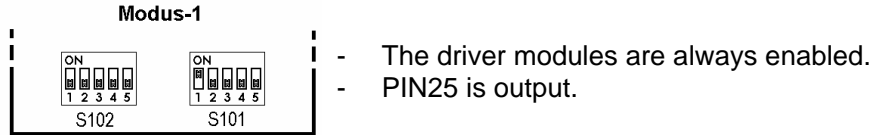
Output circuitry



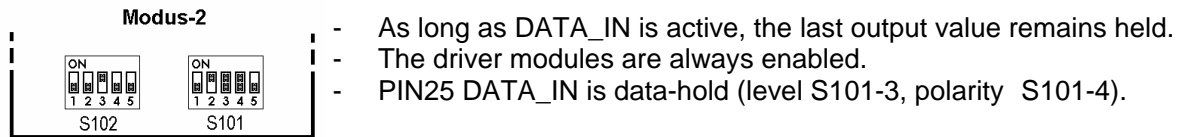
Output Modes

In all modes, data is output with each internal PLC cycle.

Mode 1 : Continuous data output (follow), no DATA_IN:
 Continuous output of consistent data without request, e.g. for remote display.



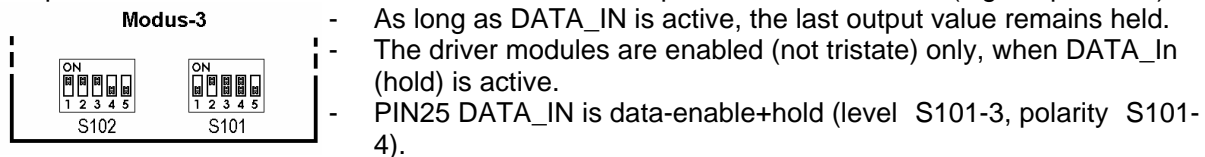
Mode 2: Data output on external request DATA_IN (hold):
 Output of consistent data in "held" condition on request, otherwise continuous.



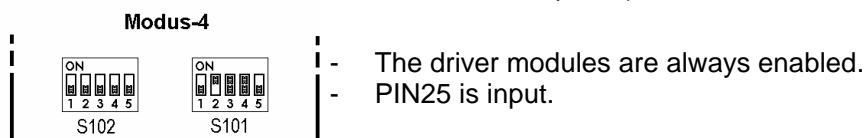
Note:

Data might be transferred internally (data modification) in the output memory at the same time the external request signal changes from "Data hold" to "Data valid". In this case, the reading instrument must wait 100 µs, until the data is considered valid.

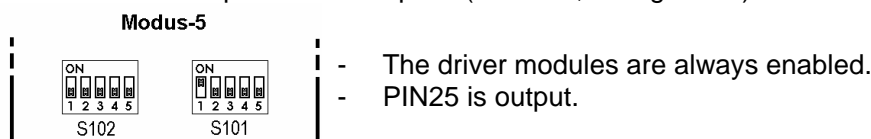
Mode 3 : Parallel bus system (tristate), external request DATA_IN (hold):
 Parallel connection of n PR 5510/09 cards, controlled via the DATA_IN (tristate/hold) input.
 Output of the consistent data in "held" condition on request, otherwise tristate (high-impedance).



Mode 4 : Continuous single-bit output (23xDA), DATA_IN (1xDE):
 Continuous bit output, continuous, without request (1xIN, 23xOUT, configurable).



Mode 5 : Continuous single-bit output (24xDA), no DATA_IN:
 Continuous bit output without request (24xOUT, configurable).

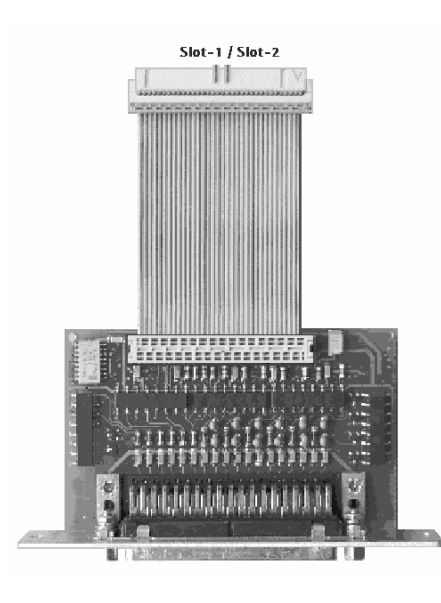



3.4.8 PR 5510/12 6 Optocoupler Inputs / 12 Optocoupler Outputs

The card converts external binary process signals to internal signal levels and vice versa.

12 digital outputs for process control, electrically isolated with passive optocoupler outputs, each bipolar potential-free.

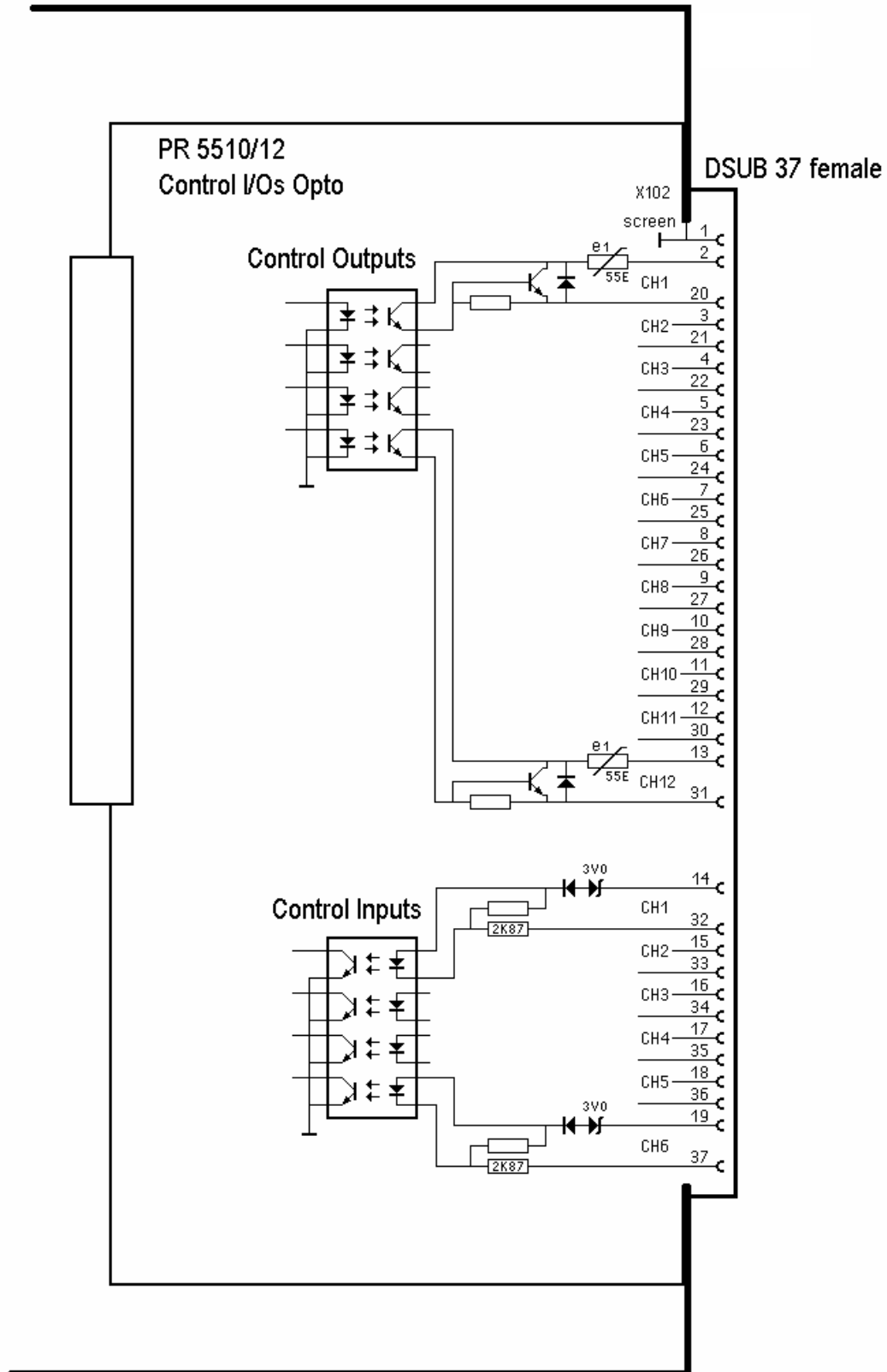
6 digital inputs for process control, electrically isolated via optocouplers, each bipolar potential-free. The input signal is logical "0" with open input.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
|  | Internal connection: | 34-contact female connector for Slot 1, 2 |
| | Number of inputs/outputs: | Inputs: 6 , outputs: 12 |
| | Input signal: | Low: 0 ... 5 VDC or open High: 10 ... 31 VDC Passive, external supply required |
| | Input current: | < 7 mA @ 24 V < 3 mA @ 12 V Protected against incorrect polarity |
| | Output: | Max. switching voltage: 32 VDC Max. switching current : 25 mA Voltage drop @ 25 mA: 3 V Protected against wrong polarity Passive, external supply required |
| | Electrical isolation: | Yes, via optocoupler |
| | Cable: | Shielded, max. 50 m |
| Accessories (delivered with the unit): | 1 DB37 mating plug (male) incl. shielded housing | |
|  | External connection: | 26-contact D-Sub connector (female) |
| Dimensions (LxWxH): | 60 x 106 x 22 | Accessories: PR 1623/10 4m connecting cable PR 1623/20 relay output terminal unit PR 1623/30 terminal I/O module |
| Weight: | 70 g | |

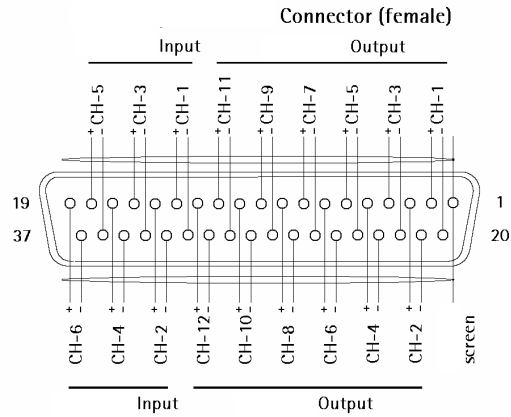
The card has independently from the slot position a fixed signal allocation.

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Output, bit 1 | DIMM (Weight below zero or above Max) |
| Output, bit 2 | Weight within zero set range |
| Output, bit 3 | Output limit 1 |
| Output, bit 4 | Output limit 2 |
| Output, bit 5 | Weight within 1/4 around zero |
| Output, bit 6 | Scale error (ADC Error) |
| Output, bit 7 - 12 | Not used |

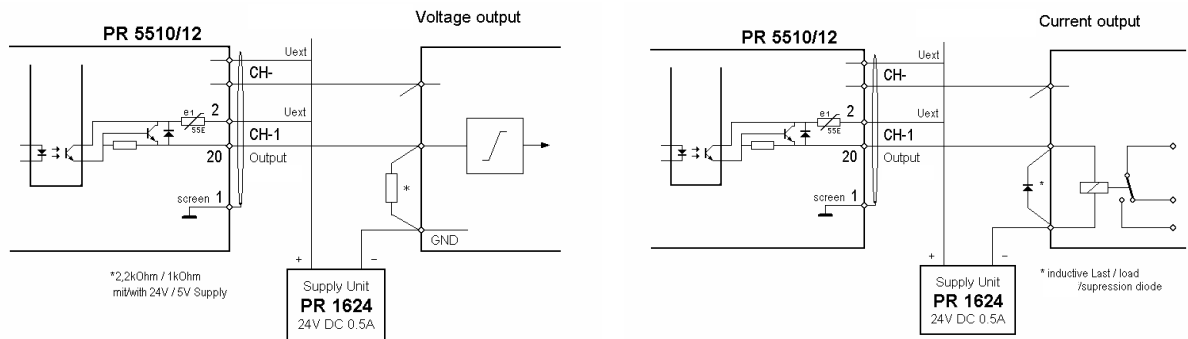
| | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Input, bit 1 | Set tare / reset tare, positive edge |
| Input, bit 2 | Print command, positive edge |
| Input, bit 3 - 6 | Not used |



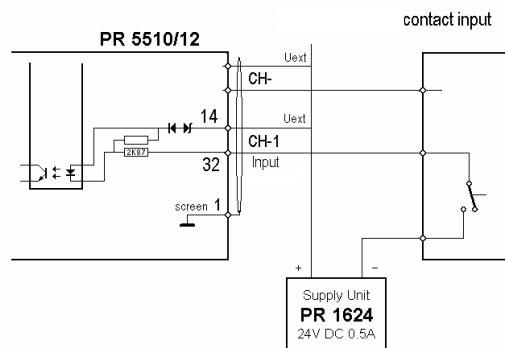
Passive; external supply voltage required (I/O channels potential-free, no common reference)



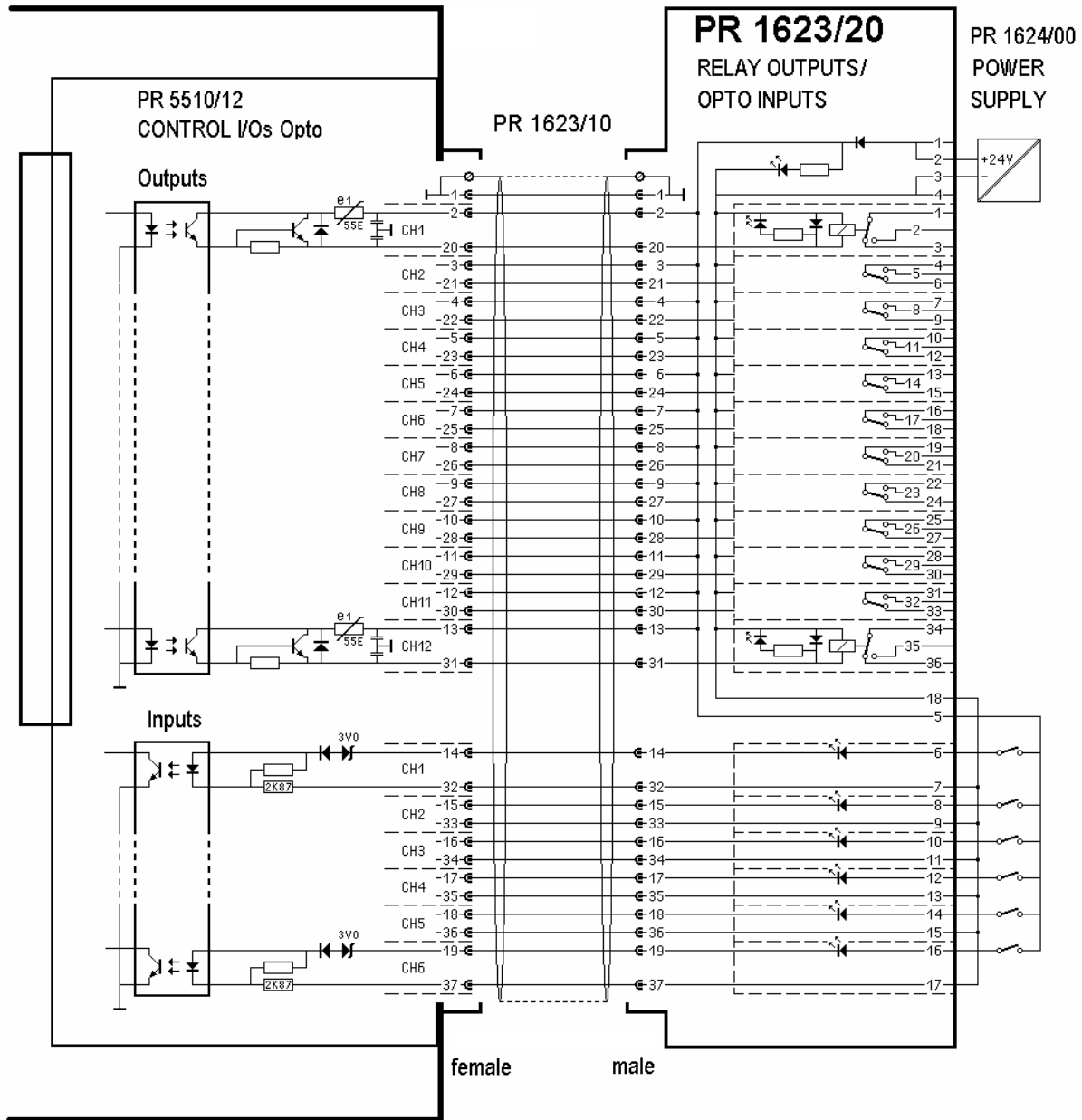
Output circuitry



Input circuitry

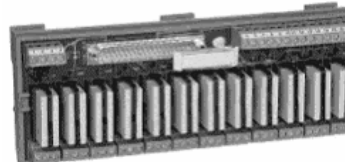


Circuit diagram: PR 5510/12 – PR 1623/10 – PR 1623/20

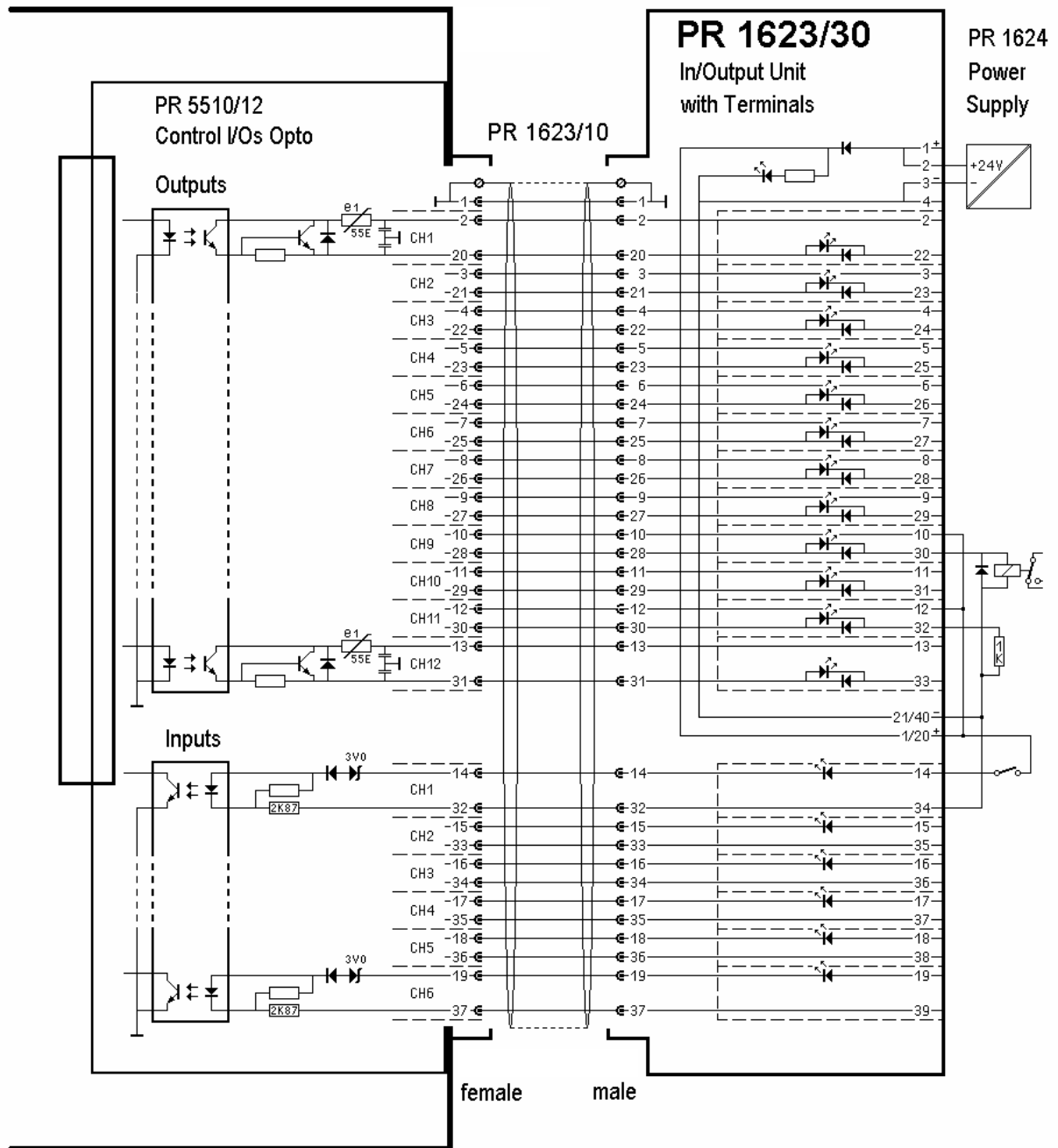


PR 1623/10

PR 1623/20



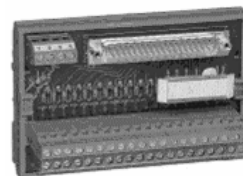
Circuit diagram: PR 5510/12 – PR 1623/10 – PR 1623/30



PR 1623/10



PR 1623/30



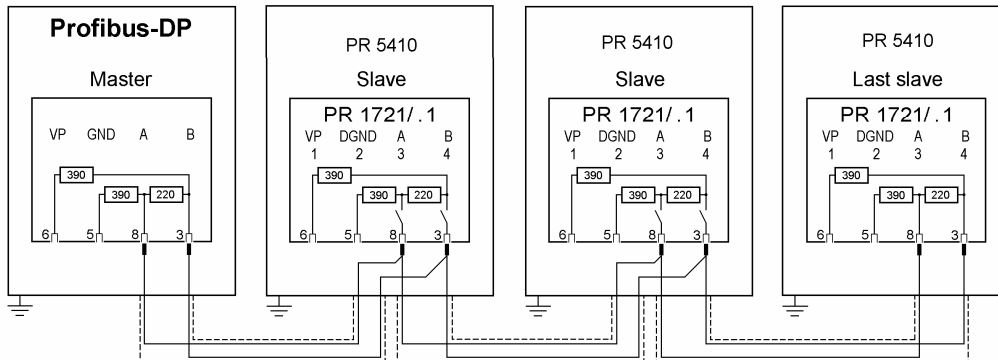
3.4.9 PR 1721/31 Profibus Interface

Profibus interface PR 1721/31 is a plug-in card for mounting in Slot 4; see Chapter 3.4.1. Communication protocols and syntax comply with the Profibus-DP standard to IEC 61158, with transfer rates up to 12 Mbit/s.

| | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| | Internal connection: | 34-pin connector on flat cable for Slot 4 | |
| | External connection: | 9-contact D-Sub socket ② in retainer plate | |
| | | | |
| | Transfer rate: | 9.6 kbit/s to 12 Mbit/s, baud rate auto-detection | |
| | Connection mode: | Profibus network, connections can be made/released without affecting other stations | |
| | Protocol: | PROFIBUS-DP-V0 slave to EN 50 170 (DIN 19245), mono or multi-master systems are supported. Master and slave devices, max. 126 nodes possible. Watchdog timer | |
| | Transport: | EIA RS-485 , Profibus DIN 19245 Part 1 | |
| | Cable: | Special Profibus color: violet Shielded twisted pair cable | |
| | Cable impedance: | 150 ohms | |
| | Bus termination | Can be activated externally via DIL-switch | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH): | 87 x 55 x 15 mm | Certificates: | Profibus test center Comdec in Germany and PNO (Profibus User Organization). Suitable for industrial applications to CE, UL and cUL |
| Weight: | 125 g | Electrical isolation: | Optocoupler in lines A and B (RS-485) |
| | | Cable length: | Max. distances 200m can be extended with 1.5 Mbit/s by means of additional repeater. |

Make sure the two rotary switches ④ are set to position 0. The terminating resistors can be switched on and off by pressing switch ③ .

Connecting diagram for a master with three slaves

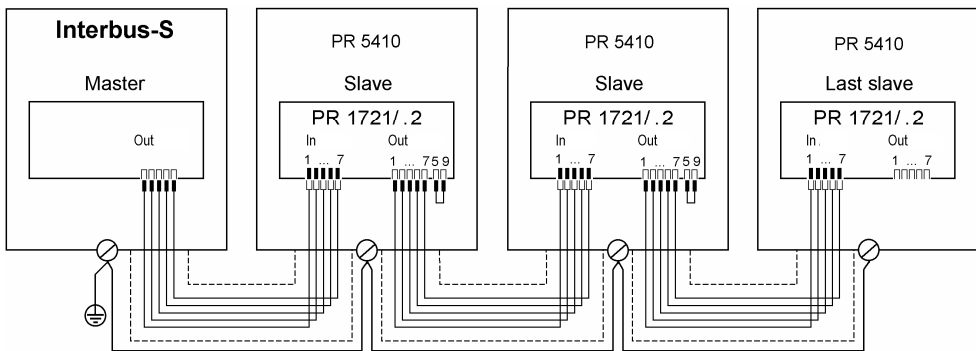


3.4.10 PR 1721/32 Interbus Interface

The Interbus interface PR 1721/32 is a plug-in card for installation in Slot 4; see Chapter 3.4.1. The interface is based on the Interbus chip technology and enables transfer rates of 500 kbit/s and 2 Mbit/s.

| | | |
|---------------------|--|---|
| | Internal connection: | 34-pin connector on flat cable, only for Slot 4 |
| | External connection: | Standard IBS 9-contact D-Sub socket OUT and D-Sub plug IN in retainer plate |
| | | |
| | Transfer rate: | 500 kbit/s or 2 Mbit/s, selectable |
| | Topology: | Bus as a closed ring |
| | Protocol: | INTERBUS-S master-slave fixed telegram length, deterministic cyclical process data transmission with max. 10 words I/O. |
| | Transport: | EIA RS-422, cable-bound |
| | Cable: | Interbus, color: green 3x2 twisted pairs, common shield |
| | Cable impedance: | 150 ohms |
| | Lead termination: | Not required, due to active ring topology |
| Certificates: | From Interbus Club e.V.: Compatibility with Interbus standard IEC 61158 (Parts 3 to 6) EN 50254 (DIN 19258) Suitable for industrial applications CE, UL & cUL | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH): | 87 x 55 x 15 mm | Electrical isolation: Yes, optocoupler and DC/DC converter |
| Weight: | 125 g | Cable length: 400m (between two remote bus sharing units). Overall length: 13 km |

With Bus OUT 3, 5 and 9 must be bridged if another slave follows.



Connecting diagram for a master with three slaves.

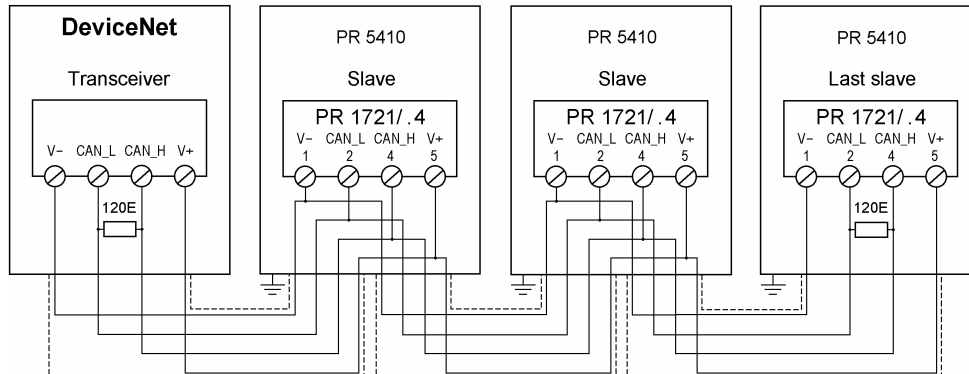
3.4.11 PR 1721/34 DeviceNet Interface

DeviceNet interface PR 1721/34 is a plug-in card for installation in Slot 4; see Chapter 3.4.1. It is a complete DeviceNet adaptor (slave) with CAN controller and transfer rates of up to 500 kbit/s.

| | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | Internal connection: | 34-pin connector on flat cable, only for Slot 4 | |
| | External connection: | 5-pin screw terminal block ② (plug-in) in retainer plate | |
| | | | |
| | Transfer rates: | 125, 250 and 500kbit/s | |
| | Topology: | Parallel bus | |
| | Protocol: | DeviceNet master-slave Polling method (polled IO) CRC error detection to IEC 62026 (EN50325) Max. 64 station nodes Max. data width 512 bytes input&output | |
| | Transport: | EIA RS-485 | |
| | Configuration: | EDS file (PR 1721/34-specific) MAC-ID (1...62) | |
| | Certificates/ conformity: | Compatible with DeviceNet specification Vol. 1: 2.0, vol. 2: 2.0 ODVA certificate in accordance with conformity test software version A-12 Suitable for industrial applications CE, UL & cUL | |
| | Cable: | DeviceNet, color: petrol-green 2x2 shielded twisted pair | |
| Cable impedance: | 150 ohms | | |
| Bus termination: | 120 ohms at the cable ends | | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH): | 87 x 55 x 15 mm | Bus load: | 33mA |
| Weight: | 125 g | Electrical isolation: | Yes, optocoupler and DC/DC converter |

Make sure DIP switches 1- 8 ③ are set to ON.

Connecting diagram for a master with three slaves



3.4.12 PR 1721/37 EtherNet/IP Schnittstelle

The EtherNet/IP interface is a plug-in card for installation in Slot 4, see chapter 3.4.1. The card is fitted with a standard RJ-45 socket for Ethernet connection and contains a powerful TCP/IP and EtherNet/IP connecting circuitry with transfer rates of 10 and 100Mbps/s.

| | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| | Internal connection: | ① 34-pin connector on flat cable for Slot-4 |
| | External connection: | ② RJ-45 connecting socket in holding plate |
| | | |
| | Transfer rate: | 10Mbit/sec and 100Mbit/sec Autodetection (10/100, HalfDX/FullDX) |
| | Connection mode: | Network |
| | Protocol: | EtherNet/IP |
| | Transport: | TCP/IP oder UDP/IP |
| | Cable: | Twisted pairs, screened e.g. patch cable CAT5 Autolink (straight oder crossover) |
| | Cable impedance: | 150 Ohm |
| | Cable length to HUB: | Max. 115 m |
| Certificates: | EtherNet/IP Specification ODVA File No. 10286 Test Date: 06.09.2005 Vendor ID 90 See also: www.odva.org Tested according to: CE, UL & cUL | |
| Potential isolation: | Yes | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH): | 87 x 55 x 15mm | |
| Weight: | 125 g | |

The EtherNet/IP card is supported from PR 5410 Firmware Release 1.30 onwards. The IP-Address and the Subnet-Mask are set at Fieldbus parameter FP 96 und 97 (see chapter 4.7.7 and **Error! Reference source not found.**).

⚠ Take care, that switches 1 - 8 are set to (OFF)

| | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Off | No connection (HW) | No power | No power o. No IP Address | |
| On green | Connection (HW) | Controlled by a scanner | Online, connection established | |
| On red | | Major unrecoverable fault | IP Address double, fatal error | |
| Flasching green | | Not configured o. scanner in idle state | Online, no connection established | packet is received or transmitted |
| Flashing red | | Minor recoverable fault | Connection timeout | |
| Alternat. red/green | | Self test in progress | Self test in progress | |

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| | Watchdog LED |
| Flashing 1Hz green | Modul initialized and running without problems |



| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Flashing 2Hz green | Modul not initialized |
| Flashing red | RAM, ROM or ASIC test error |

3.4.13 PR 5510/14 ModBus TCP Interface

The Ethernet interface PR 5510/14 is a plug-in card for installation in Slot 4, Chapter 3.4.1. The card is fitted with a standard RJ-45 socket for Ethernet connection. It contains powerful TCP/IP and ModBus TCP connecting circuitry with transfer rates of 10 and 100Mbps/s.

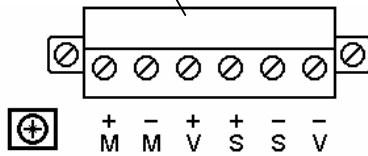
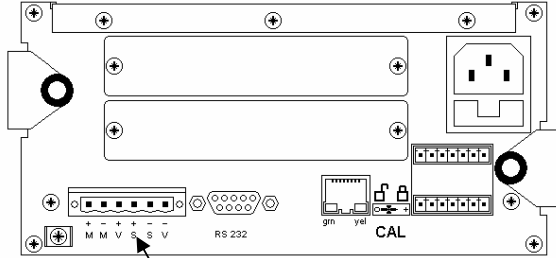
| | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Internal connection: | ① 34-pin connector on flat cable for Slot-4 |
| | External connection: | ② RJ-45 connecting socket in holding plate |
| | | |
| | Transfer rate: | 10Mbps/sec (10BaseT , Ethernet) and 100Mbps/sec (100BaseTx, Fast Ethernet) Auto-detection (10/100, HalfDX/FullDX) |
| | Connection mode: | Network |
| | Protocol: | ModBus-TCP |
| | Transport: | TCP/IP or UDP/IP |
| | Certificates: | Compatible with ModBus-TCP standard of ModBus organization suitable for industrial applications CE, UL, cUL |
| | Cable: | Twisted pairs, screened e.g. patch cable CAT5 Autolink (straight or crossover) |
| | Cable impedance: | 150 Ohm |
| Cable length to HUB: | Max. 115 m | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH): | 87 x 55 x 15mm | Potential isolation: Yes |
| Weight: | 125 g | |

Application: ModBus TCP as a Fieldbus interface
 The IP-Address and the Subnet-Mask are set at Fieldbus parameter FP 96 und 97. (see chapter 4.7.7 and **Error! Reference source not found.**)

| | |
|--|---|
| | ⚠ Take care, that switches 1 - 8 are set to (OFF) |
|--|---|

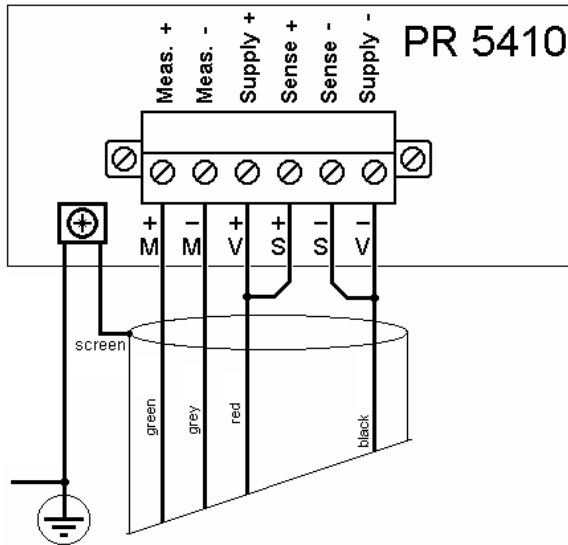
3.5 CONNECTING LOAD CELLS

Load cells or analog platforms (e.g., from the CAPP series) can be connected. The supply voltage is protected from short circuit and overload. The card is fitted with a solder link (factory setting: closed; see Chapter 3.5.5), which should be opened only when the supply voltage and thus also the sense voltage are reduced to below approx. +/- 4 VDC.



| Terminal block | Connection | Description |
|----------------|------------|---------------------|
| +M | + meas. | + signal/LC output |
| - M | - meas. | - signal/LC output |
| +V | + supply | + supply/excitation |
| +S | + sense | + sense |
| - S | - sense | - sense |
| - V | - supply | - supply/excitation |
| Housing | GND | shield/ground |

3.5.1 Connecting a Load Cell with 4-Wire Cable



Provide links between + supply and + sense and between - supply and - sense directly at the terminal block.



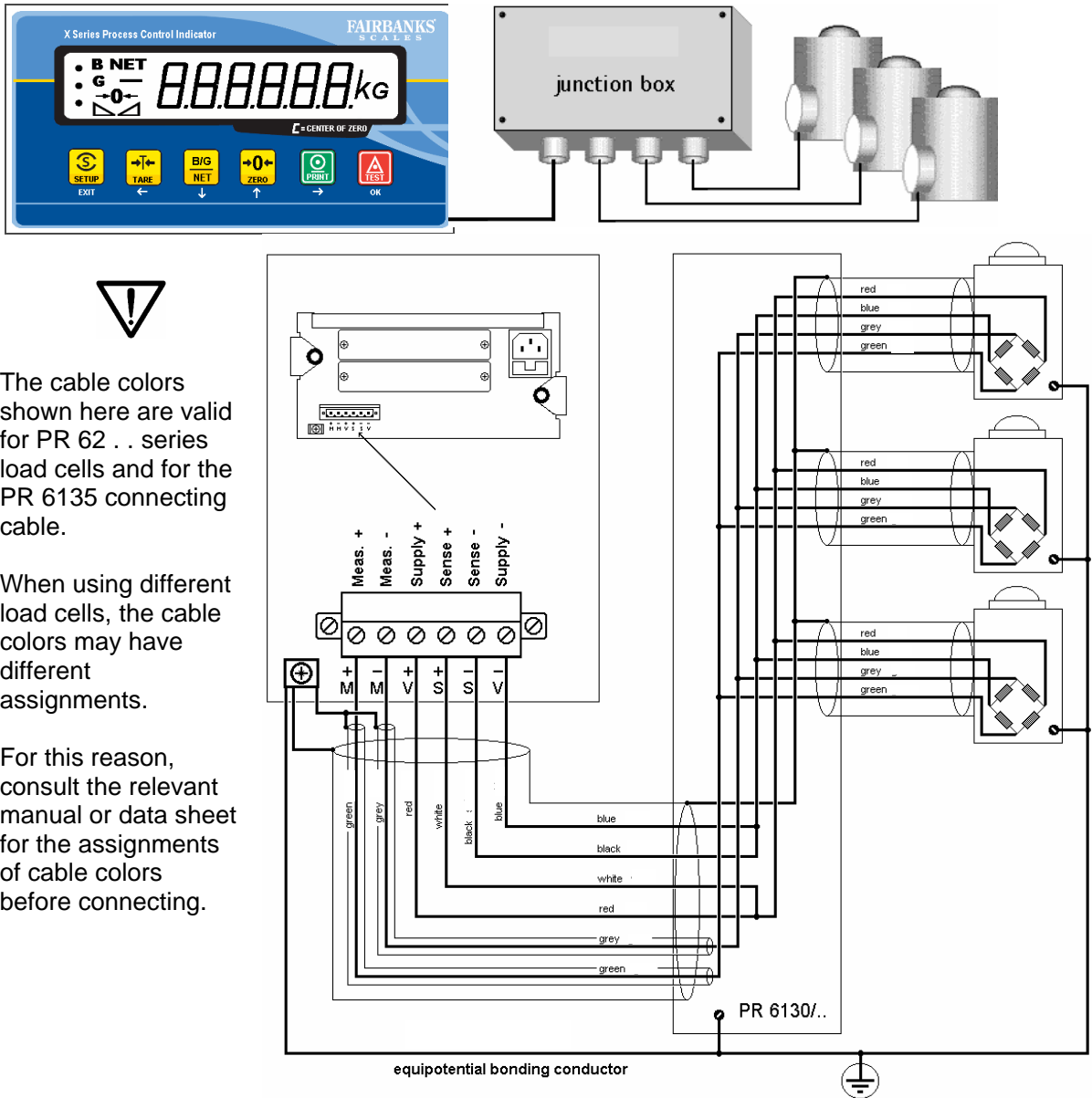
The cable colors shown above are applicable to the PR 62.. series load cells. Before connecting, check the assignment of cable colors in the load cell manual.

3.5.2 Connecting PR 6221 Load Cells

See PR 6021/08, -/68 operating manual.

3.5.3 Connecting up to 8 Load Cells (650 Ohms) Using 6-Wire Connecting Cable

Via cable junction box PR6130/.. using PR 6135 or PR6136 connecting cable:



The cable colors shown here are valid for PR 62 . . series load cells and for the PR 6135 connecting cable.

When using different load cells, the cable colors may have different assignments.

For this reason, consult the relevant manual or data sheet for the assignments of cable colors before connecting.

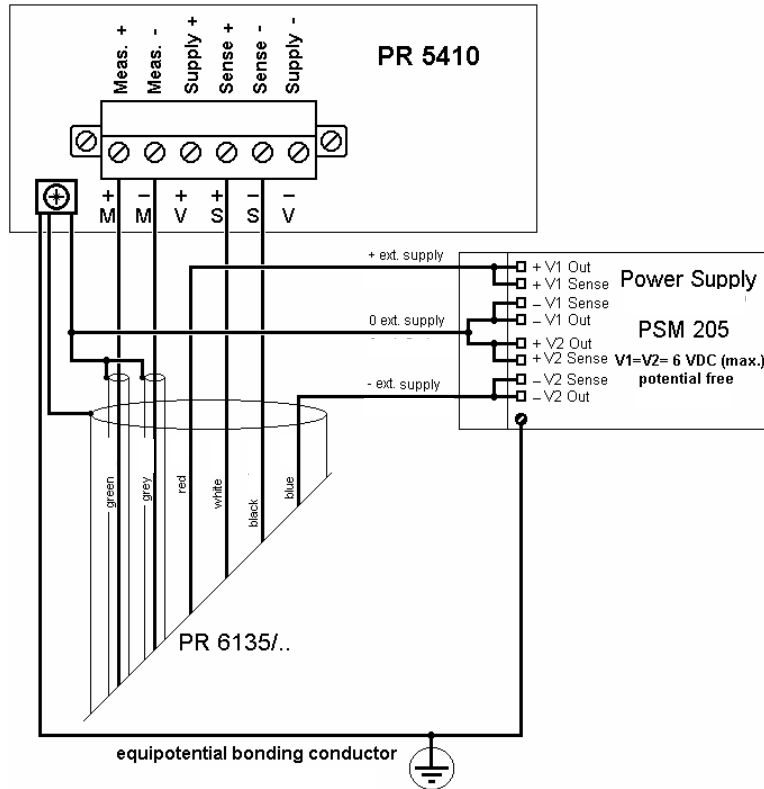
- Recommendations:**
- Install cable in steel pipe connected to earth potential.
 - Min. distance to high-voltage cables: 1m

Load cell supply circuit:

Load resistance of load cell circuit ≥ 75 ohms, e.g. 8 load cells of 650 ohms each, supply voltage is 12 V DC; for further data, see Chapter 12.4.

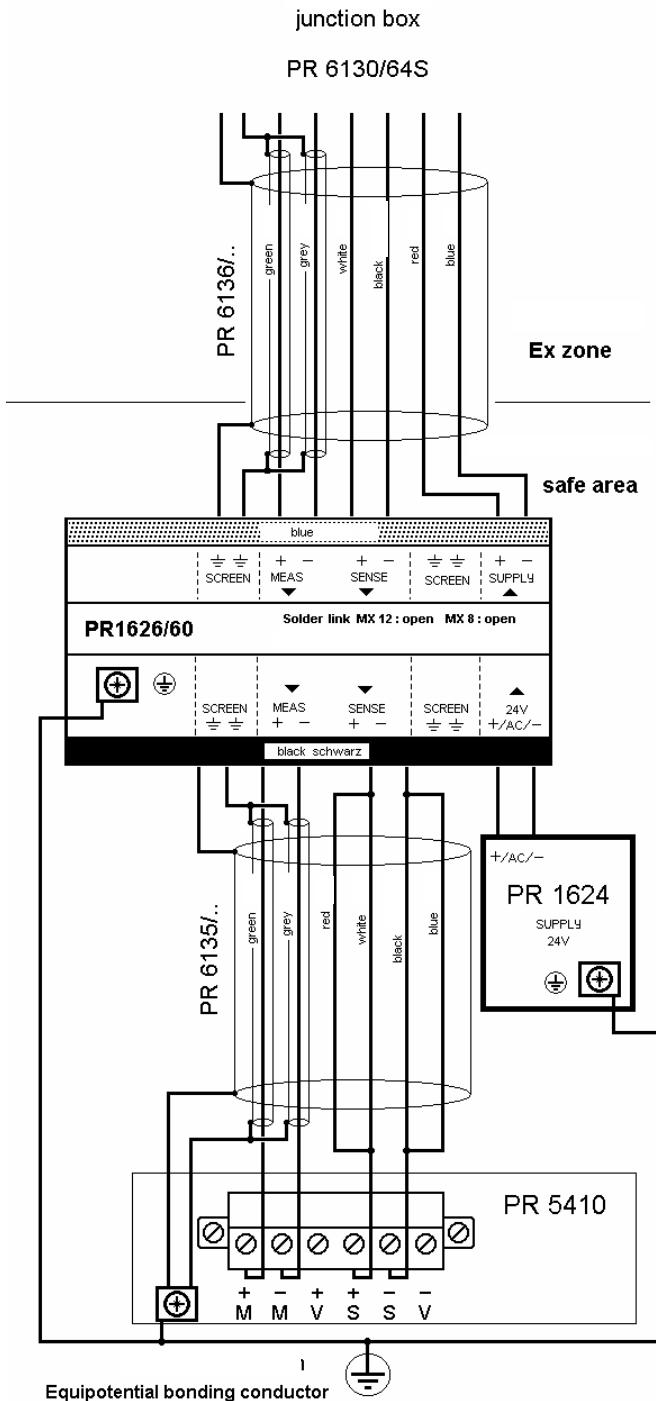
3.5.4 Connecting Load Cells with External Supply

When the load of the load cells is < 75 ohms (e.g. more than 4 load cells with 350 ohms), external load cell supply is required. In this case, the internal supply is replaced by a potential-free external supply. The neutral wire of the external supply voltage (0 ext. supply) must be connected to the instrument housing to ensure that the voltage is symmetrical to 0. The internal supply is not connected.



! The cable colors indicated above are valid for connecting cable PR 6135. When using other load cells/cables, the assignment of colors may differ. For this reason, the relevant manual or data sheet should be consulted for assignments of cable colors before connecting.

3.5.5 Connecting Load Cells via Intrinsically Safe Load Cell Interface PR 1626/60

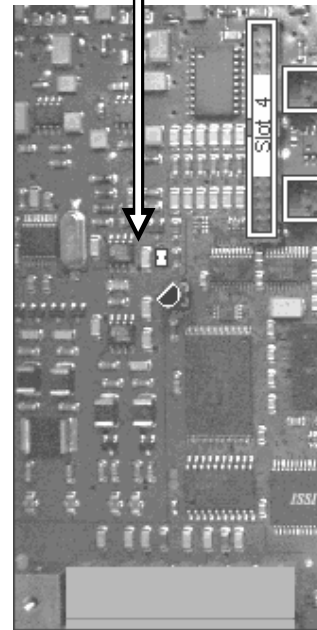


The cable colors shown here are valid for the PR 62.. series load cells and for PR 6135 and PR 6136 connecting cables.

When using other load cells, the assignments of cable colors may differ.

For this reason, the relevant manual or data sheet should be consulted for assignments of cable colors before connecting.

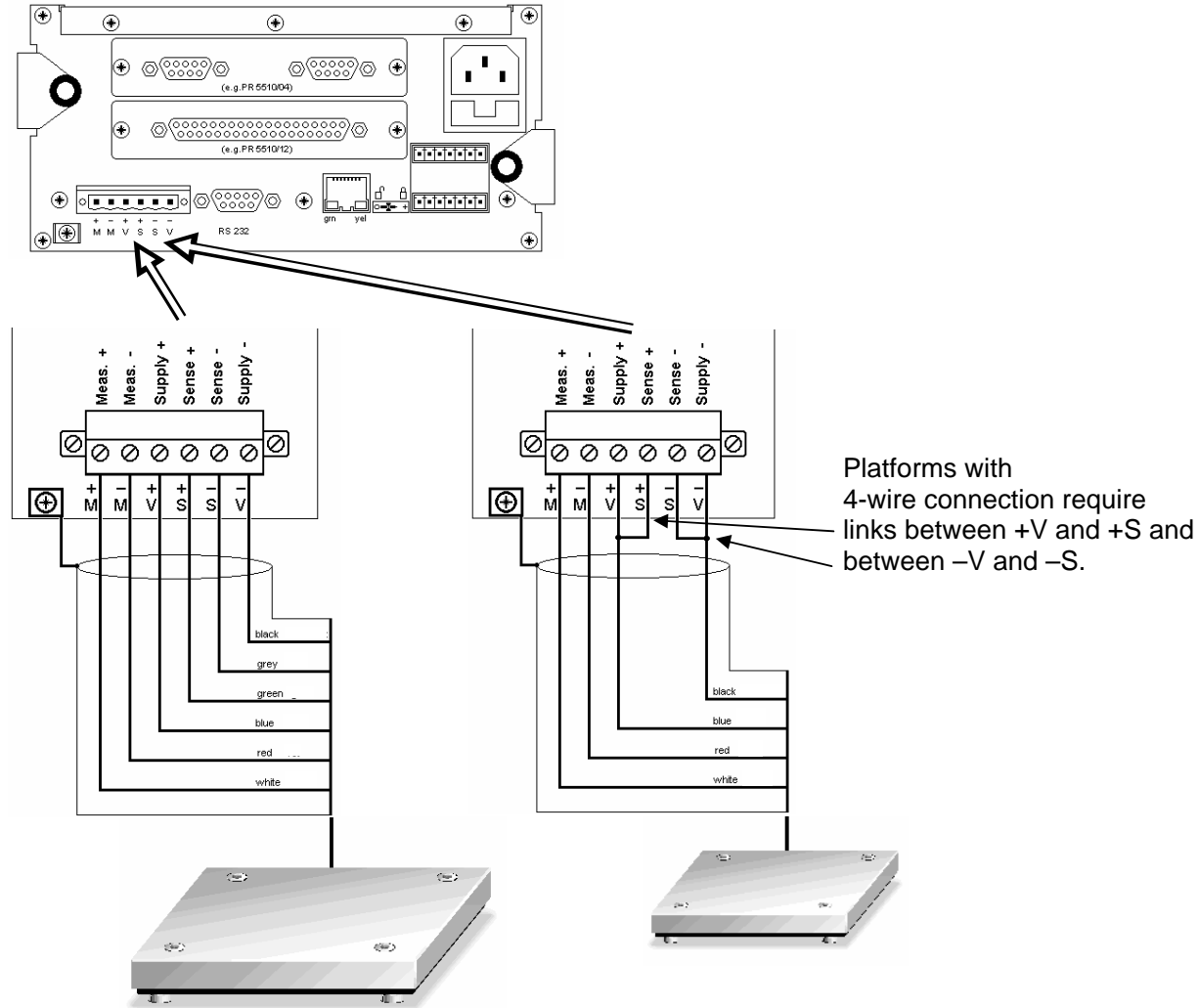
When using the PR 1626/60 intrinsically safe load cell interface with 7.5 VDC (MX 8 closed), open the solder link on the main board of PR5410 to switch the sense voltage detection.



The PR5410 load cell supply must not be connected.

3.5.6 Connecting Platforms (CAP...)

One Combics analog platform (CAP... series) can be connected to the instrument. The following example shows a platform with 6-wire connection and another one with 4-wire connection.



The cable colors shown above are valid for a CAPP4 500 x 400 and a CAPP1 320 x 420, as an example. The assignments of cable colors are given in the platform operating manual.

The cable shields must be connected to the GND terminal of the instrument. If the measuring lines (+M, -M) are shielded individually, these shields must be connected to the GND terminal as well.

4 Commissioning

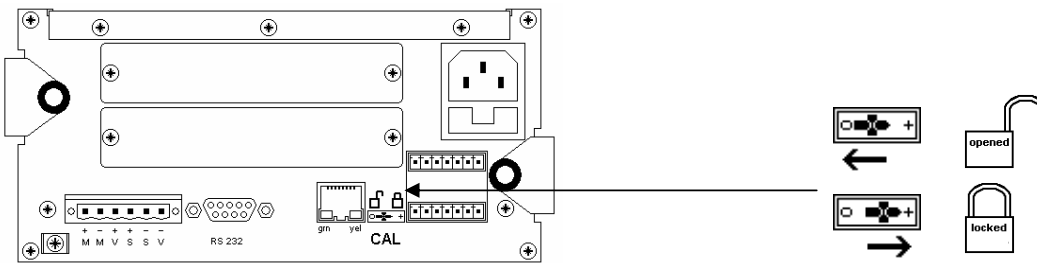
Front panel key assignment and operating concept are described in Chapter 2.3.



4.1 DATA PROTECTION/POWER FAILURE

The calibration data and parameters as well as all configuration and interface data are stored in non-volatile (EAROM) memory. Unauthorized data changing can be prevented by an access code; the front panel keys can be disabled. Additional write protection is provided for calibration data and parameters (CAL switch, see Chapter 4.1.1). Clock and calendar continue running in the event of a power failure.

4.1.1 CAL Switch

The CAL switch is located on the instrument back panel. Generally, we recommend setting the switch into the closed position after calibration to prevent accidental overwriting/data loss. The built-in alibi memory is protected against erasure, as long as the CAL switch is closed. With legal-for-trade applications, the CAL switch must be sealed in the closed position.



With operation via front keys with  under Cd 000 'CAL.CLS' is shown if the CAL switch is closed, the calibration data and - parameter can be viewed but not altered. To view the position of the CAL switch with VNC, select -[Show status]:

| Info/Status | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Free system RAM | 1904 of 13136 kb |
| Clock battery | ok |
| Cal-Switch | opened |

[opened] = opened; no write protection
 [closed] = closed; write protection is active.

4.2 SWITCHING ON THE INSTRUMENT

The instrument can be put into operation and calibrated using a PC with the VNC program (on the enclosed CD), an Internet browser or the ConfigureIt program.

On initial start-up, the date and time must be set.

When the supply voltage is applied to the instrument, the following information is displayed:

| | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Pr5410 | Instrument type: PR5410 = X3 |
| b 10000. | BIOS release |
| F 10000. | Firmware release |
| B NET G 0 888888.kg | Automatic display test |
| 135050 kg | Weight display |

Error 6 Error message if no load cells are connected, see Chapter 4.6.1.

4.2.1 Display Test

Press to access the front panel key menu: dSPtSt.



Press to activate all display items. After approx. 5 s, the menu is closed automatically.

4.2.2 Front-Panel Key Test

Press and hold , then press as well.

| | |
|----------|---|
| 000000. | One digit per key is displayed. Each time a key is pressed, the corresponding digit is incremented by 1 |
| 000.100. | Display, if is pressed once |
| -8023- | Display, if several keys (2 and 3) are triggered simultaneously |


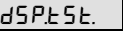
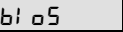
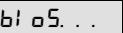
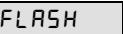

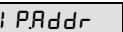

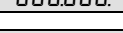
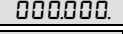
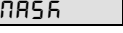
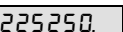
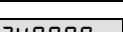
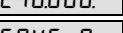
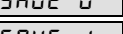
If no key is pressed for 5 s, the test is finished automatically and the weight is displayed again.

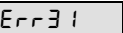

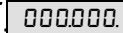
4.2.3 Resetting the Instrument to the Factory Settings

Reset to the factory settings is possible only, when the CAL switch is open.


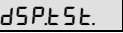
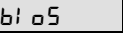
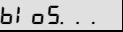
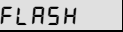
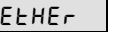

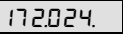
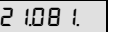
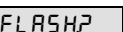


| | |
|------------|--|
| | Press Setup at the instrument |
| dSPtSt. | Press ↓ to reach the BIOS menu |
| bl 05 | Press |
| bl 05. . . | Is displayed, followed by |
| FLASH | Press ↓ ↓ to go to menu |
| dELERr. | Press |
| ErAS. 0 | It is asked, whether resetting should be done |
| ErAS. 1 | Alter with ↓ the '0' to '1' for resetting and confirm with |
| donE | Is displayed to indicate the execution |

4.2.4 Setting the Network Address Using Front-Panel Keys

-  Press Setup at the instrument
-  Press ↓ to reach the BIOS menu
-  Press OK
-  Is displayed, followed by
-  Press ↑ to reach the menu
-  Press OK
-  Instrument will display the IP-address next
-  The most significant part of the address* is displayed, with ← the position is selected (the current digit blinks) and press ↑ / ↓ to select the digit
-  By → the least significant part of the address* can be set, continue with OK
-  Instrument will display the mask next
-  The most significant part of the mask* is displayed, with ← the position is selected (the current digit blinks) and press ↑ / ↓ to select the digit
-  By → the least significant part of the address* can be set, continue with OK
-  It is asked, whether address and mask should be stored
-  Alter with ↓ the '0' to '1' for storing and confirm with OK
-  Is displayed to indicate the execution

 * Error message, if digit group for IP-address / mask is not within 0 - 255
 For DHCP (Assignment by server) the address has to be set to:  

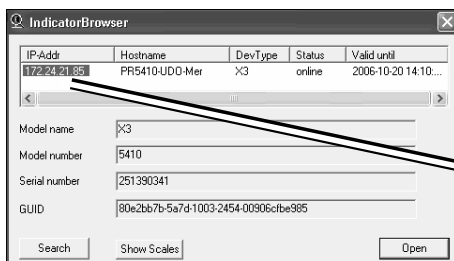
4.2.5 Viewing the Network Address via Front-Panel Keys

-  Press Setup at the instrument
-  Press ↓ to reach the BIOS menu
-  Press OK
-  Is displayed, followed by
-  Press OK
-  Press OK
-  Instrument is waiting for address assignment by the server
-  The most significant part of the Ethernet address is displayed
-  Subsequently the least significant part of the Ethernet address is displayed
-  Terminate with  

Caution: In case of restart, a new address may be assigned by the server.

4.2.6 Searching the Instrument in the Network Using 'IndicatorBrowser'

The address can be determined using the 'IndicatorBrowser' program (stored in a directory on the enclosed CD-ROM).



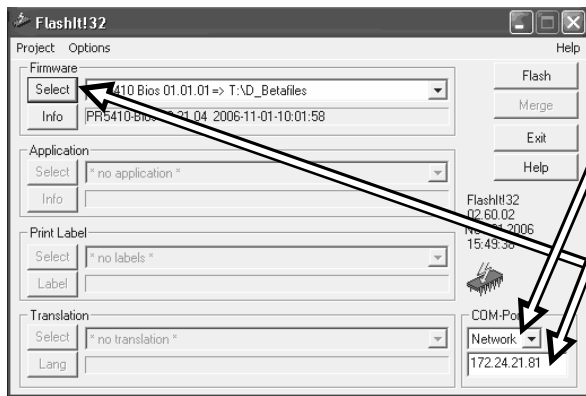
When connecting the instrument to a network, it is "default" in the DHCP mode; i.e., an address is assigned to it by the server. This address, e.g., 172.24.21.85, can be determined using the 'IndicatorBrowser' program.

4.2.7 Loading New Software



dSPt5t.
 bi o5
 bi o5. . .
 FLASH
 EtHEr
 SErI AL
 dHCP. . .
 172.24.
 2 108 1.
 FLASH?

Press Setup at the instrument
 Press ↓ to reach the BIOS menu
 Press OK
 Is displayed, followed by
 Press OK
 For flashing over the network, you can press OK
 Alternatively, you can press ↓ to select the built-in serial interface
 Now, the instrument indicates: Waiting for address assignment by the server
 The most significant part of the Ethernet address is displayed
 Subsequently the least significant part of the Ethernet address is displayed
 The instrument is waiting for the start of the FlashIt program.



Run FlashIt!32 Rel. 02.60.02, Nov 21 2006

- Select the network
- Enter the instrument IP address
- Select the module to be flashed
- Click [Flash] to start the procedure

In case BIOS, firmware and application must be updated, the procedure must be executed sequentially.

4.3 CONFIGURATION AND CALIBRATION USING FRONT KEYS

4.3.1 Meaning of Front Keys

The instrument can be set directly via front keys:



Press Setup

SEtUP

Setup-Menu, press OK

Cd 000

Calibration menu, 'Cd' is flashing

With ↑ the next parameter group (Cp) is selected, with → switch to the parameter number ('000' is flashing), the parameter table is described in chapter 4.3.3 .

If a selection has to be performed, ↑/↓ have to be used.

The digit position is selected by ← / → , with ↑ the digit is increased, with ↓ decreased.


Inputs are completed by OK , a menu is left with Exit.

All parameters / data are clearly characterized by a max. 3-digit number, additionally two letters are preceded for the parameter group for easy allocation.

If data have to be overwritten, a safety prompt appears:

SAVE if the data should not be saved, then 'YES' has to be changed with ↑ to 'no'.

4.3.2 Entering Date and Time

1. Press , SEtUP is shown
2. Press OK , Cd 000 (Cd is flashing),
with ↑ (9 x) change to dt 086
3. Press OK , YEAr is shown
4. Press OK , 2007 (YYYY) is shown, alter with ← / → and ↑ / ↓
5. Press OK , dAtE is shown
6. Press OK , 05.15 (MM.DD) is shown, alter with ← / → and ↑ / ↓
7. Press OK , tIME is shown
8. Press OK , 17.35 (HH.MM) is shown, alter with ← / → and ↑ / ↓
9. Press OK , dt 086 is shown
10. Press Exit to leave the menu

4.3.3 Parameter Table


- SEtuP

| | | |
|-------|----------------------------|---|
| - Cd | Calibration data | |
| - 000 | CALib | nEW new calibration, VIEW view data, Mod modify calibration |
| - 001 | MAX.FSd | Decimal point position, Max (Scale range) and weight unit |
| - 002 | StEP | Scale interval |
| - 003 | dEAdLo | Deadload setting by weight (LoAd) or mV/V (MVoLt) |
| - 004 | SPAn | Calibration weighing range by weight (LoAd) or mV/V (MVoLt) |
| - 005 | 0-rnG | Show used zeroset range |
| - 006 | uVolt.d | Show μ V/d |
| - 007 | WEIGHT | Show current gross weight, with $\sqrt{10}$ 10-fold multiplier is activated |
| - CP | Calibration parameter | |
| - 010 | MEAtIM | Measure time |
| - 011 | FILtEr | Digital filter |
| - 012 | FCut | Cut-off frequency |
| - 013 | tStMod | Test mode |
| - 014 | WAM | W&M, legal for trade |
| - 015 | StStIM | Standstill time |
| - 016 | StSrNG | Sandstill range |
| - 017 | TArtIM | Time out for taring / zeroset |
| - 018 | ZESrnG | Zeroset range |
| - 019 | ZEtrnG | Zerotrack range |
| - 020 | ZEtStP | Zerotrack step |
| - 021 | ZEttIM | Zerotrack time |
| - 022 | oVrLd | Overload |
| - 023 | MIn | Min weight |
| - 024 | MuLrnG | Multi range mode |
| - 025 | rAnG 1 | Range 1 |
| - 026 | rAnG 2 | Range 2 |
| - LI | Limits | |
| - 030 | LIM.1on, LIM.1oF | Limit 1 'On', Limit 1 'Off' |
| - 031 | LIM.2on, LIM.2oF | Limit 2 'On', Limit 2 'Off' |
| - 032 | LIM.3on, LIM.3oF | Limit 3 'On', Limit 3 'Off' |
| - LA | Limits, action / condition | |
| - 033 | LIM.1on | Action / Condition |
| - 034 | LIM.1oF | Action / Condition |
| - 035 | LIM.2on | Action / Condition |
| - 036 | LIM.2oF | Action / Condition |
| - 037 | LIM.3on | Action / Condition |
| - 038 | LIM.3oF | Action / Condition |
| - do | Digital outputs | |
| - 040 | bCd.out | BCD-Mode: GroSS = gross, NEtIt = net if tared, else gross, SELEcT, trnSP |
| - 041 | outP. 1 | Output 1 |
| - 042 | outP. 2 | Output 2 |
| - 043 | outP. 3 | Output 3 |
| - dl | Digital inputs | |
| - 044 | InP.1on | Input 1, condition |
| - 045 | InP.1oF | Input 1, condition |
| - 046 | InP.2on | Input 2, condition |
| - 047 | InP.2oF | Input 2, condition |
| - 048 | InP.3on | Input 3, condition |
| - 049 | InP.3oF | Input 3, condition |
| - Ao | Analog outputs | |
| - 050 | AnA.Mod | Mode: GroSS = Brutto, NEtIt = Netto wenn tariert, sonst Brutto, SELEcT, trnSP |
| - 051 | AnA.rnG | Range 0/4 - 20 mA |
| - 052 | out.Err | Output at error |
| - 053 | out.< 0 | Output at < 0 |
| - 054 | out.>20 | Output at > Max |
| - 055 | WGt.0/4 | Weight at 0/4 mA |


| | | | |
|--|----------|---------------------|--|
| | - 056 | WGt. 20 | Weight at 20 mA |
| | - oP | Operating parameter | |
| | - 060 | Addr | Instrument address |
| | - 061 | PIIn | Access Code |
| | - 062 | ALlbl | Alibi storage, nonE, GroSS, nEt , Gr.nE.tA., Gr.nE. oder Gr.tA |
| | - 063 | SEqnr | Next free sequence number |
| | - 064 | tArKEY | Tare-Key, Function, Disable |
| | - 065 | ZErKEY | Zerose-KEY, Function, Disable |
| | - 066 | nbtKEY | N.B.T -Key, Disable |
| | - 067 | PrtKEY | Print-Key, Disable |
| | - 068 | tStKEY | Test-Key, Disable |
| | - PP | Print parameter | |
| | - 073 | PrtMod | LAYout (direct) / nICELb (Nice Label) |
| | - 074 | LAYou1 | Select item 1 |
| | - 075 | LAYou2 | Select item 2 |
| | - 076 | LAYou3 | Select item 3 |
| | - 077 | LAYou4 | Select item 4 |
| | - 078 | LAYou5 | Select item 5 |
| | - 079 | LAYou6 | Select item 6 |
| | - nP | Network parameter | |
| | - 080 | dHCP | DHCP |
| | - 081 | IP.Addr | IP-Address |
| | - 082 | SubnEt | Subnet |
| | - 083 | Gt.Addr | Gateway |
| | - 084 | CLIEnt | VNC-Client |
| | - 085 | Et.Addr | Ethernet Chip Address (12 HEX Characters) |
| | - dt | Date, Time | |
| | - 086 | YEAR | YYYY, dAtE: MM.DD, tIME: HH.MM |
| | - VS | Program Version | |
| | - 087 | FIRm | Firmware Version |
| | - 088 | bloS | Bios Version |
| | - 089 | boArd | Board number |
| | - FP | Fieldbus Parameter | |
| | - 090 | Prot | Protocol |
| | - 091 | PdPAdr | PDP-Address |
| | - 092 | dVnbdr | Devicenet Baudrate |
| | - 093 | dVnAdr | Devicenet Address |
| | - 094 | CCLbdr | CC-link Baudrate |
| | - 095 | CCLAdr | CC-link Address |
| | - 096 | ModbIP | Modbus TCP / EtherNet/IP IP-Address |
| | - 097 | ModbSu | Modbus TCP / EtherNet/IP Subnet Mask |
| | - AL | Alibi Storage | |
| | - 100 | SEqnr | Input sequence number for alibi view / print |
| | - 101 | ErASE | Erase alibi storage contents YES / no |
| | - SI | Serial Interfaces | |
| | - SI 110 | Print | Printer |
| | - SI 111 | rEMdSP | Remote Display |
| | - SI 112 | ModbuS | Modbus RTU |
| | - SI 113 | SMA | SMA |
| | - SI 114 | ASYCoM | Asycom |
| | - HS | Hardware Status | |
| | - 120 | Slot 1 | EMPTy = empty or PR 5510 card type |
| | - 121 | Slot 2 | EMPTy = empty or PR 5510 card type |
| | - 122 | Slot 4 | EMPTy = empty or PR 1721 card type |
| | - 123 | bAt | bAt oK Battery Status |

The meaning of the data and parameters as well as the value ranges have to be taken from the VNC operating description (see chapter 4.4 to 4.9).

4.3.4 New Calibration using Front Keys

Example: Max (Maximum load) 600 kg, scale interval 200 g, setting deadload with empty scale.
At start of a new calibration the instrument has got the following default values: Max 3000 kg, scale interval 1 kg.

START

1. Warm-up the instrument (minimum 0,5 hours), open CAL switch
2. Press , SEtuP is shown

NEW CALIBRATION (Cd 000)

3. Press 0K , Cd 000 (Cd is flashing)
4. Press 0K , CALb is shown (with CAL switch closed CAL.CLS is shown, calibration is not possible, but data can be shown)
5. Press 0K , nEW (for new calibration) is shown

DEFINING SCALE RANGE and WEIGHT UNIT (Cd 001)

6. Press 0K , Cd 001
7. Press 0K , MAX.FSd for Max (Maximum load for weight display = Full scale deflection) is shown
8. Press 0K , - - - - -.kg is shown
9. With ← the decimal point is shifted left for 1 digit behind the decimal point - - - - -. kg
10. Press 0K 00300.0 kg is shown (the 3 is flashing) , with ↑ (3 x) change to 6 für 600.0 kg
11. With → (4 x) switch to weight unit (kg is flashing) and if required change to t, Lb or g with ↑

DEFINING SCALE INTERVAL (Cd 002)

12. Press 0K , Cd 002
13. Press 0K , StEP is shown
14. Press 0K , 1 is shown, change with ↑ to 2 for 200 g scale interval

SETTING DEADLOAD (Cd 003)

15. Press 0K , Cd 003
16. Press 0K , dEAdLo is shown
17. Press 0K , LoAd is shown (Deadload with empty scale, else with ↑ MUoLt for mV/V input)
18. Press 0K , unLoAd is shown, unload scale
19. Press 0K , a weight value for deadload is shown
20. Press 0K , deadload is set, the display must show 00000.0 kg

SETTING SPAN (Cd 004)

21. Press 0K , Cd 004
22. Press 0K , SPAn is shown
23. Press 0K , LoAd is shown (Range with test weights, else with ↑ MUoLt for mV/V input)
24. Press 0K and apply test weights, instrument displays a weight value (still not calibrated)
25. Press 0K , WEIGHt is shown
26. Press 0K , 00600.0 kg is shown (Maximum test weight),
alter with ← / → und ↑ / ↓ the value for the test weight
27. Press 0K , Cd 005


STORING and EXIT

28. Press Exit , SAVE is shown
29. Press 0K , YES is shown, (if values must not be saved, alter with ↑ to no)
30. Press 0K , during storage time SAVE. . . is shown, when finished Cd 000,
leave the setup menu with Exit
31. If the calibration parameters CP 010 - CP 026 have not to be / are already set,
close the CAL switch now, see chapter 4.1.1 .

4.3.5 Subsequent Change of Deadload using Front Keys

If due to mechanical modifications the deadload (weight of empty scale / hopper) has changed, the procedure is as follows:

START

1. Warm-up the instrument (minimum 0,5 hours), open CAL switch
2. Press , SEtuP is shown
3. Press 0K, Cd 000 (Cd is flashing), switch to parameter number with →, (000 is flashing), change with ↑ to Cd 003

MODIFY DEADLOAD (Cd 003)


4. Press 0K, dEAdLo is shown
5. Press 0K, Press 0K, LoAd is shown (Deadload with empty scale)
6. Press 0K, unLoAd is shown, unload scale
7. Press 0K, a weight value for deadload is shown
8. Press 0K, deadload is set, the display must show 00000.0 kg
9. Press 0K, Cd 004

STORING and EXIT

10. Press Exit, SAVE is shown
11. Press 0K, Press 0K, YES is shown, (if values must not be saved, alter with ↑ to no)
12. Press 0K, during storage time SAVE. . . is shown, when finished Cd 000, mit Exit wird das Setup-Menü verlassen.
13. If no further calibration data or parameters have to be entered, close the CAL switch now, see chapter 4.1.1 .

4.3.6 View Calibration Data


START

1. Press , SEtuP is shown
2. Press 0K, Cd 000 (Cd is flashing)
3. Press 0K, CALib is shown (with CAL switch closed CAL.CLS is shown, calibration is not possible, but data can be shown, continue with 6.)
4. Press 0K, nEW is shown, with ↑ switch to VIEW
5. Press 0K, CAL.oPn is shown for CAL switch open
6. Press 0K, MAX.FSd is shown (Maximum load = Full scale deflection)
7. Press 0K, the entered maximum load is shown
8. Press 0K, Cd 002
9. Press 0K, StEP is shown
10. Press 0K, the entered scale interval is shown
11. Press 0K, Cd 003
12. Press 0K, dEAdLo is shown
13. Press 0K, the deadload in weight is shown
14. Press 0K, dEAdLo is shown
15. Press 0K, the equivalent for deadload in mV/V is shown
16. Press 0K, Cd 004
17. Press 0K, SPAn is shown
18. Press 0K, the equivalent for maximum load in mV/V is shown
19. Press 0K, Cd 005
20. Press 0K, 0-rnG is shown
21. Press 0K, the already used zeroset range is shown
22. Press 0K, Cd 006
23. Press 0K, uVoLt.d is shown
24. Press 0K, the measuring signal in µV/d is shown.

The other parameters can be displayed in the same way.

4.3.7 View Calibration Data for Deadload and Maximum Load


Normally all settings of the instrument should be documented or printed out during commissioning. If an instrument has to be replaced by another one due to breakdown and no new calibration can / should be done, the values for deadload and maximum load in mV/V are absolutely required. Therefore the following has to be done:

1. Press , SEtuP is shown
2. Press 0K , Cd 000 (Cd is flashing), with → switch to parameter number, (000 is flashing), with ↑ (3 x) change to Cd 003
3. Press 0K , dEAdLo is shown
4. Press 0K , LoAd is shown, with ↑ change to MVoLt
5. Press 0K , the deadload is shown in mV/V
6. Note the value for deadload in mV/V
7. Press 0K , Cd 004 is shown
8. Press 0K , SPAn is shown
9. Press 0K , MVoLt is shown
10. Press 0K , the maximum load is shown in mV/V
11. Note the value for maximum load in mV/V
12. Leave Setup menu


4.3.8 PIN Code

The Setup-program can be protected against unauthorized access by a PIN-code defined by the user.

ACTIVATING PIN

1. Press , SEtuP is shown
2. Press 0K , Cd 000 (Cd is flashing)
3. Select oP with ↑ (6 x), oP 060 is shown
4. With → switch to parameter number and with ↑ switch to oP 061
5. Press 0K , PIn is shown
6. Press 0K , the default PIN (000000 = no request) is shown, it can be changed with ← / → and ↑ / ↓
7. Press 0K , PIn is stored and oP 062 is shown
8. The menu can be left with Exit and Exit.

ENTERING PIN

1. Press , SEtuP is shown
2. Press 0K , PIn is shown
3. Press 0K , 000000 is shown, enter PIN with ← / → and ↑ / ↓
4. Press 0K , with wrong PIN PInWro is shown, back to 3. with correct PIN Cd 000 (Cd is flashing) is shown.

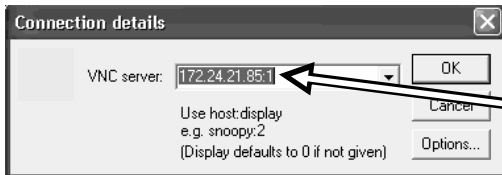
SUPER-PIN

If the PIN-Code is lost, the Setup can be unlocked with Super-PIN '212223'.

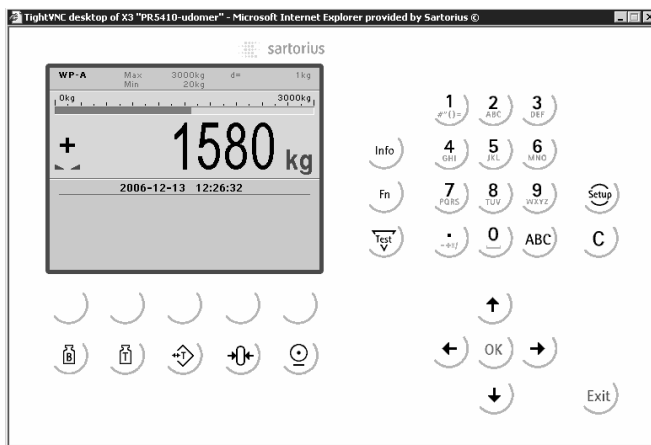
4.4 OPERATION USING A PC

4.4.1 Operation Using the VNC Program

VNC stands for 'virtual network computing' and is a program for remote operation of computers. The program distinguishes between the VNC server and VNC client (viewer). The server program is part of the instrument software. The client program (viewer) must be installed and executed on the PC to be used for operating the instrument.



For direct operation using the VNC program, the IP address (extended by : 1) must be specified when you run the program; e.g. 172.24.21.85:1.

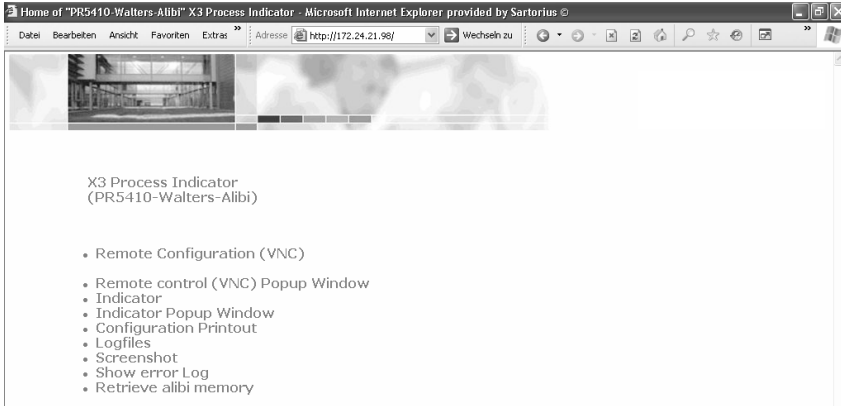


The address range of the controlling PC can be limited in the instrument; see Chapter 4.7.8 .
The operator interface of the VNC program appears:

4.4.2 Operation Using Internet Browser

With the Internet browser, the [IP address] must be entered.

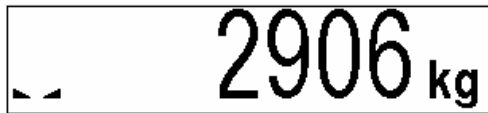
Example: 



The menu appears on the monitor. The line in brackets below the header corresponds to the device name specified in [Hostname].

[Remote Configuration (VNC)], [Remote Configuration (VNC) Pop up Window]
 For instrument operation using the VNC program without additional installation of VNC, see Chapter 4.4.1

[Indicator], [Indicator Pop up Window]



The weight value is displayed with the unit and status symbols

[Configuration Printout]
 Can be used for printing the configuration data as a text file, see chapter 9



[Logfiles]

[Screenshot]
 Device display for saving the display

[Show error Log]
 Display of the error messages

[Retrieve alibi memory]
 Transfer of alibi memory datasets as CSV file

4.4.3 INFO Function

When you press , the program releases and status messages are displayed. The  key also has other functions; see Chapters 0 and 0.

| Info |
|---------------------|
| ▶ Show version |
| ▶ Show status |
| ▶ Show HW-slots |
| ▶ Show alibi memory |

When you select [Show version], the installed program releases and the board number are displayed:

| Info/Version | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Firmware | Rel. 01.00.00 2006-12-02 10:50 | Firmware release and creation date |
| Appl-DEFAULT | Rel. 01.00.00 2006-12-02 10:50 | Application release and creation date |
| Bios | Rel. 01.00.00 2006-12-02 10:50 | BIOS release and creation date |
| Boardnumber | 251398426 | Main board identification number (different from the device serial number) |

When you select [Show status], instrument status information is displayed:

| Info/Status | | |
|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Free system RAM | 5052 of 15196 kb | |
| Clock battery | ok | (Low if voltage too low) |
| CAL-Switch | closed | (opened if CAL switch is open) |

When you select [Show HW-slots], the installed plug-in cards are displayed:


| Info/HW-Slots | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| ▶ | Builtin | RS 232 | Standard serial interface |
| ▶ Slot 1 | PR 5510/04 | RS 485/232 | |
| ▶ Slot 2 | | -empty- | |
| ▶ Slot 3 | Builtin | Digital I/O | Standard interface, digital I/Os |
| ▶ Slot 4 | PR 1721/31 | Profibus-DP | |

When you select [Show alibi memory], you can display the selected dataset.

| Info/Show alibi memory | | | |
|------------------------|---|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Sequencenumber | | 52 | Last entry, can be overwritten |
| Date | | 2007-06-01 | |
| Time | | 10:21:45 | |
| Grossweight | A | <751 kg> | |
| Netweight | A | <1150 kg> | |
| + | - | | Increase, decrease sequencenumber |

Selection is done on the sequence number. For more information please refer to chapter 4.10 .

4.4.4 Setup Function (VNC)

Press  to configure the main operating parameters. The configuration depends on the application licenses registered and the plug-in cards installed.

Calibration is in a simple dialogue. Compliance with the relevant (verification) standards must be checked by the person commissioning the instrument or the verification officer. To protect the calibration data from overwriting, close the corresponding CAL switch on the back panel of the instrument. On legal-for trade instruments, the CAL switch must be sealed in the closed (write-protected) position; see Chapter 4.1.1.

4.4.5 Setup Menu (VNC): Overview



| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| - Serial ports parameter | |
| - Printer | <none>, Builtin RS 232, Slot 1 .. 2 RS 485, Slot 1 ... 2 RS 232 |
| - Remote display | <none>, Builtin RS 232, Slot 1 .. 2 RS 485, Slot 1 ... 2 RS 232 |
| - JBUS/MOD-Bus | <none>, Builtin RS 232, Slot 1 .. 2 RS 485, Slot 1 ... 2 RS 232 |
| - SMA | <none>, Builtin RS 232, Slot 1 .. 2 RS 485, Slot 1 ... 2 RS 232 |
| - Asycom | <none>, Builtin RS 232, Slot 1 .. 2 RS 485, Slot 1 ... 2 RS 232 |
| - Param | Assigned to, Protocol, Baud rate, Bits, Parity, Stop bits, |
| - Date & Time | Change date and time |
| - Operating parameter | |
| - Address | Address of the instrument |
| - PIN | Access code for setup |
| - Use Alibimemory | None, Gross, Net, Tare combinations |
| - Sequencenumber | Sequence number |
| - SetTareKey | Tare& reset tare, tare&tare again, disabled |
| - SetZeroKey | Only when not tared, reset tare on zeroset, disabled |
| - N-B-T-Key | enabled, disabled |
| - PrintKey | enabled, disabled |
| - Printing parameter | |
| - Print mode | Print selected items, via Nice Label |
| - 1 ... 6 Item | Select: Gross weight, net weight, tare weight, date & time, sequence number |
| - Fieldbus parameter | Only if PR 1721/XX is installed in Slot 4; see Chapter 4.7.7 |
| - Network parameter | Hardware address (read only), Host name, IP address, Subnet mask, Default gateway, VNC-Client (access restriction) |
| - Calibration | New, Modify, Param; see Chapter 4.4.6 |
| - Limit parameter | |
| - Limit 1/2/3 on/off | Limit 1/2/3 'on/' 'off', Action, Condition; see Chapter 4.8.5 |
| - Digital I/O parameter | |
| - Output 1/2/3 | Configuring outputs; see Chapter 4.8.3 |
| - Input 1/2/3 on/off 3 | Inputs, Action, Condition; see Chapter 4.8.4 |
| - BCD | Gross, Net if tared, selected, transparent; see Chapter 4.8.6 |
| - Analog output parameter | Gross, Net if tared, selected, transparent; see Chapter 4.9 |

4.4.6 Calibration Menu

| | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Calibration <li style="margin-left: 20px;">- New <li style="margin-left: 40px;">Reset Span and deadload <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Max <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Scale interval <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Deadload at <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Max at <li style="margin-left: 60px;">by load <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Calibrated at <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Sensitivity ($\mu\text{V}/\text{d}$) <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Test <li style="margin-left: 40px;">Exit calibration <li style="margin-left: 20px;">- Modify <li style="margin-left: 40px;">see New <li style="margin-left: 20px;">- Param <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Measuretime <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Digital filter <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Fcut <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Test mode <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- W & M <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Standstill time <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Standstill range <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Tare timeout <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Zeroset range <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Zerotrack range <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Zerotrack step <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Zerotrack time <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Overload <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Min <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Range mode <li style="margin-left: 40px;">* Range limit 1 <li style="margin-left: 40px;">* Range limit 2 <li style="margin-left: 20px;">- View(when CAL switch closed) <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Max <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Scale interval <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Deadload at <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Max at <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Calibrated at <li style="margin-left: 40px;">- Sensitivity ($\mu\text{V}/\text{d}$) <li style="margin-left: 20px;">- Param | <p>Calibration of weighing electronics</p> <p>Contin, Cancel</p> <p>0.00001 ...<3000>... 999999 <kg>, t, lb, g</p> <p><1>, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50</p> <p><0.000000 mV/V> or [by load]</p> <p><1.000000mV/V> or [by load]</p> <p>0.00001 ... 999999 <kg>, t, lb, g</p> <p>(Display only)</p> <p>(Display only)</p> <p>Determine test value</p> <p>Save or cancel changes</p> <p>Only for minor modifications/ setting new dead load, otherwise [New]</p> <p>5 ms, 10, 20, 40, 80, 160, <320>, 640, 960, 1280, 1600ms</p> <p><off>, Bessel, aperiod., butterw., tscheby.</p> <p>Cut off frequency, only unless filter 'off', 0.1 - 80.0 Hz</p> <p><Absolute>, relative</p> <p><none>, OIML, NSC, NTEP</p> <p>0.01 s...<0.50 s> ... 2.0 s (range is dependent on response time)</p> <p>0.00 d ... <1.00 d> ... 10.00 d</p> <p>0.1 s ... <2.5 s> ... 25 s, timeout due to instability</p> <p>0.00 d ... <50.00 d> ... 10000.00 d</p> <p>0.00 d ... <0.25 d> ... 10000.00 d</p> <p><0.0 s> ... 25 s</p> <p>0 d ... <9 d> ... 999999 d</p> <p>0 d ... <50 d> ... 999999 d, minimum weight</p> <p><Single range>, multiple range, multi-interval</p> <p>In weight, unit same as Max, transition from small to medium scale interval, *only for multiple range or multi-interval</p> <p>In weight, unit same as Max, transition from medium to high scale interval, *only for multiple range or multi-interval</p> <p>(Display only)</p> <p>(Display only)</p> <p>(Display only)</p> <p>(Display only)</p> <p>(Display only)</p> <p>(Display only)</p> <p>Items as for Param. (display only)</p> |
|---|--|

4.5 CALIBRATION

Calibration using weights, mV/V or load cell data can be done using the VNC program. During calibration, the instrument must be set to gross weight display (reset tare, if necessary).

For a 'legal-for-trade' application, set the mode under -[Calibration]-[Param] to [W&M] before starting calibration; see Chapter 0. Select [New] to go to the maximum capacity [Max] (see Chapter 4.5.3); select the scale interval and determine the dead load. Now calibrate the maximum capacity by applying a calibration weight, in mV/V or with load cell data.

After determining the test value, the menu can be closed as described in Chapter 4.5.12, in order to save the new settings. Calibration data can be protected by the CAL switch (see Chapter 4.1.1), which must be sealed in the closed (write-protected) position for 'legal-for-trade' applications.

4.5.1 Displaying Calibration Data

| | |
|---|---|
| Cannot calibrate! CAL_switch is closed | When the CAL switch is closed, the following message is displayed, only data display possible with [Param]: |
|---|---|

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Cannot calibrate! Scale is tared | If the scale was tared, the following message is displayed, data display with [View], reset tare with [Res.tar.], return with [Cancel]: |
|-------------------------------------|---|

With [View], the calibration data can be displayed, but not changed.

| WP A/View Calibration | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|----------|--|
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg | Number of scale intervals and max. capacity |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | 1 kg | Scale interval |
| Deadload at | 0.00 kg | 0.000000 | Dead load in weight and mV/V |
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 | Weight and mV/V for maximum capacity |
| Calibrated at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 | Test load* and corresponding mV/V |
| Sensitivity | 833.33 | 4.000000 | Number of internal counts and voltage per scale interval |
| Param | | | |

The calibration data and parameters (press [Param]) are displayed in the format entered/determined during calibration.

* After input with mV/V, the maximum capacity and the mV/V value entered are displayed.

Increased Resolution (10-Fold)

In the -[Calibration] menu, the weight is displayed with 10-fold resolution (also with the CAL switch closed) when you press the key , and marked as an invalid weight with above the weight unit. The display on the instrument remains unchanged. After 5 s, the VNC display returns to normal resolution, or you can press the key to return to normal display immediately.

4.5.2 Selecting the Calibration Mode

You can choose between [New] and [Modify] with the softkeys:

| | | | |
|-----|--------|-------|--|
| New | Modify | Param | |
|-----|--------|-------|--|

New Calibration

Open the menu via -[Calibration].

When you press [New], the data is set to default first and calibration is started.

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| SPAN and deadload will be reset | You are prompted to confirm: Press [Continue] for the default settings, or [Cancel] to cancel the selection. |
|------------------------------------|---|

Default settings with [New]:

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | 1 kg |
| Deadload at | | 0.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Max at | | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Not calibrated | | |
| Sensitivity | 833.33 $\frac{cnt}{d}$ | 4.000000 $\frac{\mu V}{d}$ |
| | | Test |

Changing the Calibration



[Modify] may be used only for minor changes (e.g. changing the dead load, adapting mV/V values for dead load and/or Max); otherwise, always use [New].

Open the menu via -[Calibration]-[Modify].

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | 1 kg |
| Deadload at | 1.07 kg | 0.000358 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Calibrated at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Sensitivity | 833.33 $\frac{cnt}{d}$ | 4.000000 $\frac{\mu V}{d}$ |
| by load | by mV/V | Test |

For setting a new value for Dead load, press \uparrow/\downarrow to select [Deadload] and either enter a new $\frac{mV}{V}$ value with [by mV/V] or discharge the scale/hopper and press [by load].

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Exit calibration without CalcTest? | When closing the menu with you are prompted whether the menu should be closed without calculation of the test value: Reply [Yes] to close the menu. |
|---------------------------------------|---|

4.5.3 Determining the Maximum Capacity (Max)

The maximum capacity (Max) determines the maximum weight without dead load of the weight to be measured and the displayed number of digits behind the decimal point. Normally, Max is less than the load cell capacity (nominal capacity * number of load cells).

Permissible values are:

[Max] from 0.00010 to 999999, with in kg, t, g or lb

Max must be an integer multiple of the scale interval. It may have up to 6 digits and is entered as a numeric value with or without decimal point.

| | | |
|------------------|--------|---------|
| WP A/Calibration | | |
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg |

The weight unit can be changed from kg into t, g or lb by pressing .

After pressing or confirmation of the change is displayed with:

Setting Max

Error messages

STOP

Set span failed
above physmax

The maximum capacity is too high (the calculated input voltage for the specified maximum capacity exceeds 36 mV).

Set Max failed
below calibration

Subsequent changing of the maximum capacity is possible; if you decrease the capacity, a message is displayed if the new maximum capacity is lower than the test load ([Calibrated at]):

Set Max failed
too many digits

The selected resolution is so high that less than 0.8 internal counts per scale interval (d) or 0.5 $\mu\text{V}/\text{e}$ for legal-for-trade acc. to OIML/NSC are available.

Set Max failed
Max not multiple of scale interval

The maximum capacity is not an integer multiple of the scale interval.

Set Max failed
incompatible units

Weight units do not match, e.g. subsequent change of [Max] from **kg** to **lb**.

After you press [OK], the input value for the maximum capacity is cancelled.

4.5.4 Determining the Scale Interval

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|--------|---------|
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | 1kg |

The scale interval 1, 2, 5 10, 20 or 50 can be set by pressing .

The weight unit is taken from [Max] and cannot be changed here. The number of digits behind the decimal point must be determined already when entering [Max] as well.

| |
|--------------------|
| Set Scale interval |
|--------------------|

After or confirmation of the change is displayed with:

| |
|---|
| Set scale interval failed Max not multiple of scale interval |
|---|

The maximum capacity is not an integer multiple of the scale interval.

4.5.5 Determining the Dead Load

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | 1 kg |
| Deadload at | 0.00 kg | 0.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Not calibrated | | |
| Sensitivity | 833.33 $\frac{mV}{d}$ | 4.000000 $\frac{\mu V}{d}$ |
| by load | by mV/V | Test |

To use the empty scale/hopper as dead load (normal case):

- discharge the scale/hopper
- press [by load]

| |
|--------------|
| Set deadload |
|--------------|

After or confirmation of the change is displayed:

If the mV/V value of the dead load was calculated, or if it is known from the previous calibration, the value can be overwritten by pressing [by mV/V].

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | 1 kg |
| Deadload at | 0.00 kg | 0.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Calibrated at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Sensitivity | 833.33 $\frac{mV}{d}$ | 4.000000 $\frac{\mu V}{d}$ |
| by load | by mV/V | Test |

Possible error messages:

Set deadload failed above physmax

The dead load entered in mV/V plus maximum capacity in mV/V is higher than 3 mV/V (= 36 mV).

Set deadload failed no standstill

The scale is not stable.
Remedial action: Check the mechanical function of the scale; adapt the filter setting; reduce the resolution; if necessary, adapt the stability conditions.

Set deadload failed deadload < -0.1mV/V

Measuretime signal is negative (load cells connected with wrong polarity or defective) when determining the dead load with [by load].

Set deadload failed overflow in arithmetics

The dead load entered in mV/V is higher than 5mV/V.

4.5.6 Calibration with Weight (by Load)

Select [by load] for calibration using weight.

Place CAL weight on the scale and enter value
2000 kg

The weight value for the calibration weight must be entered in a separate window.

After applying the weight, enter the weight value and confirm with . The weight unit for the calibration weight (press to change) may differ from the unit in the instrument; conversion is automatic.

Afterward, the following message is displayed:

Setting SPAN by load

Weight value, weight unit and measuring signal in mV/V corresponding to this value are displayed in the [Calibrated at] line.

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | 1 kg |
| Deadload at | 165.11 kg | 0.057920 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | 1.052369 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Calibrated at | 2000 kg | 0.701579 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Sensitivity | 876.97 $\frac{mV}{d}$ | 4.209600 $\frac{\mu V}{d}$ |
| by load | by mV/V | by data |
| | | Linear. |
| | | Test |

Set SPAN failed No stability

The scale is not stable.
Remedial action: Check the mechanical function of the scale; adapt the filter setting; reduce the resolution; if necessary, adapt the stability conditions.

Set SPAN failed
Load below deadload

The weight on the scale is less than the dead load after input of the weight value.

The next step is calculation of the test value with [Test] (see Chapter 0), and calibration is completed with ϵ_{cal} (see Chapter 4.5.12).

Determining span without weight

| WP A/Calibration | | | | |
|------------------|------------|------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| Max | 3000 d | | 3000 kg | |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | | 1 kg | |
| Deadload at | 3.00 kg | | 0.001000 | $\frac{\text{mV}}{\text{V}}$ |
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | | 0.000000 | $\frac{\text{mV}}{\text{V}}$ |
| Not calibrated | | | | |
| Sensitivity | 833.33 | $\frac{\text{mV}}{\text{d}}$ | 4.000000 | $\frac{\mu\text{V}}{\text{d}}$ |
| by load | by mV/V | by data | Linear. | Test |

4.5.7 Calibration with mV/V Value

The scale can be calibrated without weights. During input of the load cell mV/V value, the acceleration of gravity at the place of installation can be taken into account. The STAR load cell data is based on the acceleration of gravity effective at Hamburg, Germany: 9.81379 m/s². Calculation of the average load cell sensitivity:

With D1 specification load cells, the use of sensitivity C given in the data sheet is sufficient. The average load cell sensitivity C_{Avr} is calculated as follows:

$$C_{Avr} = \frac{\frac{C1}{Ra1} + \frac{C2}{Ra2} + \dots + \frac{Cn}{Ran}}{\frac{1}{Ra1} + \frac{1}{Ra2} + \dots + \frac{1}{Ran}}$$

The formula is simplified when the output resistance Ra for the load cells is almost equal:

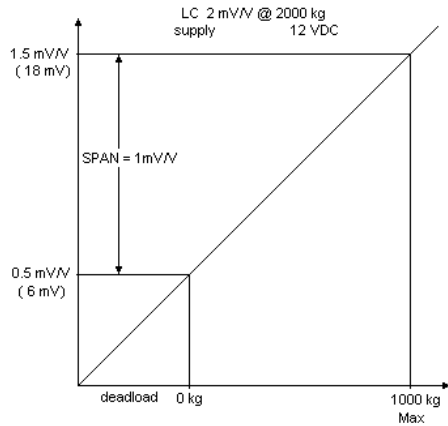
$$C_{Avr} = \frac{1}{n} \sum C$$

Span: Calculation of the equivalent input voltage in mV/V
Span indicates the equivalent input voltage in mV/V related to the maximum capacity (Max) of the scale. It is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Span [mV/V]} = \frac{\text{maximum capacity} * \text{load cell sensitivity } C_{Avr} \text{ [mV/V]}}{\text{load cell capacity (nominal load * number of load cells)}}$$

Dead load: Calculation of the equivalent input voltage in mV/V
The input voltage in mV/V equivalent to the dead load can be calculated by using the dead load rather than the maximum capacity in the formula specified above. Normally, calculation of the dead load (scale without load/empty hopper) is not necessary. Subsequent dead load correction (as described in Chapter 0) can be used for later re-determination of the dead load, when the scale/hopper is empty.

Example: Load cell(s) with rated output of 2mV/V at nominal load of 2000 kg, dead load 500 kg, load cell supply voltage 12 VDC



The calibration dialog provides an overview of all settings:

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Max | 1000 d | 1000 kg |
| Scale interval | 1000 d | 1 kg |
| Deadload at | 500.00 kg | 0.500000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Max at | 1000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Calibrated at | 1000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Sensitivity | 2500.00 $\frac{mV}{d}$ | 12.000000 $\frac{\mu V}{d}$ |

After selecting [mV/V], the values for the Max and for the dead load (if necessary) can be entered.

The next step is calculation of the test value with [Test] (see Chapter 0), and calibration is completed by pressing **Exit** (see Chapter 4.5.12).

4.5.8 Calibration with Load Cell Data (“Smart Calibration“)

This is the simplest method for 'calibration without weights', as no calculation is necessary.

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Max | 3000 d | 3000 kg |
| Scale interval | 3000 d | 1 kg |
| Deadload at | 3.00 kg | 0.001000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | 0.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Not calibrated | | |
| Sensitivity | 833.33 $\frac{mV}{d}$ | 4.000000 $\frac{\mu V}{d}$ |
| by load | by mV/V | by data |
| Linear. | | Test |

Start by pressing [by data].

| WP A/Calibration/Loadcell configuration | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Number of loadcells | 4 |
| Nominal load | 3000 kg |
| Gravity | 9.81379 m/s ² |
| Hysteresis error | not specified |
| Certified data | all LC same |
| LC sensitivity | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Enter | Calc |

| WP A/Calibration/Loadcell configuration | |
|---|------------------|
| LC resistance | 600.000 Ω |
| Enter | Calc |

[Number of load cells]

Number of load cells connected in parallel (1, 2...<4>...9, 10)

[Nominal load]

Nominal load E_{\max} of a load cell (not the overall nominal weight of the scale).

[Gravity]

Acceleration of gravity at the place of installation; default is the value for Hamburg, Germany, 9.81379 m/s².

[Hysteresis error]

When switching from [Not specified] to [Specified], values for [Correction A/B] must be filled in. The data is given on the load cell certificate.



[Certified data], [LC sensitivity], [LC resistance]

With [all LC same] only 1 value for the sensitivity [LC sensitivity] and the output resistance [LC resistance] must be filled in. With [each LC specific] individual values for each load cell are requested.

[Calc]


The mV/V value is calculated and after confirmation with [OK], the calculated mV/V value is stored in the calibration data.

4.5.9 Subsequent Dead Load Correction

If the hopper/platform weight changes by an amount that is higher than the zero-setting range; e.g., due to dead load reduction, dead load increase or mechanical changes, the functions for automatic zero tracking and manual zero setting no longer work. To view the range which is already utilized by zero tracking or zero setting, in [Calibration] press the  key; this also activates 10-fold increased resolution of the weight value. Press  again to return to the previous state:

Current zero setting: 0.123 kg

If the entire zero-setting range is already utilized, you can still correct the dead load (CAL switch must be open) without affecting other calibration data/parameters.

To do this, select -[Calibration]-[Modify] and determine the dead load with [Deadload at]-[by load] (see Chapter 0).

4.5.10 Linearization

After selecting -[Calibration]-[New]/[Modify] and after completing calibration, select the linearization menu with softkey [Linear.]:

| | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| by load | by mV/V | by data | Linear. | Test |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|

When you press [Linear.] the menu shown below appears:

| WP A/Calibration/Linearisation | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Add | by mV/V | by load |

To add a new linearization point, press [Add], fill in the weight value, apply the weight and press [by load]. Then fill in the corresponding value in mV/V for the weight. After pressing [mV/V], the value can be entered directly.

Up to 3 linearization points can be determined.

A linearization point can be added with [Add], removed with [Delete] and changed with [Change].

| WP A/Calibration/Linearisation | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Lin. point | 750 kg | 0.250010 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| 2. Lin. point | 1500 kg | 0.500020 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| 3. Lin. point | 2250 kg | 0.750040 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Max at | 3000.00 kg | 1.000000 $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| Add | Change | Delete |
| | by mV/V | by load |

A linearization point can be selected with , changed with [Change] and deleted with [Delete].

4.5.11 Test Value Determination / Display

Press [Test] to activate test value calculation. The maximum capacity (Max) is displayed with the designation **TST** without a weight unit.

| WP A/Calibration | |
|------------------|------|
| | Test |

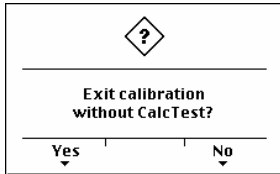
Depending on the settings under -[Calibration]-[Param]-[Test mode], either is shown when you press to view the test data.

| | |
|----------|------|
| TST + | 3000 |
|----------|------|

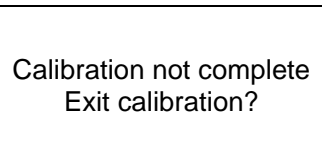
- the maximum capacity with [Absolute], or
- the deviation from the test value with [Relative]

4.5.12 Finishing / Saving the Calibration


Finish the calibration with .

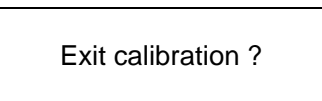


You are prompted to confirm whether calibration should be closed without determining the test value.

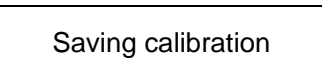


If not all data was determined when calibrating with [New] (e.g. dead load not set/entered), this message is shown:

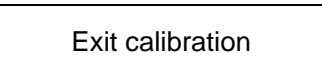
Press [Yes] to confirm and then press  again; another prompt is displayed:



Press [Save] to save changes in calibration data. If you press [Undo], changes are not saved and the display returns to the selection menu for the weighing points.



Confirm, or



close the menu.

After finishing the calibration, set the CAL switch to the closed position; see also Chapter 4.1.1.

4.5.13 Parameter Input

Open the menu via -[Calibration]-[Param]

| WP A/Calibration | |
|------------------|----------|
| Measuretime | ↕ 160 ms |
| Digital filter | bessel |
| Fcut | 3.00 Hz |
| Test mode | absolute |
| W & M | none |
| Standstill time | 0.50 s |
| Standstill range | 1.00 d |

This line is shown only, if the filter is on.

[Measuretime]

Select the measuretime; possible values: 5, 10, 20, 40, 80, 160, 320, 640, 960, 1280, 1600 ms. In 'legal-for-trade' mode select ≤ 1 s.

[Digital filter]

The digital filter can be switched on only with the measuretime set to ≤ 160 ms. Select the filter characteristic: [off], [bessel], [aperiod.], [butterw.], [tscheby.].

[Fcut]

Enter the cut-off frequency for the low-pass filter (0.1 – 80 Hz); the setting is dependent on the measuretime.

[Test mode]

With [Absolute], the test value is determined when the test is called. With [Relative], the deviation from the initially stored test value is displayed; see Chapter 0.

[W & M]

Setting for 'legal-for-trade' mode; select [None], [OIML], [NTEP] (for USA) or [NSC] (for Australia); see Chapter 0.

[Standstill time]

Parameters [Standstill range] and [Standstill time] are required for determining the mechanical stability of the scale. Input in seconds; permissible range: 0.01 to 2 sec. If 0 is set, stability is not checked. The stability time must not be less than the measurement time.

[Standstill range]

The mechanical stability of the scale can be detected as long as any changes in the weight value are within this range; permissible range 0.01d to 10.00d. In 'legal-for-trade' mode, select ≤ 1 d.

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|-------|---|
| Tare timeout | 2.5 | s |
| Zeroset range | 50.00 | d |
| Zerotrack range | 0.25 | d |
| Zerotrack step | 0.25 | d |
| Zerotrack time | 0.0 | s |
| Overload | 9 | d |

[Tare timeout]

Enter a timeout value between 0.1 and 25 s for a taring/zero set command that cannot be executed (e.g., if scale mechanically unstable, filter settings faulty, resolution too high, stability condition too narrow).

[Zeroset range]

Determine a +/- range around the zero point determined by the dead load during calibration; within this range:

- the displayed gross weight can be set to zero by pressing the zero-setting key (or by a corresponding external command), and
- automatic zero tracking is active

Available range: 0.00 d to 10000.00d

In 'legal-for-trade' mode a value ≤ 2 % of Max. must be entered. Example: 60 d for 3000e, class III.

[Zerotrack range]

Range within which automatic zero tracking compensates deviations; 0.25 to 10000.00d.

In 'legal-for-trade' mode a value of 0.25 d has to be entered.

[Zerotrack step]

Step for automatic tracking; 0.25 to 10d. In 'legal-for-trade' mode a value of 0.25 d has to be entered.

[Zerotrack time]

Enter a time interval for automatic zero tracking within 0.0 (tracking switched off) and 25 s.

In 'legal-for-trade' mode a value of 1 s has to be entered.

[Overload]

Weighing range above the maximum capacity (Max), without error message. Available range: 0 to 999900 d. In 'legal-for-trade' mode max. 9 d=e has to be entered.

| WP A/Calibration | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Min | 50 d |
| Range mode | Single range |

[Min]

Minimum weight at which a print command can still be executed. Range is 0 to 999900 d. In 'legal-for-trade' mode min. 20 d has to be entered.

Legal-for-Trade Operation

Under -[Calibration]-[Param]-[W&M] you can choose between [none] and a legal-for-trade mode: [OIML], [NTEP] or [NSC].

| | [none] | [OIML] | [NTEP] | [NSC] |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Gross weight display | B | B | G | G |
| Min. meas. signal | 0.125 mV/V at 30000 d | 0.125 mV/V at 3000 e | 0.125 mV/V at 3000 e | 0.125 mV/V at 3000 e |
| | 0.25 mV/V at 60000 d | 0.25 mV/V at 6000 e | 0.25 mV/V at 6000 e | 0.25 mV/V at 6000 e |
| | | 0.42 mV/V at 10000 e | 0.42 mV/V at 10000 e | 0.42 mV/V at 10000 e |

If legal-for-trade operation is selected, the parameters (zero tracking etc.) must be set accordingly; they are not checked. The relevant CAL switches (see Chapter 4.1.1) must be sealed in the closed position.

Multiple Range Scale/Multi-Interval Scale

Range selection is controlled by three parameters under -[Calibration]-[Param].

| WP A/Calibration | | |
|------------------|---|----------------|
| Range mode | ↕ | Multiple range |
| Range limit 1 | | 1000 kg |
| Range limit 2 | | 2000 kg |

Select [Multiple range] or [Multi-interval]
Switch point from range 1 to 2
Switch point from range 2 to 3

Multiple range scale

With [Range mode] = [Multiple range], the scale has up to 3 ranges with different resolutions. The switch points [Range limit 1] and [Range limit 2] are the range limits. As soon as the gross weight exceeds range 1, the next higher range with the next higher interval becomes valid (1->2->5->10->20->50->100->200). When reducing the weight, the interval of the previous range is kept. When the gross weight is ≤ 0.25 d of range 1 and the scale is stable and not tared, the scale returns to range 1 with the corresponding interval.

Multi-interval scale

With [Range mode] = [Multi-interval], the scale has up to three ranges with different resolution. Each range has the corresponding interval. Unlike [Multiple range], switching the interval is also triggered by weight reduction; i.e., when the weight drops below the range limits.

During calibration, the multiple range/multi-interval function is always switched off.

The weight display header (VNC) includes the current range (R1, R2, R3), Max, Min and d (or e with legal-for-trade instruments) (Example: multiple range scale in range 2):

| | | | | | |
|-------------|----|-----|--------|----|-----|
| WP-A | R2 | Max | 2000kg | | |
| | | Min | 40kg | e= | 2kg |

The ranges are marked by points on the left side of the display.

Range 1



Range 2



Range 3

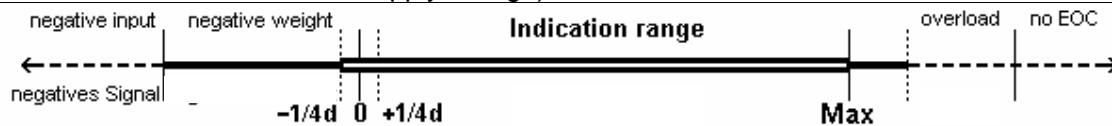


4.6 ERROR MESSAGES

4.6.1 Measuring Circuit Error Messages

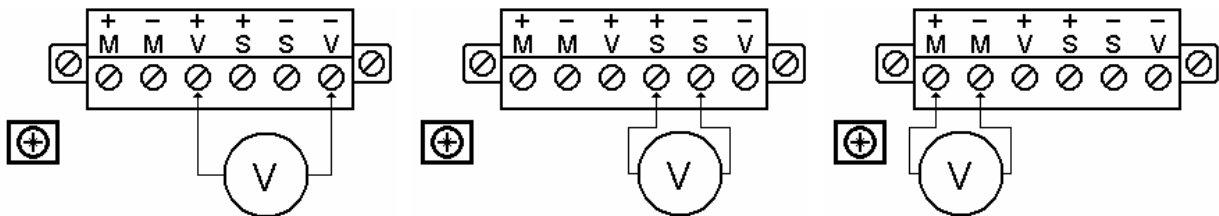
The weighing electronics can generate error messages, which are output on the weight display.

| Display | VNC text | Cause |
|---------|------------------|--|
| EPPOP1 | Arith err | Internal arithmetic overflow (faulty calibration values) |
| EPPOP2 | Overload | Input voltage is higher than Max + (x d) |
| EPPOP3 | No EOC | Input signal is higher than the permissible range of 36 mV. However, the trouble cause can also be due to an error in the analog section, to a defective load cell or to a cable break |
| EPPOP6 | No sense voltage | Load cells not connected. Sense line or supply line is interrupted or connected with wrong polarity or sense voltage is low |
| EPPOP7 | Negative Input | Input voltage is negative (e.g. wrong polarity of load cell signal or supply voltage) |



Testing the Measuring Circuit

A simple test with the load cells connected can be carried out with a multimeter (not with external supply or intrinsically safe load cell interface):



12 VDC +/- 0.8 V
(symmetrical to housing GND)

12 VDC +/- 0.8 V
(symmetrical to housing GND)

0 - 12 mVDC @ LC with 1.0 mV/V
0 - 24 mVDC @ LC with 2.0 mV/V
Measuring voltage

Supply voltage

Sense voltage

4.6.2 General Error Messages

| Display | Cause |
|---------|---|
| EPP 21 | The BIOS is too old for the firmware |
| EPP 22 | The firmware is too old for the BIOS |
| EPP 23 | Starting is not possible; ROM error |
| EPP 25 | The plug-in card combination is not permissible |
| EPP 29 | Flashing failed |
| EPP 31 | The IP address is faulty, e.g. item > 255 |
| EPP 32 | The IP address is already used |
| EPP 33 | Wrong parameter |
| EPP 41 | Fatal system error |
| EPP 42 | Fatal control system error |

4.7 CONFIGURING GENERAL PARAMETERS

The configuration of parameters which are not related to the weighing electronics is divided into several sections (see Chapter 4.4.5).

4.7.1 Date and Time

Select -[Date & Time] to set date and time.




| Setup/Clock | |
|-------------|------------|
| Date | 2005-08-17 |
| Time | 16:21:52 |

Date and time can be overwritten

4.7.2 Serial Ports

To configure the serial interfaces, press  and select [Serial ports parameter].

| Setup |
|--------------------------|
| ▶ Serial ports parameter |
| ▶ Date & Time |
| ▶ Operating parameter |
| ▶ Printing parameter |



Select [Serial ports parameter] with /
and 

| Setup/Serial ports | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Printer | ↕ Standard RS232 |
| Remote display | Slot1 RS232 |
| JBUS/MOD-Bus | Slot2 RS485 |
| SMA | |
| Param | |

[Printer]

Select the serial interface to which the printer is connected. Select [Param] to define the transfer characteristics:





| Setup/Serial ports/Built-in RS232 | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Assigned to | Printer |
| Protocol | ↕ XON/XOFF |
| Baudrate | 9600 bd |
| Bits | 7 |
| Parity | even |
| Stopbits | 1 |
| Output mode | raw |

Press / to select the following:
XON/XOFF, RTS/CTS, W&M Printer, no printer
300, 600, 19200, 38400
7, 8
no, odd, even
1, 2
raw, CR/LF translation

[Remote display]

Select the serial interface to which the remote display is connected and then select [Param] to define the [Baudrate] and the remote display type [Mode] connected.

| Setup/Serial ports/Built-in RS232 | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Assigned to | Remote display |
| Protocol | Remote display |
| Baudrate | 9600 bd |
| Bits | 7 |
| Parity | even |
| Stopbits | 1 |
| Mode | single transmitter |

Select [Baudrate] with / and set the baud rate with /

The available baud rates are 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800 or 9600. The parameters (displayed in light-gray) cannot be changed.

If only 1 instrument is connected to a PR1627/8 (normal case), [Mode] must be set to [single transmitter].





For a PR1577 remote display [PR 1577 mode] has to be set.

If more than 1 instrument are connected to 1 remote display, [Mode] must be set to [multiple transmitters].

At [Device Id] the own instrument address (A, B, C ...) has to be entered, at [Next Device Id] the address of the subsequent instrument has to be entered.


[JBUS/MOD-Bus]

| Setup/Serial ports/Built-in RS232 | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Assigned to | JBUS/MOD-Bus |
| Protocol | JBUS/MOD-Bus |
| Baudrate | 9600 bd |
| Bits | 8 |
| Parity | even |
| Stopbits | 1 |
| Slave | 1 |

Select [Baudrate] with / and set the baud rate with /

None, odd or even

Select an address; 1 to 255

Press  to return to the [Serial ports parameter] setup menu. When you close this menu, the following messages are displayed if at least one setting was changed:

Save settings

Start JBUS/MOD-Bus

The JBUS/MOD bus protocol is described in Chapter 4.9.





4.7.3 SMA Protocol

Select an RS-485 interface under -[Serial ports parameter].

| Setup/Serial ports | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Printer | - none - |
| Remote display | Slot1 RS232 |
| JBUS/MOD-Bus | Slot2 RS485 |
| SMA | Slot1 RS485 |
| Param | |


Only the baud rate is adjustable; the other parameters are fixed.

| Setup/Serial ports/Slot1 RS485 | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Assigned to | SMA |
| Protocol | SMA |
| Baudrate | 9600 bd |
| Bits | 8 |
| Parity | none |
| Stopbits | 1 |

Press / to select [Baudrate] and set the baud rate with /





The SMA protocol is described in Chapter 4.8.

4.7.4 EW Protocol

At configuration of serial ports -[Serial ports parameter] a serial port for [Asycom] has to be selected and the protocol and communication parameters have to be set.

| Setup/Serial ports | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Printer | - none - |
| Remote display | Slot1 RS232 |
| JBUS/MOD-Bus | none |
| SMA | none |
| Asycom | Slot1 RS485 |
| Param | |

| Setup/Serial ports/Slot1 RS485 | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Assigned to | Asycom |
| Protocol | Asycom V1 |
| Baudrate | 9600 bd |
| Bits | 8 |
| Parity | even |
| Stopbits | 1 |
| Slave | A |

Select V1, V2 or V3
 Select e.g. [Baudrate] with / and with / the transfer parameter
 Fixed setting
 Fixed setting
 Select A - Z

The PR 1612 Instructions for the EW-Protocol are described in chapter 6 .

4.7.5 Operating Parameters

Define the basic operating parameters under -[Operating parameter].

| Setup/Operating parameter | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Address | A |
| PIN | ***** |
| Use alibimemory | none |
| Sequencenumber | 0 |
| SetTareKey | tare & reset tare |
| SetZeroKey | only when not tared |
| ShowGrossTarekey | enabled |
| PrintKey | enabled |
| Testkey | enabled |

[Address]

Device address; e.g. for print-out.

[PIN]

The access code can be used to protect the [Setup] from unauthorized operation. Enter a number with up to 6 digits. As long as you are in this menu, the value can be overwritten as required.

[Use alibimemory]

The dataset to be stored in the alibi memory can be defined:

[none] - nothing, [Gross] - Gross weight, [Net] - Net weight, [Gross,Net,Tare], [Gross,Net], [Gross,Tare].

[Sequencenumber]

Number may appear (selectable) on the print-out too, is incremented automatically (max. 999999) and can be set here.

[SetTareKey]

The function of the tare key on the keypad can be configured:

[tare & reset tare]: the scale is tared if it was not tared previously; otherwise, tare is reset.

[tare & tare again]: when you press the [Tare] key, the current value is stored in the tare memory and a net weight of 0 is displayed. [disabled]: The key has no function.

[SetZeroKey]

[only when not tared]: The function of the zero-setting key on the keypad can be limited to gross mode. [reset tare on zeroset]: The zero-setting key switches the scale to gross mode automatically.

If the zero-setting key with these settings has no effect, the configured zero-setting range (around the zero-point set with the dead load) is already utilized due to a previous zero-setting operation and/or automatic zero setting. [disabled]: The key has no function.

[ShowGrossTarekey], [PrintKey], [Testkey]

The front panel keys for selecting between gross, net and tare, for starting a print command and for starting the analog test can be de-activated by [disabled]. With [enabled], operation is possible.

Answer on the instrument display, if disabled keys are pressed.

Save changes?

To close the menu, press **[Exit]**. Press [Yes] to save the data, or [No] to close the menu without changing data.

4.7.6 Printing Parameters

| Setup |
|--------------------------|
| ▸ Serial ports parameter |
| ▸ Date & Time |
| ▸ Operating parameter |
| ▸ Printing parameter |

Press / and to select [Printing parameter]

| Setup/Printing parameter | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Print mode | ↕ Print selected items |
| 1. Item | Sequencenumber |
| 2. Item | Grossweight |
| 3. Item | CR/LF |
| 4. Item | -none- |
| 5. Item | -none- |
| 6. Item | -none- |

Select [Print selected items] or [via NiceLabel]

When selecting item [via Nice Label] under [Print mode], printing with Nice Label Express (NLE) is configured. The NLE program is available commercially.

When you select item [Print selected items] under [Print mode], you can compose a printout of 6 positions from the following list.

[Sequencenumber]

Current sequence number, max. 6 digits, after #999999 the #000001 is following.

[CR/LF], [Formfeed]

Carriage return and line feed, form feed.

[Deviceaddress]

Address of the instrument (A, B ... Z).

[-none-]

Nothing is printed. The function can be used for printing less than 6 data items.

[displayedweight], [Grossweight], [Netweight], [Tareweight]

The displayed gross, net or tare weight is printed. If [OIML], [NTEP] or [NSC] has been selected, printing is done only, if the stability criteria is fulfilled, the weight is shown in '< >'. For [NTEP] or [NSC] the grossweight is indicated with G (else B).

[Date & Time]

The date and time are printed as DD.MM.YYYY HH:MM:SS .

Example for printing:

| | |
|---------|----------------|
| 1. Item | Date & Time |
| 2. Item | Sequencenumber |
| 3. Item | Grossweight |
| 4. Item | Netweight |
| 5. Item | CR/LF |
| 6. Item | -none- |

| | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| 17.01.2007 11:18:56 #009140 | <436 kg> B | <291 kg> N |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|

4.7.7 Fieldbus Parameters

| Setup |
|--------------------------|
| ▶ Serial ports parameter |
| ▶ Date & Time |
| ▶ Operating parameter |
| ▶ Printing parameter |
| ▶ Fieldbus parameter |

Select [Fieldbus parameter] with and

This menu item can only be selected if a Fieldbus card is installed in Slot 4.

Fieldbus Protocols

Which protocol is displayed automatically depends on the Fieldbus card installed:
 [Interbus-S] for PR 1721/32, [Profibus-DP] for PR 1721/31, [DeviceNet] for PR 1721/34,
 [EtherNet/IP] for PR 1721/37 and [ModBus TCP] for PR 5510/14.

| Setup/Fieldbus |
|-------------------------------|
| Fieldbus protocol Profibus-DP |

Which additional parameters are required, depends on the interface type:

[Interbus-S]

| Setup/Fieldbus |
|------------------------------|
| Fieldbus protocol Interbus-S |

[Profibus-DP]

| Setup/Fieldbusparameter |
|-------------------------------|
| Fieldbus protocol Profibus-DP |
| Profibus-DP Address 1 |

Enter address

[DeviceNet]

| Setup/Fieldbus |
|-----------------------------|
| Fieldbus protocol DeviceNet |
| DeviceNet baudrate 500k |
| DeviceNet MAC-ID 1 |

Press to select 500, 250 or 125 k

Select address 1 ... 62

[ModBus TCP] or [EtherNet/IP]

| Setup/Fieldbus |
|---------------------------------------|
| Fieldbus protocol ModBus TCP 100 MB/s |
| IP address 192.168.1.1 |
| Subnet mask 255.255.255.0 |

Enter IP-address


Enter Subnet mask

Closing the menu

| |
|---------------|
| Save changes? |
|---------------|

To close the menu, press . Reply [YES] to save the data, or [NO] to close the menu without changing data.

4.7.8 Network Parameters

You can configure settings for the network connections (built-in LAN adapter) under -[Network parameter].

| Setup/Network parameter | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| HW address | 00:90:6C:FB:E9:85 | Fixed address determined by the instrument |
| Hostname | PR5410-UDOWEIGH | Device name; user-definable* |
| Use DHCP | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Address is assigned by the server |
| IP Address | 172.24.21.82 | Address assigned by the server |
| Subnetmask | 255.255.240.0 | Mask for permissible IP address range |
| Standardgateway | 0.0.0.0 | IP number for gateway |
| Remote access | | |
| VNC-Client | 255.255.255.255 | Permissible client for operation of the instrument |

*The [Hostname] is subject to the following restrictions:
 Minimum number of characters: 2, maximum number of characters: 24
 The first character must be a letter. Spaces are not permitted.
 0-9, A-Z (upper and lower case letters are not distinguished) are permitted.
 - or . may be included, but neither at the end nor in succession.

When setting [IP address], [Subnet mask] and [Standardgateway], please consult with your network administrator.

You can configure access permissions for the address specified under [VNC client]:

| | | |
|------------|-----------------|---|
| VNC client | 0.0.0.0. | Access over VNC not permitted |
| VNC client | 172.24.21.101 | Access only from client machine with this address |
| VNC client | 172.24.21.255 | Access from any client with address within range 172.24.21.1 to 254 |
| VNC client | 255.255.255.255 | Access from client with any address |


4.8 LIMIT VALUES, DIGITAL INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

4.8.1 Conditions for Limit Values and Digital Inputs, States for Outputs

The limit values and digital inputs can be combined with conditions that must be met before an action is executed. With outputs, these conditions can be output as states directly. Selection is from the following list:

| Selection list for [condition] | | Explanation |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Function | SPM bit (dec) | Condition is met, if not true (=0) or if true (=1) |
| no condition | ----- | No condition |
| actual diginp1 | X00=0/1 | Digital input 1 |
| actual diginp2 | X01=0/1 | Digital input 2 |
| actual diginp3 | X02=0/1 | Digital input 3 |
| actual limit 1 | X16=0/1 | Limit signal 1 |
| actual limit 2 | X17=0/1 | Limit signal 2 |
| actual limit 3 | X18=0/1 | Limit signal 3 |
| ADC error | X32=0/1 | Error in load cell/ ADC area, negative/ far outside scale |
| above Max | X33=0/1 | Weight above Max |
| overload | X34=0/1 | Weight above (Max plus the range which is still permissible) |
| below zero | X35=0/1 | Weight below zero |
| center zero | X36=0/1 | Within 1/4 d of zero |
| inside ZSR | X37=0/1 | Within zero-setting range |
| standstill | X38=0/1 | Mechanical stability of the scale |
| dimmed | X39=0/1 | Weight below zero or above Max |
| command error | X48=0/1 | Command was no executed; e.g. zero-setting command, but the weight is out of the zero-setting range |
| command busy | X49=0/1 | Command is being executed |
| power fail | X50=0/1 | Set after power-on (=power failure) |
| test active | X56=0/1 | Analog test was started |
| cal active | X57=0/1 | Calibration was started |
| tare active | X58=0/1 | Tare step is active |
| marker bit 1 | X64=0/1 | Marker bit 1; after power-on, the markers are set to '0' |
| marker bit 2 | X65=0/1 | Marker bit 2, |
| marker bit 3 | X66=0/1 | Marker bit 3 |

4.8.2 Configuring Digital Inputs and Outputs

Press  and select [Digital I/O parameter] to open the configuration menu for outputs and inputs:

| Setup/Digital I/O parameter | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------|
| Output 1 | marker bit 1 | X64=1 |
| Output 2 | marker bit 2 | X65=1 |
| Output 3 | marker bit 3 | X66=1 |
| Input 1 on | -no action- | |
| Input 1 off | -no action- | |
| Input 2 on | -no action- | |
| Input 2 off | -no action- | |
| Input 3 on | -no action- | |
| Input 3 off | -no action- | |
| BCD out | | Gross |

4.8.3 Configuring Outputs

Configure the required function for [Output 1] to [Output 3] by selecting a signal from the list; see Chapter 4.8.1. The output goes to the corresponding state.

Example:

| Setup/Digital I/O parameter | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------|
| Output 1 | below zero | X35=1 |
| Output 2 | above Max | X33=0 |
| Output 3 | center zero | X36=1 |
| Input 1 on | -no action- | |

[Output 1] is true (active), when the weight value drops below zero (X35=1).
 [Output 2] remains (active), as long as the weight is not above Max (X33=0).
 [Output 3] is true (active), when the weight is zero +/- 1/4 d (X36=1).

4.8.4 Configuring Inputs

An action both for signal change from 0 to 1 (on) and from 1 to 0 (off) can be determined for each of the three inputs. The action may be dependent on another condition which must be met.

| Setup/Digital I/O parameter | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| Output 1 | marker bit 1 | | X64=1 |
| Output 2 | marker bit 2 | | X65=1 |
| Output 3 | marker bit 3 | | X66=1 |
| Input 1 on | ↕ | set tare | X113=1 |
| | Condition | no condition | ----- |
| Input 1 off | | -no action- | |
| Input 2 on | | -no action- | |
| Input 2 off | | -no action- | |
| Input 3 on | | -no action- | |
| Input 3 off | | -no action- | |
| BCD out | | | Gross |

1. Determining an action

Determine the action for the rising edge of input 1 under [Input 1 on] from the following list (here: When the input signal changes from 0 to 1, a tare command is generated).

Accordingly, an action for the falling edge can be determined.

Selection list for actions of the inputs [Input 1/2/3 on/off]

| Function | SPM bit | |
|--------------|---------|--|
| -no action- | ----- | No function |
| set marker 1 | X64=1 | Set marker 1 |
| set marker 2 | X65=1 | Set marker 2 |
| set marker 3 | X66=1 | Set marker 3 |
| select net | X72=1 | Select net |
| set zero | X112=1 | Set zero |
| set tare | X113=1 | Set tare |
| reset tare | X114=1 | Reset tare |
| set test | X115=1 | Activate the analog test |
| reset test | X116=1 | Finish the analog test |
| reset PWF | X117=1 | Reset power fail |
| set fixtare | X118=1 | Set fixtare (use the value in address D31 as a tare value) |
| get fixtare | X119=1 | Save gross value as fixtare in address D31 |
| set print | X120=1 | Activate a print order |
| clr marker 1 | X64=0 | Clear marker 1 |
| clr marker 2 | X65=0 | Clear marker 2 |
| clr marker 3 | X66=0 | Clear marker 3 |
| select gross | X72=0 | Save the gross weight in address D11 |

2. Determining a condition

The selected action of each digital input can be combined with a condition that must be met for signal change from 0 to 1 (on) or for signal change from 1 to 0 (off). Select the condition from the list; see Chapter 4.8.1. No condition is defined when selecting [no condition]; the action is executed directly.

Example: Taring via digital input, only if the instrument is set to gross:

| Setup/Digital I/O parameter | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------|
| Output 1 | | marker bit 1 | X64=1 |
| Output 2 | | marker bit 2 | X65=1 |
| Output 3 | | marker bit 3 | X66=1 |
| Input 1 on | | set tare | X113=1 |
| | Condition | ↕tare active | X58=0 |
| Input 1 off | | -no action- | |
| Input 2 on | | -no action- | |
| Input 2 off | | -no action- | |
| Input 3 on | | -no action- | |
| Input 3 off | | -no action- | |
| BCD out | | | Gross |

When input 1 changes from 0 to 1 [Input 1 on], a taring signal is activated only, if the condition under [Condition] is met (here: the scale was not tared previously; this is determined by [tare active X58=0]).

4.8.5 Configuring Limit Values

Each limit value consists of a switch-on and a switch-off point for definition of a hysteresis. The three pairs of values must be entered according to the same principle. The limit values always refer to the gross weight. Values between -0.01 x Max and 1.01 x Max of the relevant scale are permissible.

| Setup |
|--------------------------|
| ▶ Serial ports parameter |
| ▶ Date & Time |
| ▶ Operating parameter |
| ▶ Printing parameter |
| ▶ Fieldbus parameter |
| ▶ Network parameter |
| ▶ Calibration |
| ▶ Limit parameter |
| ▶ Digital I/O parameter |

Press / and to select [Limit parameter]

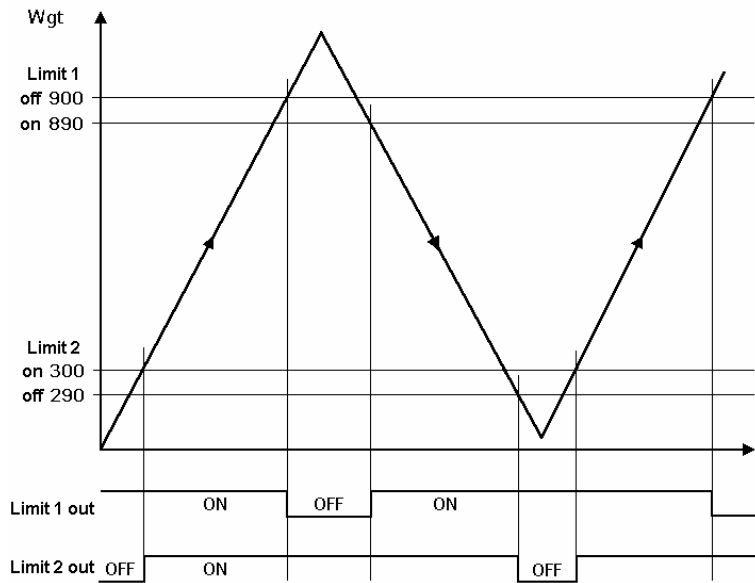
| Setup/Limit parameter | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-------------|
| Limit 1 on | | 890 kg |
| | Action | -no action- |
| Limit 1 off | | 900 kg |
| | Action | -no action- |
| Limit 2 on | | 300 kg |
| | Action | -no action- |
| Limit 2 off | | 290 kg |
| | Action | -no action- |

Determine the limit values

| Setup/Digital I/O parameter | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Output 1 | limit 1 out | X16= 1 |
| Output 2 | limit 2 out | X17= 1 |

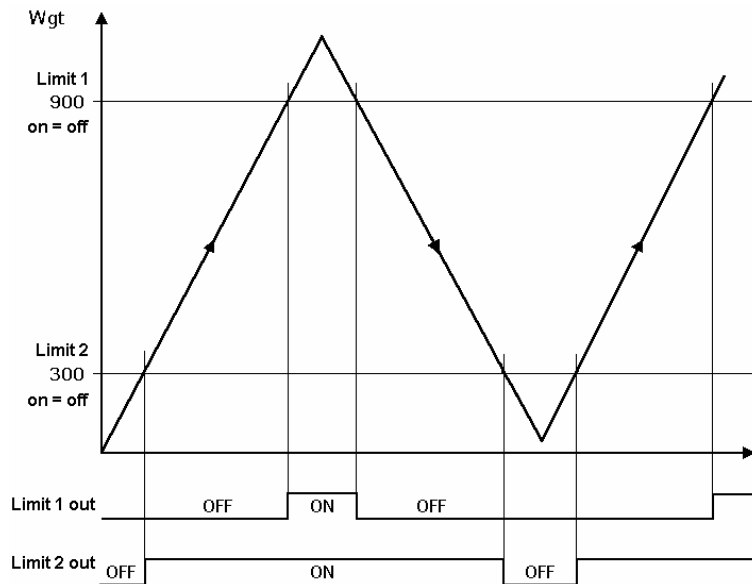
Assign the outputs

Example:



The output signal (Limit 1 out) of limit 1 switches OFF above a weight of 900 kg. The output signal (Limit 2 out) of limit 2 switches OFF below a weight of 290 kg. Both limit values have a hysteresis of 10 kg.

In the event of a power failure, the two outputs go to OFF, thus indicating underfill and overfill at the same time.



If the limits (Limit 1 and Limit 2) for 'On' and 'Off' are equal (on = off), output 1 (Limit 1 out) switches ON, when the weight (Wgt) exceeds the value and output 2 (Limit 2 out) switches OFF, when the weight drops below the value.

| Setup/Limit parameter | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|--------|
| Limit 1 on | | 900 kg |
| Action | ±set marker 1 | X64=1 |
| Condition | no condition | ----- |

1. Determining an action

Determine the action for the rising edge of the reference signal under [Limit 1 on] from the following list (here: Marker 1 is set when 900 kg are exceeded). Accordingly, an action for [Limit 1 off] can be determined.

| Function | SPM bit | |
|--------------|---------|--|
| -no action- | ---- | No function |
| set marker 1 | X64=1 | Set marker 1 |
| set marker 2 | X65=1 | Set marker 2 |
| set marker 3 | X66=1 | Set marker 3 |
| select net | X72=1 | Select net |
| set zero | X112=1 | Set zero |
| set tare | X113=1 | Set tare |
| reset tare | X114=1 | Reset tare |
| set test | X115=1 | Activate the analog test |
| reset test | X116=1 | Finish the analog test |
| reset PWF | X117=1 | Reset power fail |
| set fixtare | X118=1 | Set fixtare (use the value in address D31 as a tare value) |
| get fixtare | X119=1 | Save gross value as fixtare in address D31 |
| set print | X120=1 | Activate print order ? |
| clr marker 1 | X64=0 | Clear marker 1 |
| clr marker 2 | X65=0 | Clear marker 2 |
| clr marker 3 | X66=0 | Clear marker 3 |
| select gross | X72=0 | Save the gross weight in address D11 |

2. Determining a condition

Additionally, a condition [Condition] can be assigned to the signal; see Chapter 4.8.4.

4.8.6 BCD Output

As a prerequisite for using the BCD output, a BCD card must be installed; see Chapter 3.4.6 and Chapter 3.4.7.

| Setup/Digital I/O parameter | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------|
| Output 1 | marker bit 1 | X64=1 |
| Output 2 | marker bit 2 | X65=1 |
| Output 3 | marker bit 3 | X66=1 |
| Input 1 on | -no action- | |
| Input 1 off | -no action- | |
| Input 2 on | -no action- | |
| Input 2 off | -no action- | |
| Input 3 on | -no action- | |
| Input 3 off | -no action- | |
| BCD out | ± | Gross |

[BCD out]

- [Gross]
- [Net if tared]
- [Selected]
- [Transparent]

Output as BCD with max. 5 decades with minus or plus sign and status:




- Gross weight
- Net weight if tared, else gross weight
- Gross or Net, depending on SPM-Bit X72
- The value in D20 is output as BCD

4.9 ANALOG OUTPUT

Max. 1 PR5510/07 card can be mounted in Slot 1/2.

Determine the analog output under -[Analog output parameter].

| Setup |
|---------------------------|
| ▸ Serial ports parameter |
| ▸ Date & Time |
| ▸ Operating parameter |
| ▸ Printing parameter |
| ▸ Fieldbus parameter |
| ▸ Network paramter |
| ▸ Calibration |
| ▸ Limit parameter |
| ▸ Digital I/O parameter |
| ▸ Analog output parameter |

Press / and  to select [Analog output parameter]

| Setup/Analog output parameter | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Analog mode | ↕ no output |
| Analog range | 0 ... 20 mA |
| Output on error | 0 mA |
| Output if < 0 | 0 mA |
| Output if > Max | 20 mA |
| Weight at 0/4 mA | 0 kg |
| Weight at 20 mA | 3000 kg |

| | | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| [Analog mode] | [no output] [Gross D08] [Net if tared D09] [Select D11] [Transparent D30] | The analog output is not used Output of the gross weight Output of the net weight Output Gross or Net, depending on SPM-Bit X72 Output of the value in D30 |
| [Analog range] | [0...20 mA] [4...20 mA] | Output of 0... 20 mA Output of 4... 20 mA |
| [Output on error] | [0 mA] [4 mA] [20 mA] [hold] | Set the output to 0 mA Set the output to 4 mA Set the output to 20 mA The last output value is held |
| [Output if < 0] | [0 mA] [4 mA] [20 mA] [linear] | Set the output to 0 mA Set the output to 4 mA Set the output to 20 mA The output drops below 4 mA up to the limitation (at 4 .. 20 mA) |
| [Output if > Max] | [0 mA] [4 mA] [20 mA] [linear] | Set the output to 0 mA Set the output to 4 mA Set the output to 20 mA The output exceeds 20 mA up to the limitation |
| [Weight at 0/4 mA] | | Weight value for 0/4 mA output |

[Weight at 20 mA] Weight value for 20 mA output
 Press to return to the previous menu [Configuration].

4.9.1 Adapting the Analog Output

The output current can be adapted in small ranges. This is required, if small deviations from the nominal value occur in a connected PLC.

Press and select [Show HW-slots]-[Slot 1/2 PR5510/07 analog I/O] to open the menu:

| Info/HW-Slots | | |
|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| ▶ | Builtin | RS 232 |
| ▶ Slot 1 | PR 5510/07 | analog I/O |
| ▶ Slot 2 | | -empty- |
| ▶ Slot 3 | Builtin | Digital I/O |
| ▶ Slot 4 | PR 1721/31 | Profibus-DP |

PR 5510/07 is fitted in Slot 1

Select [PR 5510/07 analog I/O] and confirm with .

| Info/HW-Slots | |
|--------------------|-----------|
| PR5510/07 on slot | 1 |
| In use by PLC task | 2 |
| Analog output | 0.0000 mA |
| Stop PLC | Stop I/O |
| Adjust | Reset |

Select with /

Press [Adjust]

Adapt analog output ?

Safety prompt: Reply [Yes] to start adapting.

| Info/HW-Slots/Adjust Analog Output Slot 1 | |
|---|----------|
| Output | 4.000 mA |
| Measured | 4.004 mA |

Enter e.g. the value for 4 mA measured by the connected PLC under [Measured].
 After pressing , the 2nd value (20 mA) is displayed:

| Info/HW-Slots/Adjust Analog Output Slot 1 | |
|---|-----------|
| Output | 20.000 mA |
| Measured | 20.010 mA |

Enter e.g. the value for 20 mA measured by the connected PLC under [Measured].

Save settings ?

Reply [Yes] to validate the changes, or [No] to keep the previous values.

If you want to return to the factory settings (4 mA and 20 mA):
 Press [Reset]: A safety prompt is displayed:

Reset to default ?

Reply [Yes] for reset to the factory settings, or [No], if you want to keep the entered values unchanged.

4.10 ALIBI MEMORY

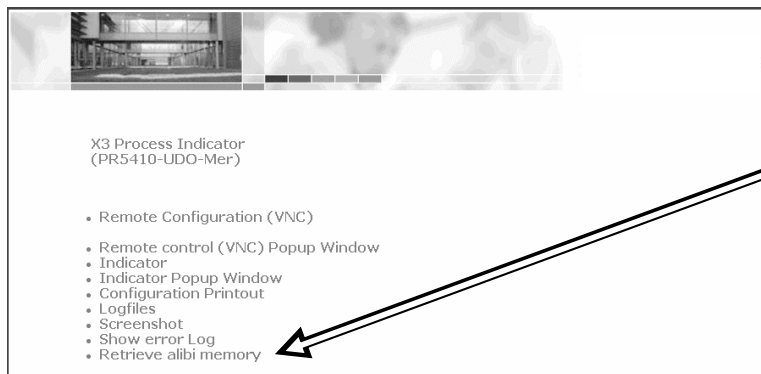
The instrument is equipped with an alibi memory for approx. 80000 items. If the number is exceeded, the eldest items are overwritten. No license is required for using the alibi memory. At each print command a dataset with a sequence number is filed. The dataset can comprise of up to 3 items (Gross, Net and Tare).

Each item consists of :

- Sequence number 1 - 999999
- Date YYYY-MM-DD
- Time hh:mm:ss
- Scale address Always A
- Weight type B = Gross, N = Net, T = Tare, PT = Preset tare
- Weight with unit Separation of decimals is done by the decimal point

Depending on the configuration (Using front keys: oP 063) Gross- and/or Net- and/or Tare weight is filed, see chapter 4.3.3 . Display of the datasets using VNC see chapter 4.4.3 .

The alibi memory can be completely erased, if the CAL switch is open, using front keys (AL 101).



With the Browser the datasets can be exported as CSV file for later evaluation as EXCEL file.

The CSV file uses the 'comma' as separator between the different elements of an item. Consequently in the EXCEL program a conversion has to be activated to receive only one element per column. The sequence number is preceded by an additional line number.

Example (Dataset as CSV-file):

```
Line,Seq.No.,Date,Time,WP,Type,Weight
55,13,2007-05-22,16:26:05,A,B,"12.450 kg"
56,13,2007-05-22,16:26:05,A,N,"10.400 kg"
57,13,2007-05-22,16:26:05,A,T,"2.050 kg"
```

After conversion in EXCEL:

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
|---|------|----------|------------|----------|----|------|-----------|
| 1 | Line | Seq. No. | Date | Time | WP | Type | Weight |
| 2 | 55 | 13 | 22.05.2007 | 16:26:05 | A | B | 12.450 kg |
| 3 | 56 | 13 | 22.05.2007 | 16:26:05 | A | N | 10.400 kg |
| 4 | 57 | 13 | 22.05.2007 | 16:26:05 | A | T | 2.050 kg |

Take care: EXCEL can import at maximum 65536 lines, if these are exceeded, the CSV-file has to be divided previously.

4.11 CONFIGUREIT PROFESSIONAL

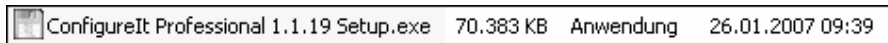
The program ConfigureIt Professional has got the following features:

- Searching for an instrument in a network
- Creating and modifying of an instrument configuration
- Entering the parameters of an instrument
- Calibration of an instrument using the following methods:
 - with test weights
 - with mV/V
 - with load cell data ('smart calibration')
- Loading an instrument configuration from an instrument
- Storing an instrument configuration in an instrument or in a file
- Copying instrument configurations (cloning)
- Creating a document (PDF, XLS, etc.) with the instrument configuration

4.11.1 Installation

The installation is done from the CD-ROM, delivered with the instrument. It is recommended to close further application programs running on the PC. For installation approx. 150 MByte is required on the hard disk. For RAM 256 MB is necessary, with a 2GHz processor approx. 5 minutes installation time have to be considered.

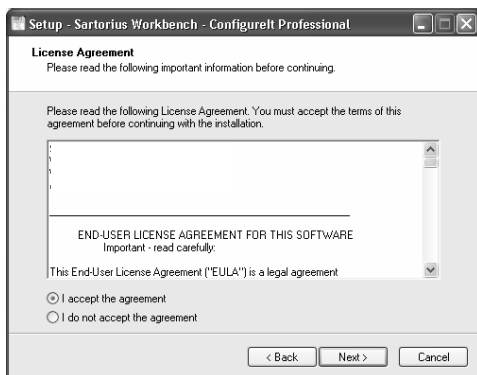
Start the program ConfigureIt Professional ... Setup.exe:



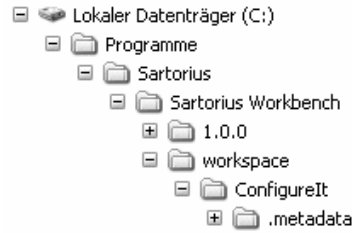
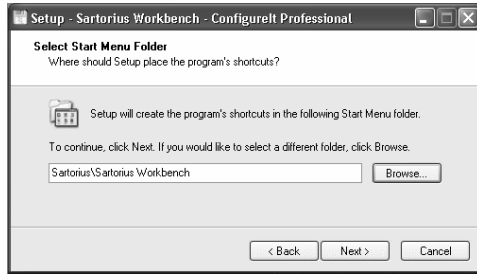
- Next step for installation
- Return to previous step
- Cancel the installation process



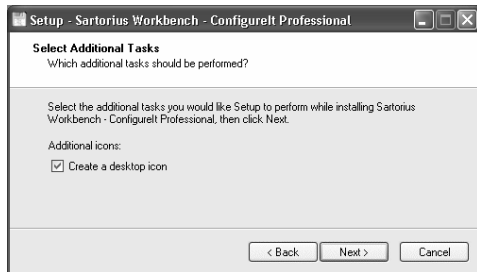
Instruction for closing of further application programs.



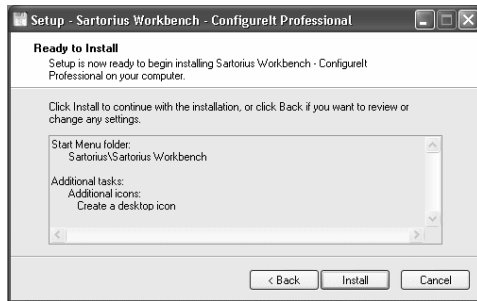
Read the license agreement and confirm the acceptance with clicking on [I accept the agreement].



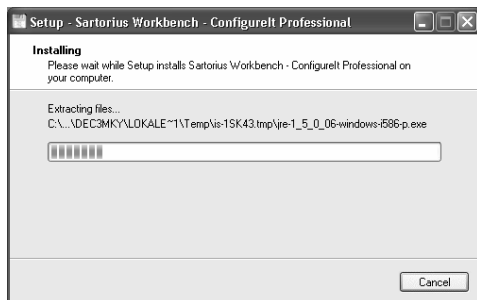
The folder where the programs and configurations are placed is shown. With [Browse] a different folder can be searched and defined.



To create an icon on the PC desktop for easy starting of the program the box has to be activated.



Continue the installation with [Install].



The progress of installation is displayed, the installation may last some minutes depending on the performance of the PC.



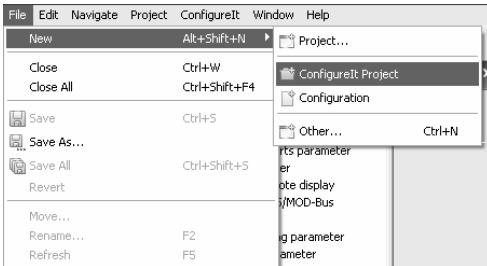
If the start box is activated, the ConfigureIt Professional is directly started if [Finish] is pressed.

4.11.2 Program Start

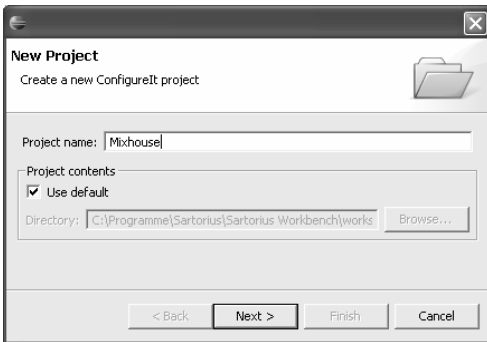


If the program has already been installed previously (see chapter 4.11.1), it can be started with the icon on the desktop:

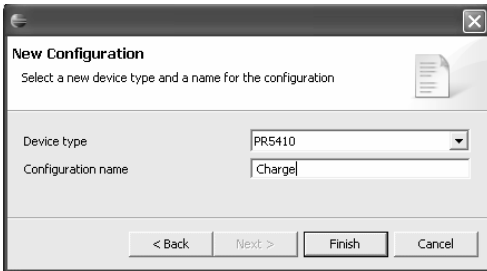
Define a New Project



Select [File]-[New]-[ConfigureIt Project].

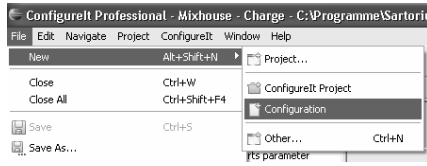


Enter the project name, this is the name of the folder and press [Next >].

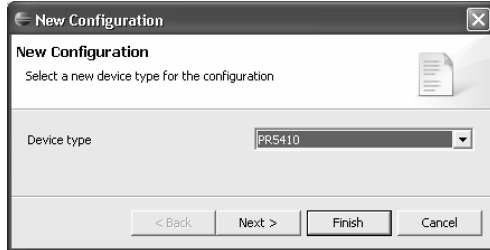


The device type [X3 (PR5410)] has to be selected and a configuration name (file) has to be defined, continue with [Finish].

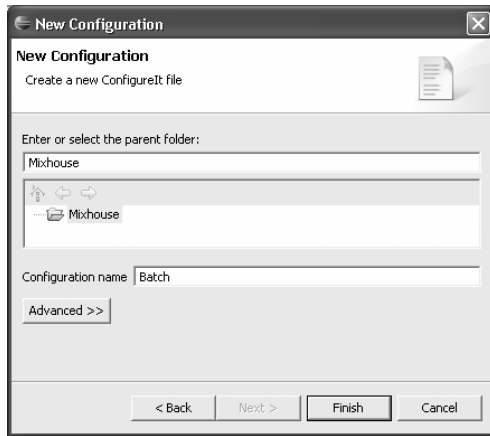
Define a New Configuration



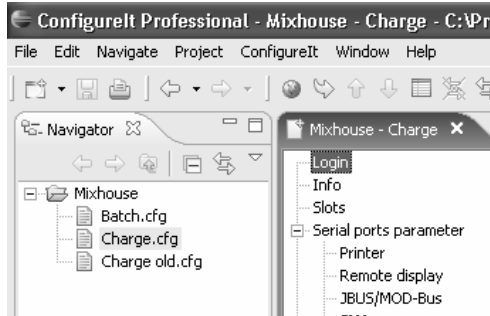
A new configuration is defined with [File]-[New]-[Configuration].



Select the instrument Type [X3 (PR5410)] and continue with [Next >].

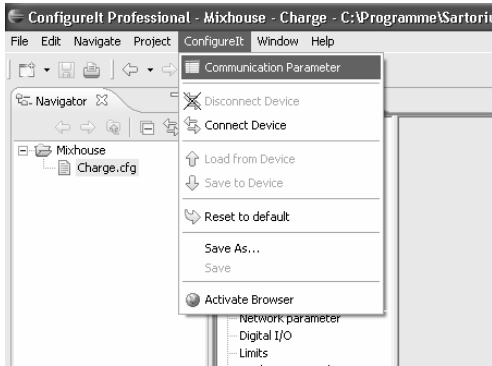


Enter or select the folder, where the configuration has to be placed and enter the name for the configuration. Continue with [Finish].

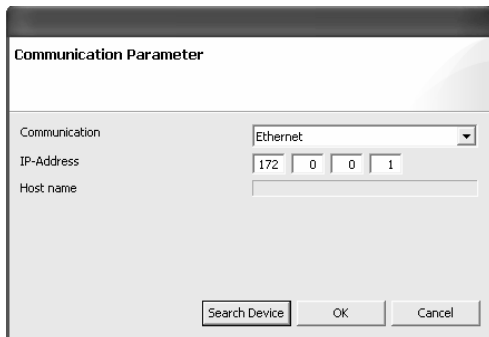


In the Navigator the new configuration [Batch.cfg] is shown in the folder [Mixhouse].

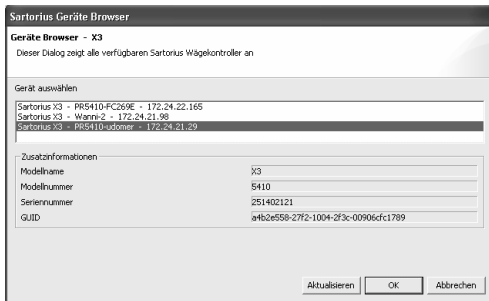
4.11.3 Establish Communication to the Instrument



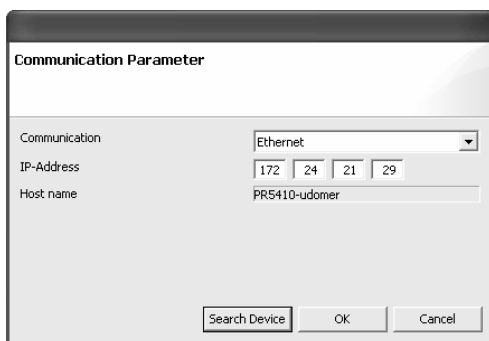
In the Navigator area the folder 'Mixhouse' with the configuration 'Charge.cfg' is present. After double click on the [Charge.cfg] and click on [Login] with [ConfigureIt] - [Communication Parameter] the interface to the instrument can be set.



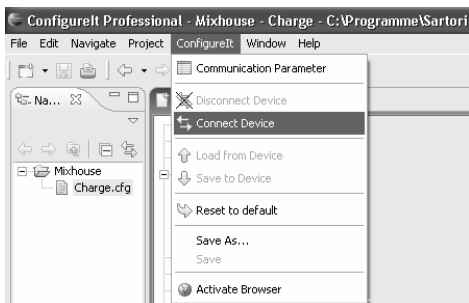
With [Search Device] all instruments of the selected identical type can be found in the network. If the address of the instrument is known, it can be directly entered in [IP-Address].



The instruments of the selected type found in the network are shown, the instrument to be configured can be selected, continue with [OK].

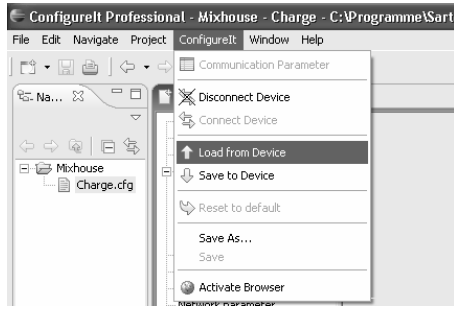


The IP-Address of the selected instrument is taken.



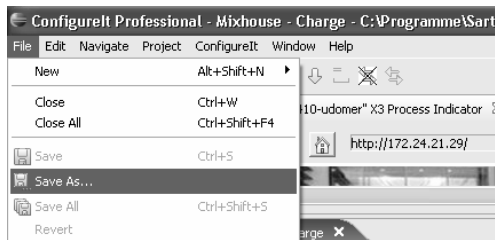
With [ConfigureIt]-[Connect Device] the communication to the instrument is started.

4.11.4 Transfer Dataset from Instrument to PC

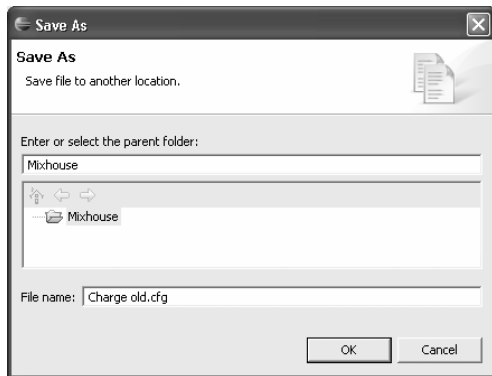


With [ConfigureIt]-[Load from Device] the complete dataset (including the calibration data and parameters) is transferred from the instrument to the PC.

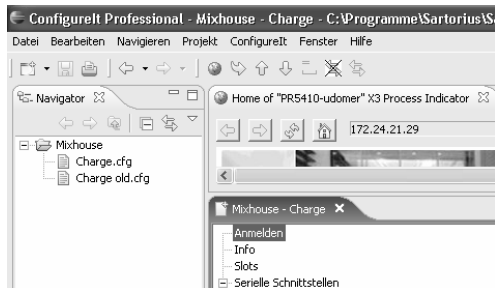
4.11.5 Store Current Dataset on PC



With [File]-[Save as] the complete dataset (including the calibration data and parameters) can be stored in a file.

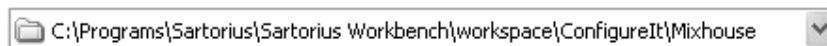


The folder can be selected and a new name for the file can be given.

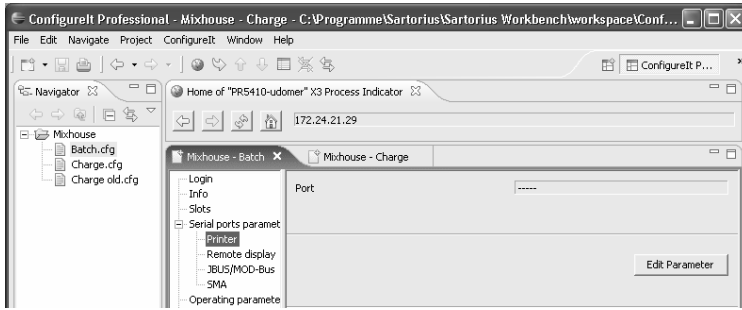


The file [Charge old.cfg] is added at [Mixhouse].

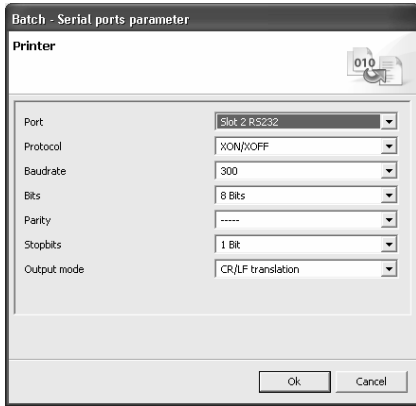
The configuration can be found on the PC with the Explorer in the following folder:



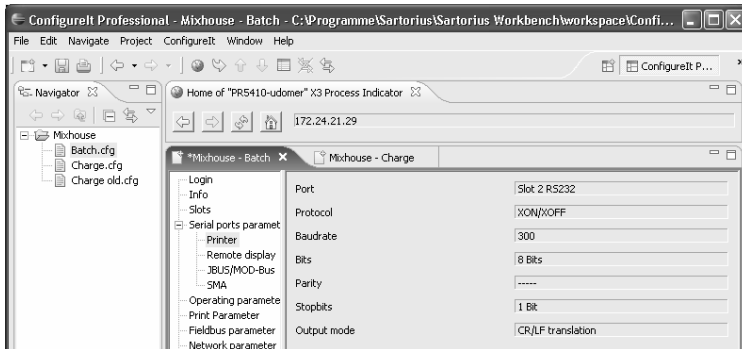
Modification of Dataset



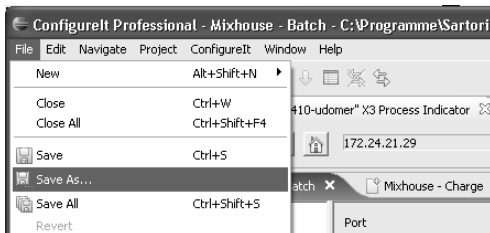
The configuration is selected in the Navigator, then select e.g. [Printer]. Modifications are started by selecting [Edit parameter].



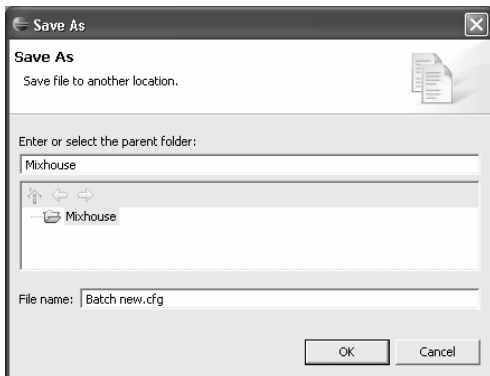
After selection of the port, where the printer of the instrument is connected, the transmission parameters can be altered. Continue with [OK].



The new parameters are shown.

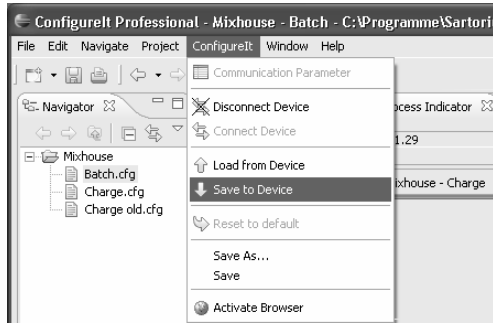


With [File]-[Save As] the modified dataset can be stored in a file.

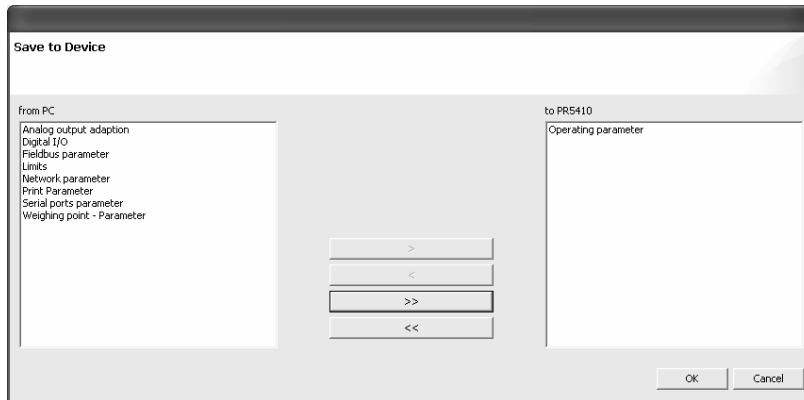


The folder can be selected and a new name for the file can be given, continue with [OK].

4.11.6 Store Current Dataset or Selected Parameters in the Instrument

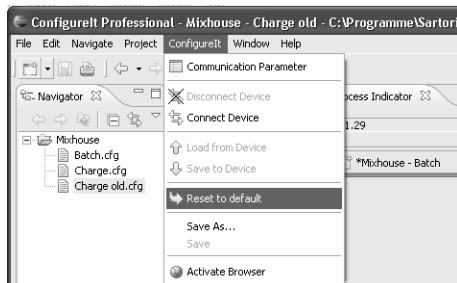


With [ConfigureIt]-[Save to device] parts or the total configuration can be transferred to the instrument.



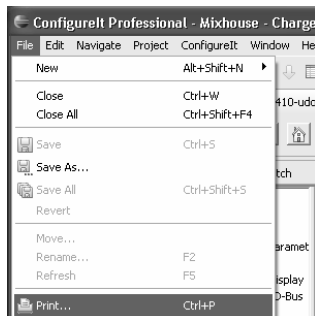
Select with [>] the parameters to be transferred or with [>>] for all parameters. The transfer is started with [OK].

4.11.7 Reset the Instrument to Factory Default

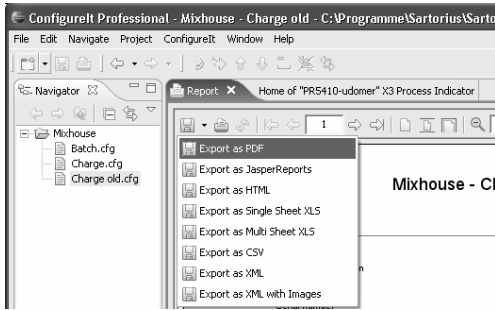


With [ConfigureIt]-[Reset to default] the default data (data in the instrument when leaving the factory) are taken. For transfer to the instrument continue with chapter 4.11.6 .

4.11.8 Exporting a Dataset as Printable File

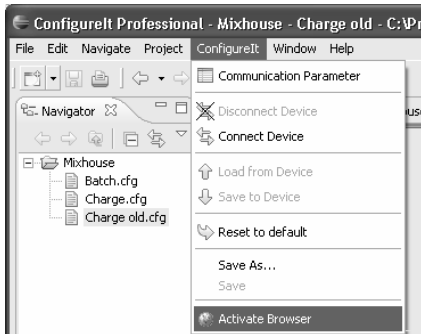


With [File]-[Print] the dataset can be sent to a printer or stored in a file.

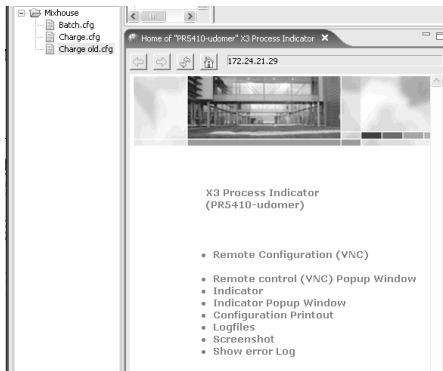


Sending the print file to a printer or selecting the data format of the dataset for storing.

4.11.9 Operation of the Instrument via Browser (VNC)



Start the browser with [ConfigureIt]-[Activate Browser].

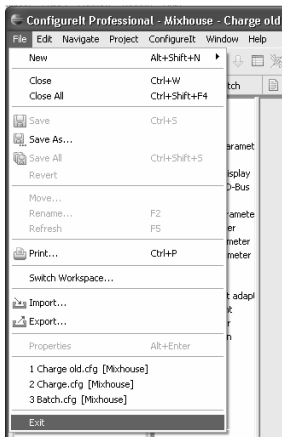


The program can be operated in the same manner as if it had been started directly, see chapter 4.3.

4.11.10 Closing the Program

Before closing the program, it has to be ensured that:

- The correct configuration has been stored in the instrument
- The configuration of the instrument has been stored as .CFG file
- The configuration data has been filed as print out (e.g. PDF) or printed



Closing the program with [File]-[Exit] or with:

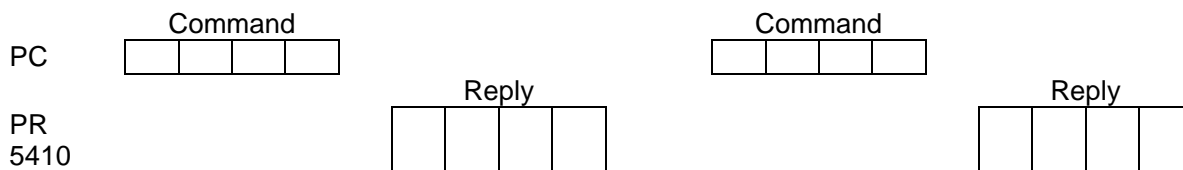
4.12 MODBUS / J-BUS PROTOCOL

4.12.1 Communication

The MODBUS/J-BUS protocol implemented in the instrument permits fast, simple and reliable communication between a PC or a PLC and up to 127 instruments. PR 5410 fully supports Modbus-RTU including functions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 (sub-function 0), 15 and 16.

J-bus is a French 'clone' of the Modbus. There is a small difference: J-bus addresses count from 0 (instead of 1) to hex FFFF (instead of dec. 9999). Some Modbus masters automatically subtract 1 before sending a message, and some Modbus slaves subtract 1 to get the requested address. Thus it may happen that access to an address shifted by 1 is made; this is the only point which must be taken into account. In everyday practice, no other problems when connecting J-bus and Modbus instruments should appear.

Binary data from and to the SPM of PR 5410 are transmitted using this protocol. Any data exchange includes two telegrams: a command from the PC to PR 5410 and a reply from PR 5410 to the PC.



Each telegram consists of four blocks:

1. Device address
2. Functional code
3. Data (addresses and values)
4. Control word (CRC)

Note: All 2-byte values (16-bit values/word) have the Motorola notation. Consequence: MSB - LSB

A reply to every correct command is sent. At 9600 bauds, the reply time is typical 4 ms and maximal 8 ms.

A faulty command received by PR 5410 (e.g., parity error in the data, or CRC error) is ignored and no reply is sent.

The pauses between the individual characters and a command must not exceed the 3.5-fold value of a character length; otherwise PR 5410 detects a premature end of the command.

If the received command is correct but cannot be executed nevertheless (e.g. due to a faulty address or faulty data), reply is with an error telegram.



A telegram sent to Slave 0 is executed by all PR 5410 units, but not replied by anyone.

4.12.2 Function 1 or 2: Reading n Bits

| | | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|---------|
| Command | Device address | Function number | Address of 1st bit | Number of bits | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes |
| Range | 1...127 | 1, 2 | 0,8,16... | 8,16,24. | |
| | | | | .. | |

The bit address must always be the 1st bit of a byte. The number of bits to be read may not be smaller than 8 and must be a multiple of 8.

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----|--------------------|---------|
| Reply | Device address | Function number | Number of read bytes | Value of 1st byte | Value of 2nd byte | .. | Value of last byte | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 1 byte | 1 byte | 1 byte | | 1 byte | 2 bytes |
| | | | | 8th ... | | | last bit | |
| | | | | 1st bit | | | | |

If the address of a bit to be read is out of the permissible range (0...127), an error message is sent as a reply (the address plus the number of bits must not exceed 128).
 Example of function 1 for reading the status bits of the scale.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|---|---|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Command | 1 | 1 | 2 | 32 | 0 | 8 | CRC | CRC |
| Reply | 1 | 1 | 1 | X | CRC | CRC | | |

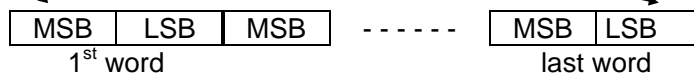
The read byte X is interpreted as follows:

- Bit 0 = bit 32 of SPM = ADC error
- Bit 1 = bit 33 of SPM = above Max (maximum capacity)
- ...
- Bit 6 = bit 38 of SPM = weight is stable
- Bit 7 = bit 39 of SPM = weight is below zero or above Max

4.12.3 Function 3 or 4: Reading n Successive Words

| | | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------|
| Command | Device address | Function number | Address of 1st word | Number of words | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes |
| Range | 1...127 | 3,4 | 0...63 | 1...64 | |

| | | | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| Reply | Device address | Function number | Number of bytes | Number of words | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 1 byte | n bytes | 2 bytes |



If the address of one of the words to be read is out of the permissible range (0...63), an error message is sent as a reply (the address plus the number of bytes must not exceed 64).

Example of function 3 for reading a gross weight (D8 = W16) of 893 kg

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|---|---|----|---|---|-----|-----|
| Command | 1 | 3 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 2 | CRC | CRC |
| Reply | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 125 | CRC |

The individual bytes are shown.

4.12.4 Function 5: Writing a Bit

| | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|----------|---------|
| Command | Device address | Function number | Address of the bit | Value of the bit | Always 0 | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes |
| Range | 0...127 | 5 | 0...127 | 0 or 255 | 0 | |
| Reply | Device address | Function number | Address of the bit | Value of the bit | Always 0 | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes |

If the address of the bit is out of the permissible range (0...127), an error message is sent as a reply.

Example of function 5 for setting bit 113 (taring)

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|
| Command | 1 | 5 | 0 | 113 | 255 | 0 | CRC | CRC |
| Reply | 1 | 5 | 0 | 113 | 255 | 0 | CRC | CRC |

The individual bytes are shown.

4.12.5 Function 6: Writing a Word

| | | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| Command | Device address | Function number | Word address | Value of the word | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes |
| Range | 0...127 | 6 | 0...63 | | |
| Reply | Device address | Function number | Word address | Value of the word | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes |

If the address is out of the permissible range (0...63), an error message is sent as a reply.

4.12.6 Function 8: Diagnosis

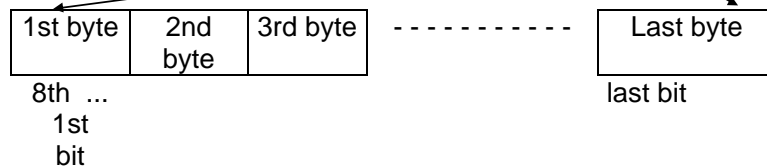
| | | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|---------|
| Command | Device address | Function number | Sub-function | Any value | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes |
| Range | 1...127 | 8 | 0 | | |

This function is intended for testing the communication.
 Only sub-function 0 is supported.
 The received command is sent as a reply.

| | | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------------|---------|
| Command | Device address | Function number | Sub-function | Value of the command | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes |

4.12.7 Function 15: Writing n Successive Bits

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------|
| Command | Device address | Function number | Address of the 1st bit | Number of bits | Number of bytes | Value of bits | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 1 byte | n bytes | 2 bytes |
| Range | 0...127 | 15 | 0...127 | 8,16, 24 | 1,2,3... | | |



The bit address must always be the 1st bit of a byte. The number of bits to be read must not be smaller than 8 and must be a multiple of 8. The address plus the number of bits must not exceed 128.

Example of function 15

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|----|---|----|---|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Command | 1 | 15 | 0 | 64 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 3 | CRC | CRC |
| Reply | 1 | 15 | 0 | 64 | 0 | 8 | CRC | CRC | | |

The individual bytes are shown.

4.12.8 Function 16: Writing n Successive Words

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------|
| Command | Device address | Function number | Address of 1st word | Number of words | Number of bytes | Value of words | CRC 16 |
| Range | 1 byte 0...127 | 1 byte 16 | 2 bytes 0...63 | 2 bytes 1...64 | 1 byte 2...128 | n bytes | 2 bytes |

| | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|-------|------|-----|
| MSB | LSB | MSB | ----- | MSB | LSB |
| 1st word | | | | last | |

| | | | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------|
| Reply | Device address | Function number | Address of 1st word | Number of words | CRC 16 |
| | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 2 bytes |

If the address is out of the permissible range (0...63), an error message is sent as a reply (the address plus the number of bytes must not exceed 64).

Example of function 16 for writing the limit_1 switch-on point using value 893:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|----|---|----|---|---|----|----|---|---|-----|----|----|
| Command | 1 | 16 | 0 | 48 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 125 | CR | CR |
| Reply | 1 | 16 | 0 | 48 | 0 | 2 | CR | CR | | | | | |

The individual bytes are shown.

4.12.9 MODBUS / J-BUS Error Messages

If a command was transmitted correctly, but cannot be executed because e.g. the address is too high, an error message is sent as a reply to the command.

The error message has the following format:

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------|---------|
| Device address | Function number +128 | Error number | CRC 16 |
| 1 byte | 1 byte | 1 byte | 2 bytes |

The 2nd byte contains the received function number; the most significant bit is set additionally. Meaning of the error number:

- 1 The function number is unknown
- 2 The address is out of the permissible range
- 3 The data format is faulty (e.g. more data than specified in the number were written)

Example of an error message which was generated by an invalid function number.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|-----|---|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|
| Command | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | CRC | CRC |
| Reply | 1 | 137 | 1 | CRC | CRC | | | |

The individual bytes are shown.

4.12.10 MODBUS / J-BUS Word Addresses

| | | |
|----|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 16 | Gross weight, 1st byte (MSB) | Gross weight, 2nd byte |
|----|------------------------------|------------------------|

| | | |
|----|------------------------|------------------------------|
| 17 | Gross weight, 3rd byte | Gross weight, 4th byte (LSB) |
|----|------------------------|------------------------------|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 2 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 7 | 112 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 125 | 126 | 127 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|

| Address | Meaning |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Read bits: | |
| 32 | ADC error |
| 33 | Above Max (full scale deflection) |
| 34 | Above Max + n d |
| 35 | Below zero (minus sign) |
| 36 | Zero within ¼ d |
| 37 | Within zero setting range |
| 38 | The weight is stable |
| 39 | The weight is below zero or above Max |
| Write bits: | |
| 112 | Set zero |
| 1130 | Set tare |
| 114 | Reset tare |

For further bits, see Chapter 8 .

5 SMA Protocol

5.1 General

The protocol of the 'Scale Manufacturers Association' (SMA) provides a simple access to the scale. It can be used for reading data, or for executing functions.

The RS-485 interface is used as an interface. Fixed interface settings are 8 bits, no parity and 1 stop bit.

The commands to the instrument are printable ASCII characters starting with <LF> = 0A hex and ending with <CR> = 0D hex.

The instrument sends a reply on each received command after approx. 100 µs. With commands that wait for stability of the weight value, the reply can be delayed by the waiting time.

5.2 Description of Used Symbols

All characters used in this protocol are printable ASCII characters. Characters <CR> <LF> <SPACE> and <ESC> are excepted.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| < > | The symbols < and > are used to put communication fields and non-printable ASCII characters into brackets. These symbols are never part of any communication message. |
| <LF> | A data set starts with a line feed character (line feed = 0A hex). |
| <CR> | A data set ends with the carriage return character (carriage return = 0D hex). |
| '_' <space> | The underscore or space character is used to mark an ASCII space character (20 hex). |
| <ESC> | The 'escape' character (1B hex) is used to cancel a command. |
| '!' | An ASCII exclamation mark (21 hex) is used for communication errors. |
| ':' | An ASCII colon is used as a field delimiter. |
| '-' | ASCII minus sign (2D hex) |
| '?' | An ASCII question mark (3F hex) is used for unknown or non-supported commands. |
| 'c' | Command character. All printable ASCII characters are permitted. |
| <s><r><n> | Scale status indicator characters; ASCII letters or spaces |
| <m><f> | For details, see Chapter 5.4.1. |
| <r><e> | Scale diagnostics indicator characters; upper case ASCII letters or spaces. |
| <c><m> | For details, see Chapter 5.4.4 . |
| <xxxxxx.xxx> | Weight data including minus sign (right-adjusted) and a decimal point (if any). If necessary, leading spaces are introduced with a leading zero before the decimal point. The entire field is always 10 characters long. With some error states, the field is filled up with minus signs '-'. Examples: <_ _ _ _ 0.000>; <_ _ _ _ 11.120>; <_ _ _ _ -1.000>; <- - - - - - - - -> |
| <yyyyyy> | Text field of printable ASCII characters; for transporting scale information. The field has max. 25 characters. |
| <uuu> | Abbreviation of the used unit. The field is always 3 characters long; it is left-adjusted and filled up with spaces. |

5.3 SMA Command Set

The SMA command set is intended for requesting weight values and status information as well as for control of the scale. The commands start with <LF> and end with <CR>.

Format: <LF>c<CR>

5.3.1 Requesting a Weight

Requesting a Weight

Command: <LF>W<CR>

Reply: The scale immediately returns the weight and status: gross weight if not tared, net weight if tared.

<LF><s><r><n><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Requesting the Weight with Stability

Command: <LF>P<CR>

Reply: The scale returns the weight and the status only, when the stability condition is met: Gross weight if not tared, net weight if tared.

For this function, the stability condition must be met. The maximum waiting time for stability is set under [Tare timeout]; see Chapter 4.5.13.

<LF><s><r><n><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

After elapse of the waiting time without reaching stability, the following reply is sent:

<LF><_><1><n><_><f><-----><__><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Requesting Weight Continuously

This is a command which generates non-requested replies, because it does not function according to the strict pattern of command and reply. After the command, the scale repeats the reply continuously.

Command: <LF>R<CR>

Reply: The scale repeats the weight and status information continuously until another command is received.

<LF><s><r><n><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Dependent on the used baud rate, the repetition rate of reply telegrams is roughly as follows:

19200 bd ⇒ 100ms

9600 bd ⇒ 110ms

4800 bd ⇒ 170ms

Requesting the High-Resolution Weight

Command <LF>H<CR>

Reply: The scale immediately returns the high-resolution (10x) weight and status: Gross weight if not tared, net weight if tared.

Note: The <n> gross/net status is shown in lower-case letters while the high-resolution weight is sent.

<LF><s><r><n><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Requesting the High-Resolution Weight with Stability

Command: <LF>Q<CR>

Reply: The scale returns the weight and status only, when the stability condition is met: Gross weight if not tared, net weight if tared.

The stability condition must be met for this function. The maximum waiting time for stability is set under [Tare timeout]; see Chapter 4.5.13.

<LF><s><r><n><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

After elapse of the waiting time without reaching stability, the following reply is sent:

<LF><_><1><n><_><f><-----><__><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Requesting the High-Resolution Weight Continuously

This is a command which generates non-requested replies, because it does not function according to the strict command-and-reply pattern. After the command, the scale repeats the reply continuously.

Command: <LF>S<CR>

Reply: The scale repeats the high-resolution weight and status information continuously, until another command is received.

<LF><s><r><n><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Dependent on the used baud rate, the repetition rate of reply telegrams is roughly as follows:

| | | |
|----------|---|-------|
| 19200 bd | ⇒ | 100ms |
| 9600 bd | ⇒ | 110ms |
| 4800 bd | ⇒ | 170ms |

Requesting the Tare Weight

Command: <LF>M<CR>

Reply: The scale returns the tare weight and signals the 'tared' status in the <n> status character.

<LF><s><r><T><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

5.3.2 Controlling the Scale

Request for Taring of the Scale

Command: <LF>T<CR>

Reply: The scale makes a taring attempt and signals the tared status in the <s> and <n> characters.

For this function, the stability condition must be met. The maximum waiting time for stability is set under [Tare timeout]; see Chapter 4.5.13

<LF><s><r><N><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Request for Taring with Fixtare Value

Command: <LF>T<xxxxxx.xxx><CR>

Reply: The scale makes a taring attempt using the fixtare value <xxxxxx.xxx> and signals the tared status in the <s> and <n> characters.

<LF><s><r><N><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Request for Zero Setting of the Scale

Command: <LF>Z<CR>

Reply: The scale makes a zero setting attempt and signals the zero status in the <s> character.

For this function, the stability condition must be met. The maximum waiting time for stability is set under [Tare timeout]; see Chapter 4.5.13 .

<LF><Z><r><n><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Unless the scale is in the zero setting range, an error reply is generated.

Request for Tare Resetting

Command: <LF>C<CR>

Reply: The scale deletes the tare weight and signals the tare reset status in the <n> status character. The scale tare is reset.

<LF><s><r><G><m><f><xxxxxx.xxx><uuu><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

5.3.3 Scale Diagnosis

Command: <LF>D<CR>

Reply: The scale starts the diagnosis and returns a diagnosis reply.

<LF><r><e><c><m><CR>

For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

5.3.4 Scale Data

Scale Data – First Line

Command: <LF>A<CR>

Reply: The scale sends the first line of its scale data.
<LF><SMA>:<yyyyyy><CR>
For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Scale Data – Other Lines

Command: <LF>B<CR>

Reply: The scale sends further lines of its scale data.
<LF><MFG>:<yyyyyy><CR>
For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

5.3.5 Scale Information

Scale Information - First Line

Command: <LF>I<CR>

Reply: The scale sends the first line of its scale information.
<LF><SMA>:<yyyyyy><CR>
For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

Scale Information – Other Lines

Command: <LF>N<CR>

Reply: The scale sends further lines of its scale information.
<LF><TYP>:<yyyyyy><CR>
For details, see Chapter 5.4.1 .

5.3.6 Escape Command

Command: <ESC>

Reply: This is the only command which does not work according to the protocol principle. It does not have a reply. The <ESC> character is detected at any time and cancels any current command.

5.4 SMA Reply Messages

In this section, the replies are described in detail. The data format of each reply has a fixed length. The communication error is the only exception from this pre-definable format. Thus the controlling computer can check each reply according to fixed rules, because each data field is in a fixed position.

5.4.1 Standard Reply

With most commands, the reply format is as described below:
 Exceptions are the commands: 'D', 'A'/'B' and 'I'/'N'.

<LF> <s> <r> <n> <m> <f> <xxxxxx.xxx> <uuu> <CR>

Reply format and meaning:

| | | |
|--------------|------------------|--|
| <LF> | | Start of reply message |
| <s> | Scale status | Definition / example |
| | 'Z' | Zero within 1/4d <xxxxxx.xxx>= 0.000 |
| | 'O' | Above Max <xxxxxx.xxx>= +weight |
| | 'U' | Below zero <xxxxxx.xxx>= - weight |
| | 'E' | Zero setting error |
| | 'T' | Taring error |
| | <space> | None of the above conditions |
| | | Note: For 'E', 'I', 'T' error conditions <xxxxxx.xxx>= _____ (minus sign) and 'Z', 'O', 'U' are overwritten. |
| <r> | Range | ('1', '2', '3', etc.) always '1' for single range scales |
| <n> | Gross/net | Status |
| | 'G' | Gross weight |
| | 'T' | Tare weight (as reply from 'M' command) |
| | 'N' | Net weight |
| | 'g' | High-resolution gross weight |
| | 'n' | High-resolution net weight |
| <m> | Stability status | |
| | 'M' | The scale is not stable |
| | <space> | The stability-of-scale condition is met |
| <f> | | Reserved for future extensions |
| <xxxxxx.xxx> | | Weight value; the field has always 10 characters |
| <uuu> | | Unit of the weight value |
| <CR> | | End of the reply message |

Examples:

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Command | Reply |
| <LF>W<CR> | <LF> <_> <1> <G> <_> <_> <_ _ _ _ 5.025> <lb_> <CR> |
| <LF>W<CR> | <LF> <_> <1> <N> <_> <_> <_ _ _ _ 100000> <lb_> <CR> |
| <LF>H<CR> | <LF> <_> <1> <g> <_> <_> <_ _ _ _ 5.0025> <lb_> <CR> |

```

<LF>Z<CR>  <LF> <Z> <1> <G> <_> <_> <_ _ _ _ 0.000> <lb_> <CR>

<LF>R<CR>  <LF> <_> <1> <G> <_> <_> <_ _ _ _ 7.025> <kg_> <CR>
             <LF> <_> <1> <G> <M> <_> <_> <_ _ _ _ 7.650> <kg_> <CR>
             ... repeat...
             <LF> <_> <1> <G> <_> <_> <_ _ _ _ 7.650> <kg_> <CR>
             The scale repeats the weight, until another command is received.
  
```

5.4.2 Reply with Unknown Command

<LF> ? <CR> A command from the controlling computer that is not implemented, or invalid, is replied with an ASCII '?'.

5.4.3 Reply in Case of Communication Error

<LF> ! <CR> A command from the controlling computer that is unknown to the scale due to a communication error is replied with an ASCII '!'. This includes parity error or frame error (if any).

5.4.4 Reply with Diagnosis Command

When a diagnosis command is given, the scale makes a test and gives a status reply.

<LF> <r> <e> <c> <m> <CR>

Reply format and meaning:

```

<LF>          Start of diagnosis reply
<r>           'R' = RAM or ROM error; '_ ' = OK,
<e>           'E' = EEPROM error; '_ ' = OK
<c>           'C' = calibration error; '_ ' = OK
<m>           Always: '_ ' = OK
<CR>         End of the diagnosis reply
  
```

Reply: without error status

```

Command      Reply
<LF>D<CR>   <LF> <_> <_> <_> <_> <CR>
  
```

5.4.5 Reply with 'A' and 'B' Command

Reply format with 'A' and 'B' commands (variable length):

<LF><xxx>:<yyyyyy><CR>

The reply format and meaning are:

| | |
|----------|--|
| <LF> | Start of reply from 'A'/'B' command |
| <xxx> | The field name is three characters long, left-adjusted and filled up with spaces on the right, if necessary. The following fields are sent: "SMA" level/revision (reply from 'A' command) "MFG" manufacturer marking (reply from the 1st 'B' command) "MOD" product / model identification (reply from the 2nd 'B' command) "REV" software version (reply from the 3rd 'B' command) "SN_" serial number (reply from the 4th 'B' command) "END": This is always the last inscription field (reply from the last 'B' command) |
| ':' | Separator between field name and field content. |
| <yyyyyy> | The data field contains up to 25 character. The SMA field contains <level/revision> with the following meaning: level = (1, 2, etc.); revision = (1.0; 1.1; etc.) |
| <CR> | End of reply from 'A'/'B' command |

Example:

| Command | Reply |
|-------------|------------------------|
| <LF> A <CR> | <LF>SMA:1/1.0 <CR> |
| <LF> B <CR> | <LF>MFG:Sartorius <CR> |
| <LF> B <CR> | <LF>MOD:PR5410 <CR> |
| <LF> B <CR> | <LF>REV:01.01.9 <CR> |
| <LF> B <CR> | <LF>SN_:148388723 <CR> |
| <LF> B <CR> | <LF>END: <CR> |

Note: If the controlling computer sends another 'B' command:

<LF> B <CR> <LF> ? <CR>

5.4.6 Scale Reply with 'I' and 'N' Commands

Reply format with 'I' and 'N' commands (variable length):

<LF><xxx>:<yyyyy><CR>

Reply format and meaning:

<LF> Start of reply from 'I'/'N' command

<xxx> The field name is three characters long, left-adjusted and filled up with spaces, if necessary.

The following fields are sent:

“SMA” level/revision

(reply from 'I' command)

“TYP” Scale type: 'S'= scale

(reply from the 1st 'N' command)

“CAP” Max, unit, scale interval and decimal position, separated by ':'

Meaning: yyyyyy= uuu:c..c:n:d

uuu= unit

n= scale interval (e.g. 1, 2, 5,10,20...) without decimal point

d= decimal point position

'0'= without, '1'= xxxx.x, '2'= xxx.xx, '3'= xx.xxx , ... etc.

(reply from the 2nd 'N' command)

“CMD” Supported SMA commands

(reply from the 3rd 'N' command)

“END” This is always the last inscription field

(reply from the last 'N' command)

':' Separator between field name and field content.

<yyyyyy> The data field contains up to 25 characters.

The SMA field contains <level/revision>

Meaning: level = (1, 2, etc.); revision = (1.0, 1.1, etc.)

<CR> End of reply from 'I'/'N' command

Example: 6000kg x 1kg platform scale

Command Reply

<LF> I <CR> <LF>SMA:2/1.0 <CR>

<LF>N<CR> <LF>TYP:S <CR>

<LF>N<CR> <LF>CAP:kg_:6000:1:0 <CR>

<LF>N<CR> <LF>CMD:HPTMCR <CR>

<LF>N<CR> <LF>END: <CR>

Example: 5000g x 1g, 10000g x 2, 25000g x 5 multiple range / multi-interval

Command Reply

<LF> I <CR> <LF>SMA:2/1.0 <CR>

<LF>N<CR> <LF>TYP:S <CR>

<LF>N<CR> <LF>CAP:g__:5000:1:0 <CR>

<LF>CAP:g__:10000:2:0 <CR>

<LF>CAP:g__:25000:5:0 <CR>

<LF>N<CR> <LF>CMD:HPTMCRQ <CR>

<LF>N<CR> <LF>END: <CR>

5.4.7 Communication Error

When a communication error due to a parity error or a frame error (if used) was detected, the scale sends an ASCII '!' character. The only other error is the detection of an unknown or non-supported command. In this case, an ASCII '?' character is sent as a reply. Dependent on the error messages, the controlling computer must decide how to continue the scale operation.

6 PR 1612 Commands

This function enables the use of the following commands of the PR 1612 command set. No license is required for using.

6.1 MAIN COMMANDS FOR INDICATOR FUNCTION

| Command | Reaction | Description |
|---------|--------------|--|
| WGA | QGAwwwwwwemz | Read gross weight |
| WNA | QNAwwwwwwemz | Read net weight |
| WTA | QTAwwwwwwemz | Read tare weight |
| WDA | QDAwwwwwwemz | Read difference weight |
| | | wwwwwww = Weight with sign and exponent (e.g. '002340' = 002.34g; 001005 = 100kg) m = no motion / Stand still, z = 1: Tared, z = 2: Test, z = 4: Zero, 1/4d |
| WZA | Q | Set indicator to zero |
| WSA | Q | Set tare |
| WFA | Q | Reset tare |
| ZSC | QZSC | Reset communication |
| V | QV5410-1.00 | Version request |

| Command | Reaction | Description |
|---------|-------------------------------------|---|
| I | Qlaaaaaa ddssnnnnn | xxxx/xx-x.xx = instrument version |
| LV | QLVxxxx/xx-x.xxxxxaaa ddssnnnnntttt | aaaaaa = Max in 5 digits with dec. point, dd = Unit, ss = Scale interval, nnnnn = Span in mV/V tttt = deadload in mV/V |

| Befehl | Antwort | Beschreibung |
|-------------------|---------|-------------------|
| WSAwwwwwww | Q | Set fixtare |
| ZS1Awwwwwwewwwwww | QZS1A | Set Limit 1 |
| ZS2Awwwwwwewwwwww | QZS2A | Set Limit 2 |
| ZS3Awwwwwwewwwwww | QZS3A | Set Limit 3 |
| ZSDDMMYYYYhhmm | QZSD | Set date and time |

6.2 ERROR MESSAGES FOR PR 1612 COMMANDS

| Error | Description | Error | Description |
|--------|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| E20000 | Command unknown / failure | E10010 | Arithmetic overflow |
| E30000 | BCC error | E10020 | Input > Max + Ovl |
| E50000 | Analog test active | E10030 | Input > 36 mV or ADU failure |
| E60000 | Wrong address / weighing point | E10040 | Weight exceeds display digits |
| E63000 | Limit, fixtare > Max | E10050 | Weight not available |
| E70000 | Scale tared / in motion | E10060 | No sense voltage |
| | | E10070 | Negative measuring signal |

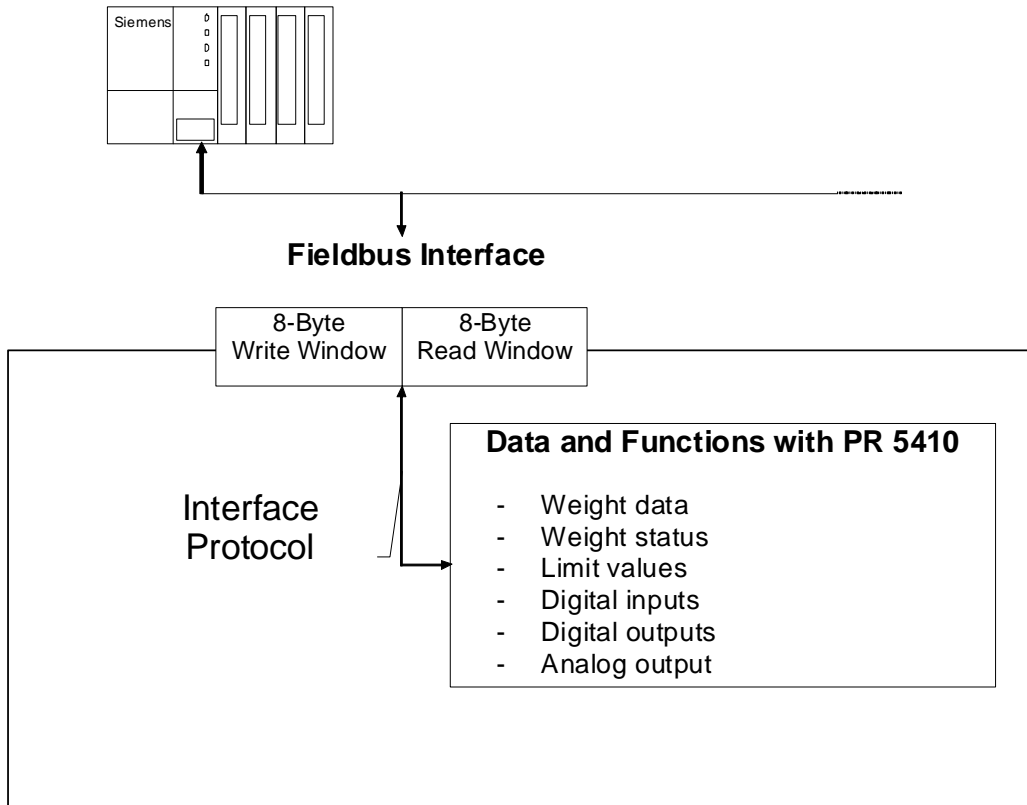
7 Fieldbus Interface

7.1 FIELDBUS INTERFACE PROTOCOL

The interface works with an 8-byte write window and an 8-byte read window. The fieldbus exchanges its data cyclically with each slave. This means: In each cycle, 8 bytes are written and 8 bytes are read, also if the data content is unchanged.

The fieldbus protocol ensures the data transport between the fieldbus master and the 2 x 8-byte data windows.

The interface protocol runs under the fieldbus and manages the access to a multitude of different data.



7.1.1 Write Window (Input Area)

Data transmission from the master to the slave (PR 5410) is in this window.

The first four bytes are used only for writing a data value.

The register number is in byte 5.

Bytes 6 and 7 contain bits in direct access independent of the write data.

The command is executed after a 0-1 transition of the corresponding bit.

| | |
|--------|---------------------|
| Byte 0 | Write data: MSB |
| Byte 1 | " |
| Byte 2 | " |
| Byte 3 | Write data: LSB |
| Byte 4 | Read_Value_Select |
| Byte 5 | Write_Value_Select |
| Byte 6 | Direct control bits |
| Byte 7 | Direct control bits |

7.1.2 Read Window (Output Area)

Data transmission from the slave (PR 5410) to the master is in this window.

The first four bytes are used for reading a data value.

The register number of data is mirrored in byte 4 by the write window, when data is available.

Bytes 5, 6 and 7 contain status bits independent of the read data.

| | |
|--------|---|
| Byte 0 | Read data: MSB |
| Byte 1 | " |
| Byte 2 | " |
| Byte 3 | Read data: LSB |
| Byte 4 | Read_Value_Selected |
| Byte 5 | General system bits: - Write_Active - power_fail - analog error... |
| Byte 6 | Status bits |
| Byte 7 | Status bits |

7.1.3 Reading and Writing Data

The number of data exceeds the size of the read/write window by far. For this reason, data is addressed with Write_Value_Select and Read_Value_Select. To do this, the first six bytes of the write window and the first five bytes of the read window are required. These can be used by the master to write data in PR 5410: e.g., a limit value is set to 100kg. The master can also read out weight values or other data from the PR 5410. For this purpose, the write and the read window are always required. Safe data exchange is ensured by a write and a read procedure.

For reading status bits, and for writing direct control bits, however, no procedure is required. The general system bits and the status bits are always provided and need not be requested. The direct control bits are also available continuously.

Procedure for reading data:

1. Writing the register number as Read_Value_Select in byte 4 of the write window (e.g. net weight).
2. Waiting, until the Read_Value_Selected in byte 4 of the read window is equal to the Read_Value_Select in byte 4 of the write window.
3. Now the value is available in bytes 0 to 3.

Procedure for writing data:

1. Waiting, until Write_Active = 0 in the read window (ready to receive new data).
2. Writing the value in bytes 0 to 3.
3. Writing the register number in byte 5 (Write_Value_Select).
4. Waiting, until Write_Active = 1 (acknowledges data reception)
5. Writing 0 in byte 5 (Write_Value_Select) -> Write_Active goes to 0.

7.2 Description of the I/O Area (Read / Write Window)

7.2.1 Input Area

Data transmission from the master to the PR 5410 (slave) is via the input area. Weight or data requests are transmitted to the slave by the master. The master has write access; the slave has read access.

| Byte | Name | | | | | | | | | Description |
|------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---|
| 0 | Write_Value (MSB) | | | | | | | | | e.g. limit value |
| 1 | ::: | | | | | | | | | " |
| 2 | ::: | | | | | | | | | " |
| 3 | Write_Value (LSB) | | | | | | | | | " |
| 4 | Read_Value_Select | | | | | | | | | e.g. gross weight |
| 5 | Write_Value_Select | | | | | | | | | Write: Limit 1 On |
| 6 | free | free | free | free | free | free | outp. 3 | outp. 2 | outp. 1 | Free / digital outputs |
| 7 | Get FixTare | Set FixTare | Res Power | Res Test | Set Test | Res Tare | Set Tare | Set Zero | | Control byte, response to 0->1 transition |
| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 3 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | | |

The control byte activates the corresponding action in the instrument with a set bit. After execution of the operation, the bit should be reset.

| Variable | Function |
|--------------------|---|
| Write_Value | The weight value is transmitted as a binary 32-bit value with plus or minus sign Data type: DINT |
| Read_Value_Select | For selecting the value sent by the instrument |
| Write_Value_Select | For selecting the function to be executed by the instrument |
| GetFixTare | The gross weight is copied into the fixtare memory. |
| SetFixTare | Taring is performed using the value stored in the fixtare memory. |
| ResPower | The Power_Fail bit in the output area is deleted. |
| ResTest | The test operating mode is finished. |
| SetTest | The test operating mode is started. Now the test value can be read out by reading out the gross weight. |
| ResTare | Tare is reset. |
| SetTare | The instrument is tared. |
| SetZero | The instrument is set to zero. |

7.2.2 Output Area

Data transmission from the PR 5410 to the master is via the output area. The weight or data information requested by the master is transmitted to the master by PR 5410. The PR 5410 has write access, the master has read access.

| Byte | Name | | | | | | | | | Description |
|------|---------------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| 0 | Read_Value (MSB) | | | | | | | | | e.g. gross value |
| 1 | ::: | | | | | | | | | " |
| 2 | ::: | | | | | | | | | " |
| 3 | Read_Value (LSB) | | | | | | | | | " |
| 4 | Read_Value_Selected | | | | | | | | | e.g. gross |
| 5 | Write Active | Power Fail | Out 3 | Out 2 | Out 1 | Limit 3 | Limit 2 | Limit 1 | Status | |
| 6 | Cmd Busy | Cmd Error | Inp.3 | Inp.2 | Inp.1 | Tare Active | Cal Active | Test Active | Command status | |
| 7 | Dimmed | Standstill | Inside ZSR | Center Zero | Below Zero | Overload | Above Max | Adc Error | Device status | |
| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 3 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | | |

| Variable | Function |
|---------------------|---|
| Read_Value | The weight value is transmitted as a binary 32-bit number with plus or minus sign. Data type: DINT |
| Read_Value_Selected | Acknowledgement of the transmitted value. |
| Write_Active | The function selected with Write_Value_Select is executed once. This bit is deleted, when Write_Value_Select is set to 0. |
| Power_Fail | Is set when switching on the instrument. Is reset by ResPower with transition from 0→1. |
| Cmd_Busy | The instrument is busy executing a command (e.g. the instrument has received a taring command and waits for stability). |
| Cmd_Error | The instrument has interrupted the execution of a command (e.g. StandStill could not be reached within the defined standstill time). The error number can be read at Lasterror. It is set only, if an action is executed. |
| Tare_Active | The instrument was tared. |
| Cal_Active | The instrument is / was configured. When this bit is 1, the scale parameters (Expo/Unit/Step) must be read again. Set after power On and reset after reading the Max. capacity. |
| Test_Active | The instrument executes the ADC test. The read weight value is not the gross value, but the test value. |
| Dimmed | Above Max. capacity or below zero |
| Standstill | The instrument is stable. |
| InsideZSR | The weight value is within the zero setting range. |
| CenterZero | The weight value is within center zero (0 +/- 0.25 d) |
| BelowZero | The weight value is negative (gross< -0.25d) |
| Overload | The weight value has exceeded the measuring range; no valid weight data is specified (gross>max. capacity+overload) |
| AboveMax | The weight value has exceeded the Max. capacity, but is still within Max + permissible overload (gross <= max. capacity+overload) |
| AdcError | A/D conversion error. (Details are given in register 1, Read_Value_Select = 1) |

7.2.3 Reading and Writing Register via Fieldbus

Reading Data: Read_Value, Read_Value_Select, Read_Value_Selected

When the master has to read from the instrument, the register number is transmitted in Read_Value_Select in the input area. The result is specified with Read_Value_Selected in the output area.

| Action of the master | Response of PR 5410 |
|---|--|
| Writing register no. in Read_Value_Select | |
| | Writing the selected register in Read_Value |
| | Copying Read_Value_Select into Read_Value_Selected |
| Waiting, until Read_Value_Selected = Read_Value_Select | |
| Reading Read_Value | |

Writing data: Write_Value, Write_Value_Select, Write_Active

When the master has to write into the instrument, the required action is transmitted into the input area with Write_Value_Select together with the data. Execution is indicated by bit Write_Active in the output area.

| Action of the master | Response of PR 5410 |
|--|--|
| Writing value in Write_Value | |
| Writing the register number in Write_Value_Select | |
| | Writing Write_Value in the selected register |
| | Setting bit Write_Active |
| Waiting, until Write_Active was set | |
| Writing 0 in Write_Value_Select | |
| | Resetting bit Write_Active |

Setting Bit: Action_Select, Write_Active

Single bits can be set or reset directly with Write_Value_Select.

For setting, the bit number (80.. 127) is written in Write_Value_Select.

For resetting, the bit number + 128 (208..255) is written in Write_Value_Select.

| Action of the master | Response of PR 5410 |
|--|--|
| Writing register number in Write_Value_Select | |
| | Writing Write_Value in the selected register |
| | Setting the Write_Active bit |
| Waiting, until Write_Active was set. | |
| Writing 0 in Write_Value_Select | |
| | Resetting the Write_Active bit |

Reading Bit

Single bits can be read only by reading a register. The procedure is described in Chapter 0.

Control Byte

Some instrument functions can be executed by setting bits in the input area directly.

| Action of the master | Response of PR 5410 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Setting bits in the control byte | |
| | The operation is handled |
| Resetting bits in the control byte | |

Waiting for the Result of the Action

When an action taking a longer time was started, the end of execution can be waited for after starting (see Chapter 0 and Chapter 0).

| Action of the master | Response of PR 5410 |
|---|---|
| Setting bits as in Chapters 0 or 0 | |
| | Acknowledging the set bit as in Chapter 0 |
| | Setting the CmdBusy bit |
| | The operation is handled |
| | In the event of an error: Setting the CmdError bit and the LastError byte |
| | Resetting the CmdBusy bit |
| Waiting, until CmdBusy was reset | |
| Checking the CmdError bit | |
| When set, reading LastError (see Chapter 0) | |

This is applicable to taring, zero setting etc. over the fieldbus.

7.2.4 Example: Reading the Gross Weight

The master writes value 8 in Read_Value_Select (byte 4) of the input area.

Input area

| Byte | Value | | | | | | | | Description |
|------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|-------------|
| 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 8 | | | | | | | | Gross |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | |

The master waits, until value 8 was reflected in Read_Value_Selected (byte 4) of the output area.

Output area

| Byte | Value | | | | | | | | Description |
|------|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0 | 00 | | | | | | | | Gross value |
| 1 | 00 | | | | | | | | " |
| 2 | 4 | | | | | | | | " |
| 3 | D2 | | | | | | | | " |
| 4 | 8 | | | | | | | | Gross weight request was detected |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | Status |
| 6 | | | | | | | | Test active | Command status |
| 7 | | Stand-still | Inside ZSR | Center zero | Below zero | Over-load | Above Max | ADC error | Device status |
| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 3 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | |

The gross value (hex:000004D2 <=> 1234) can be read from bytes 0...3. When the 'Overload', 'Test Active' or 'ADC error' bits are set, the read value is invalid. Negative values are output in two's complement.

7.3 Fieldbus Register

7.3.1 Register 0: IO Status Bits for Reading

(Dynamic status), only reading is permitted

| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|
| Byte 0 | | | | | | Input 3 | Input 2 | Input 1 |
| Byte 1 | | | | | | Output 3 | Output 2 | Output 1 |
| Byte 2 | | | | | | Limit 3 | Limit 2 | Limit 1 |
| Byte 3 | | | | | | | | |

7.3.2 Register 1: Scale Status

(Dynamic status), only reading is permitted

| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------------|--------------|------------|
| Byte 0 | DIM | STND | INZSR | CZERO | BELOW0 | OVL | >Max | ADCERR |
| Byte 1 | | | | | E6 | E1 | E3 | E7 |
| Byte 2 | | | | | | PowerFail | ActionActive | CmdError |
| Byte 3 | | | | | | TareActive | CalChanged | TestActive |

Byte 0 corresponds to byte 7 in the output area; for weight error, see also the table in Chapter 4.6.1.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| ADCERR | Error of analog conversion/ load cell circuit (OR function of the E1,E3,E7 bits) |
| >Max | Gross value is higher than Max (maximum capacity); the full scale deflection was exceeded. |
| OVL | Scale overload; Gross > Max + overload, Error 2 |
| BELOW0 | Gross weight is negative (< 0-1/4 d) |
| CZERO | Center of zero; weight within 0 +/- 1/4 d |
| INZSR | The gross weight is within the zero setting range |
| STND | The scale is stable |
| DIM | The gross weight has exceeded the full scale deflection (0-1/4 d > weight value > Max+overload), (OR function of bits BELOW0, OVL). |
| E7 | The input signal is negative (inverse conversion), Error 7 |
| E6 | No sense voltage, or Sense voltage is low, Error 6 |
| E3 | The input signal is > 36mV (no end of conversion), Error 3 |
| E1 | Arithmetic error (overflow), Error 1 |
| CmdError | Error during execution (cmdError); e.g. the 'taring' operation is not handled, because the scale is not stable. The error is stored in LastError (register 4). The bit is reset with the ResetError bit (register 2). |
| ActionActive | The operation is handled; handling is busy |
| PowerFail | Power failure; is always set after power on. The PowerFail bit is reset with the ResetPWF bit (register 2) 'Reset power failure'. |
| TestActive | The analog test is busy |
| TareActive | The instrument was tared. |

7.3.3 Register 2: State of State-Controlled Action Bits

Only reading is permitted; the signal state is shown.

| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Byte 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Byte 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Byte 2 | 87: GetFixTare | 86: SetFixTare | 85: ResetPWF | 84: ResetTest | 83: SetTest | 82: ResetTare | 81: SetTare | 80: SetZero |
| Byte 3 | | | | | | | 89: ResetError | 88: Print |

7.3.4 Register 3: State of Edge-Controlled Action Bits

Only reading is permitted; it is always 0.

7.3.5 Register 4: Calibration Information, Error Byte

Only reading is permitted.

| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Byte 0 | EXPO | | | | | | | |
| Byte 1 | UNIT | | | | | | | |
| Byte 2 | STEP | | | | | | | |
| Byte 3 | LASTERROR | | | | | | | |

- EXPO One byte for the position of the decimal point; content in decimal form 0 ... 255
0 = 000000
1 = 00000.0
2 = 0000.00
3 = 000.000
4 = 00.0000
5 = 0.00000
- UNIT One byte for the weight unit; content in decimal form: 0 ... 255
2 = g, grams 3 = kg, kilograms
4 = t, tons 5 = lb, pound
- STEP One byte for scale interval; content in decimal form: 0 ...255
1 = scale interval '1', 2 = scale interval '2', 5 = scale interval '5'
10 = scale interval '10', 20 = scale interval '20', 50 = scale interval '50'
- LASTERROR Last error byte; see also CmdError bit, number of 'last error':
31 = no stability was reached (e.g. when taring)
33 = negative weight value when taring and 'legal-for-trade' mode on
47 = no zero setting; weight not within zero setting range
107 = no stability with Getfixtare

7.3.6 Register 5: Device Type and Software Release

Only reading is permitted.

| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Byte 0 | TYPE MSB | | | | | | | |
| Byte 1 | TYPE LSB | | | | | | | |
| Byte 2 | MAINVERSION | | | | | | | |
| Byte 3 | SUBVERSION | | | | | | | |

E.g. 5410 Rel 1.23 = 54100123_{hex}

7.3.7 Register 6: Board Number

Only reading is permitted.

| | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Byte 0 | Board number MSB | | | | | | | |
| Byte 1 | "" | | | | | | | |
| Byte 2 | "" | | | | | | | |
| Byte 3 | Board number LSB | | | | | | | |

E.g. 148388723 = 08D83B73_{hex}

7.3.8 Register 7: (Reserved)

7.3.9 Register 8 ...15: Weight Data

Only reading is permitted.

The gross, net and tare weight are stored as DINT fixpoint.

The real data value is derived from DINT and EXPO as follows :

$$\text{Value}_{\text{Real}} = \text{reading}_{\text{DINT}} * 10^{(-\text{EXPO})}$$

| | |
|------------|--|
| Register 8 | Current gross value |
| Register 9 | Current net value, if tared; otherwise gross |
| Register10 | Current tare value, if tared, otherwise 0 |
| Register11 | Value on the front-panel display |
| Register12 | Reserved |
| Register13 | Reserved |
| Register14 | Max |
| Register15 | Reserved |

7.3.10 Register 20: Weight Data

| | |
|-------------|------------------|
| Register 20 | BCD output value |
|-------------|------------------|

7.3.11 Register 22 ... 27: Limit Values (Read/Write)

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| Register 22 | Limit 1 on |
| Register 23 | Limit 1 off |
| Register 24 | Limit 2 on |
| Register 25 | Limit 2 off |
| Register 26 | Limit 3 on |
| Register 27 | Limit 3 off |

7.3.12 Register 30, 31: Fixed Values (Read/Write)

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Register 30 | Fixed value for analog output; value (num) 0... 20000 corresponds to 20mA |
| Register 31 | Fixed value for fixtare; see also SetFixTare, GetFixTare (see Chapter 7.3.3) |

7.3.13 Register 80 ... 89: State-Controlled Action Bits (Write)

For setting bits, see Chapter 0.

Only setting and resetting of single bits is possible.

When changing a bit from 0 to 1, the corresponding action starts. After handling the command, the bit must be reset. Application: the master writes cyclically.

The bit is set as Write_Value_Select with the specified number (see Chapter 0); the bit is reset at the specified number +128.

| | | |
|-------------|------------|--|
| Register 80 | SetZero | Set the gross weight to zero |
| Register 81 | SetTare | Execute taring |
| Register 82 | ResetTare | Reset tare |
| Register 83 | SetTest | Start the ADC test |
| Register 84 | ResetTest | Finish the ADC test |
| Register 85 | ResetPwf | Reset the PowerFail bit (Register 1; the bit was set after power on) |
| Register 86 | SetFixTare | Taring with weight in numerical address D31 'Fixtare' |
| Register 87 | GetFixTare | The current gross weight is copied into numerical address D31. |
| Register 89 | ResetError | The CmdError error bit is reset |

7.3.14 Register 112 ... 121: Transition-Controlled Action Bits (Write)

For setting bits, see Chapter 0.

As soon as the bit was set, it is reset internally and the operation is handled; this is transition-controlled (for writing once).

The bit is set as Write_Value_Select with the specified number (see Chapter 0).

| | |
|--------------|------------|
| Register 112 | SetZero |
| Register 113 | SetTare |
| Register 114 | ResetTare |
| Register 115 | SetTest |
| Register 116 | ResetTest |
| Register 117 | ResetPwf |
| Register 118 | SetFixTare |
| Register 119 | GetFixTare |
| Register 121 | ResetError |

To prevent excessively frequent writing in the EARAM memory, the write interval should not be less than 15 seconds.

8 Global SPM Variables



For communication via OPC, the following variables are available

| | | | |
|------|-----|--|------|
| BOOL | R | Digital output 1 | X8 |
| BOOL | R | Digital output 2 | X9 |
| BOOL | R | Digital output 3 | X10 |
| BOOL | R | Digital input 1 | X0 |
| BOOL | R | Digital input 2 | X1 |
| BOOL | R | Digital input 3 | X2 |
| BOOL | R | Output limit 1 | X16 |
| BOOL | R | Output limit 2 | X17 |
| BOOL | R | Output limit 3 | X18 |
| BOOL | R | ADC error | X32 |
| BOOL | R | Above Max | X33 |
| BOOL | R | Overload, above (Max + plus the range that is still permissible) | X34 |
| BOOL | R | Below zero | X35 |
| BOOL | R | Zero +/- 1/4 d | X36 |
| BOOL | R | Within the zero setting range | X37 |
| BOOL | R | The weight is stable | X38 |
| BOOL | R | Below zero or above Max | X39 |
| BOOL | R | Load cell measuring signal negative | X40 |
| BOOL | R | Load cell measuring signal > 36 mV | X41 |
| BOOL | R | Internal arithmetic error; CAL data are perhaps faulty | X42 |
| BOOL | R | ADC error, overload | X43 |
| BOOL | R | Command error | X48 |
| BOOL | R | Command active | X49 |
| BOOL | R | Power fail signal | X50 |
| BOOL | R | ADC test active | X56 |
| BOOL | R | Calibration active | X57 |
| BOOL | R | Instrument is tared | X58 |
| BOOL | R/W | Read / write marker bit 1 | X64 |
| BOOL | R/W | Read / write marker bit 2 | X65 |
| BOOL | R/W | Read / write marker bit 3 | X66 |
| BOOL | W | Switch D11 to net weight | X72 |
| BOOL | W | Set the instrument to zero | X112 |
| BOOL | W | Set tare of the instrument | X113 |
| BOOL | W | Reset the tare of the instrument | X114 |
| BOOL | W | Start the ADC test | X115 |
| BOOL | W | Finish the ADC test | X116 |
| BOOL | W | Reset the power fail signal | X117 |
| BOOL | W | Set the fixtare value as tare | X118 |
| BOOL | W | Store the current gross weight in the fixtare memory (D31) | X119 |
| BOOL | W | Start printing | X120 |
| BOOL | W | Reset error | X121 |

Global SPM Variables, Continued

| | | | |
|-------|---|--|-----|
| BYTE | R | Indicator status | B4 |
| BYTE | R | ADC status | B5 |
| BYTE | R | Command status | B6 |
| BYTE | R | Exponent (digits behind the decimal point) | B16 |
| BYTE | R | Weight unit 2:g, 3:kg, 4:t, 5:lb | B17 |
| BYTE | R | Scale interval (multi-interval / multiple range: d1 or e1) | B18 |
| USINT | R | Last error | B19 |
| DINT | R | Current gross weight | D8 |
| DINT | R | Current net weight | D9 |
| DINT | R | Current tare weight | D10 |
| DINT | R | Current gross / net weight selected with X72 | D11 |
| DINT | R | Max weight (full scale deflection) | D14 |
| DINT | W | Weight limit 1 on | D24 |
| DINT | W | Weight limit 1 off | D25 |
| DINT | W | Weight limit 2 on | D26 |
| DINT | W | Weight limit 2 off | D27 |
| DINT | W | Weight limit 3 on | D28 |
| DINT | W | Weight limit 3 off | D29 |
| UDINT | W | Analog output for 'transparent' mode | D30 |
| DINT | W | Write the value in the fixtare memory | D31 |
| DWOR | W | BCD value for 'transparent' mode | D20 |
| D | | | |
| UDINT | R | Serial number | D6 |

9 Configuration print-out

The print-out can be started by using front keys  and  too.

```

Configuration of PR5410
=====
Printed      :2007-05-17 17:24:47
Firmware    : Rel. 01.20.00.1024
              2007-05-15 08:15
Appl-DEFAULT : Rel. 01.20
              2007-05-08 15:52
Bios        : Rel. 01.20.00.1024
              2007-05-13 12:10
Boardnumber :      251390341

HW-Options
=====
Slot 1      : -empty-
Slot 2 PR510/12 : digital I/O
Slot 3 Builtin : digital I/O
Slot 4      : -empty-

Operating parameter
=====
Address      :      A
PIN          :      0
Use alibimemory :      Gross
Sequencenumber :      0
Set Tare Key : tare & reset tare
SetZeroKey   : only when not tared
N-B-T-Key    :      enabled
PrintKey     :      enabled
TestKey      :      enabled

Printing parameter
=====
Print mode   :print selected item
1. Item     : Sequencenumber
2. Item     : Grossweight
3. Item     : CR/LF
4. Item     : disabled
5. Item     : disabled
6. Item     : disabled

Limit's
=====
Limit 1 on  :      0 kg
              Action : -no action-
Limit 1 off :      0 kg
              Action : -no action-
Limit 2 on  :      0 kg
              Action : -no action-
Limit 2 off :      0 kg
              Action : -no action-
Limit 3 on  :      0 kg
              Action : -no action-
Limit 3 off :      0 kg
              Action : -no action-

Digital I/O
=====
Output 1    :limit 1 out X16=
Output 2    :limit 2 out X17=
Output 3    :limit 3 out X18=
Input 1 on  :set zero X112=1
              Condition :no condition -----
Input 1 off : -no action-

```

```

Input 2 on  :set tare X113=1
              Condition :no condition -----
Input 2 off : -no action-
Input 3 on  :reset tare X114=1
              Condition :no condition -----
Input 3 off : -no action-

Serial assignment
=====
Printer     : - none -
Remote display : - none -
JBUS/MOD-Bus : - none -
SMA        : - none -
Asycom     : - none -

Serial port Builtin RS232
=====
Protocol    : XON/XOFF
Baudrate   : 9600 bd
Bits       : 8
Parity     : none
Stopbits   : 1
Output mode : CR/LF translation

Network settings
=====
HW-address  : 00:90:6C:FB:E9:85
Hostname    : PR5410-UDO-Mer
Use DHCP    : YES
VNC-Client  : 255.255.255.255

Calibration
=====
Max         : 3000 kg
              3000 d
Scale interval : 1 kg
Deadload at  : +0.000000 mV/V
Max at       : +1.000000 mV/V
Not calibrated
Sensitivity  : 833.33 cnt/d
              : 4.000000 uV/d

Parameters
=====
Measurement time : 160 ms
Digital filter   : aperiod.
Fcut             : 2.00 Hz
Test mode       : Absolute
W & M           : none

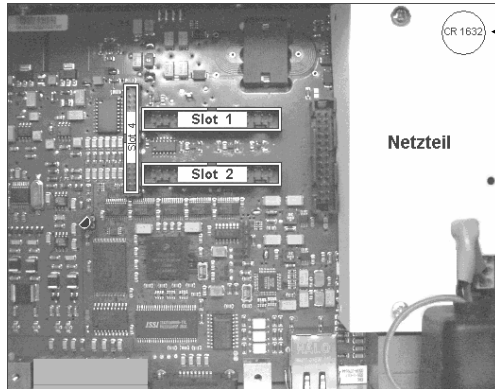
Standstill time : 0.50 s
Standstill range : 1.00 d
Tare timeout    : 2.5 s
Zerosest range  : 50.00 d
Zerotrack range : 0.25 d
Zerotrack step  : 0.25 d
Zerotrack time  : 1.0 s
Overload       : 9 d
Min            : 20 d
Range mode     : Single range

```

10 Repairs and Maintenance

Repairs are subject to inspection and must be carried out at. In case of defect or malfunction, please contact your local dealer or service center for repair. When returning the instrument for repair, please include a precise and complete description of the problem. Maintenance work may be carried out only by a trained technician with expert knowledge of the hazards involved and the required precautions.

10.1 BATTERY FOR DATE/TIME



The lithium battery for back-up of the calendar/time chip is located below the cover for the power supply on the main board. The battery is activated before the instrument leaves the factory.



After initial start-up, the clock must be set (date and time).

10.1.1 Battery Replacement

The instrument is equipped with a lithium battery for back-up of the time/calendar chip. If the voltage drops below the specified minimum, or in case of defect, the battery must be replaced by the customer service or by an equivalent trained technician. For details on disposal, see Chapter 11. The battery voltage is monitored; see Chapter 4.4.3. For details on battery lifetime, see Chapter 12.2.1.

10.1.2 Solder Work

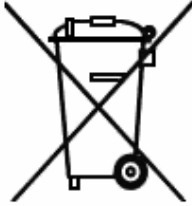
Soldering work on the instrument is neither required nor permitted.

10.1.3 Cleaning

- ✓ Disconnect the instrument from the supply voltage and remove connected data cables.
- ✓ Prevent moisture from penetrating the instrument.
- ✓ Do not use aggressive cleaning agents or solvents.
- ✓ Clean the indicator using a piece of cloth which has been wet with a mild detergent or soap.
- ✓ If the instrument is used in the food industry, make sure permissible cleaning agents are used.
- ✓ Dry the instrument using a soft cloth.
- ✓ Do not wash down the equipment with water or dry it with compressed air; this is not permitted.

11 Disposal

If you no longer need the packaging after successful installation of the equipment, you should discard it by the local facilities for waste disposal. The packaging is made of environmentally friendly materials and is a valuable source of secondary raw material.



Place discharged batteries in local collection boxes (not in the household waste).

For scrapping of the instrument, please contact your local authorities. Prior to scrapping, any batteries should be removed.

12 Specifications

12.1 INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF 'FREE SOFTWARE'

The firmware in the PR 5410 / X3 instrument contains free software that is licensed under: GNU General Public License (GPL) Version 2, June 1991, and GNU Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1, February 1999. This software, developed by third parties, is protected by copyright and is supplied free of charge.

The license terms and conditions of Free Software Foundation, Inc in English are enclosed in the delivery of the instrument.

The source text written under the above conditions is contained on the CD-ROM delivered with the instrument.

12.2 GENERAL DATA

The following characteristics are valid after a warm-up time of at least 60 minutes (reference temperature: 23°C).

12.2.1 Backup Battery for Time/Date

The lithium battery for back-up of the time/calendar chip is activated before the instrument leaves the factory.

| | | |
|-------------------|---|------------------|
| Battery lifetime: | Instrument connected continuously to the supply voltage | typical 10 years |
| | Instrument not connected (e.g., in storage)/temporarily connected to supply voltage | typical 7 years |

12.2.2 Power Supply PR 5410/00

| | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|
| Supply voltage | 100 V - 240 V AC | +10% / -15% | 50 / 60 Hz |
| Max. power consumption | 11 W/ 13 VA | | |
| Primary fuse | 500mAT 5x20 mm | | |

12.2.3 Power Supply PR 5410/01

| | | |
|------------------------|----------------|----------|
| Supply voltage | 24 V DC | + / -20% |
| Max. power consumption | 11 W | |
| Primary fuse | 1.6 AT 5x20 mm | |

12.3 EFFECT OF AMBIENT CONDITIONS

12.3.1 Environmental Conditions

Temperature range

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Ambient temperature for operation | -10... +40 °C |
| Ambient temperature 'not legal for trade' | -10... +50 °C |
| Power-on temperature | 0... +40 °C |
| Storage/transport | -20... +70 °C |

Humidity < 95 %, no condensation, (acc. to IEC 68-2)
 Protection type IP 65: front panel, otherwise IP30 (housing)

12.3.2 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

All data in compliance with NAMUR NE 21, EN 45501 and EN 61326

| | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---------------|----------|
| Housing | Radio frequency electromagnetic fields (80 – 1000 MHz) | EN 61000-4-3 | 10 V/m |
| | Electrostatic discharge (ESD) | EN 61000-4-2 | 6 / 8 kV |
| Signal and control lines | Fast transients (burst) | EN 61000-4-4 | 1 kV |
| | Peak voltages (surge) 1.2/50 µs | EN 61000-4-5 | 1 / 2 kV |
| | Conducted disturbances by radio frequency (0.15 – 80 MHz) | EN 61000-4-6 | 10 V |
| Mains inputs | Fast transients (burst) | EN 61000-4-4 | 2 kV |
| | Peak voltages (surge) 1.2/50 µs | EN 61000-4-5 | 1 / 2 kV |
| | Conducted disturbances by radio frequency (0.15 – 80 MHz) | EN 61000-4-6 | 10 V |
| | Voltage fluctuation | EN 61000-4-11 | 40% / 0% |
| | Voltage dips | EN 61000-4-11 | 20 msec |

12.3.3 RF Interference Suppression

Electromagnetic emission In acc. with EN 61326, limit value class A

12.4 WEIGHING ELECTRONICS

The weighing electronics are suitable for connection of strain-gauge load cells.

12.4.1 Load Cells

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Load cell type | Strain gauge, 6 or 4-wire connection possible |
| Supply voltage | U= 12V DC for I _{max} = 160 mA for up to 8 load cells of 650 □ each or 4 load cells of 350 □ each |
| Sense voltage monitoring | Sense voltage below + 4VDC -- -4VDC is detected; can be switched off |
| Max. load | ≥ 75 □ |
| Cable length | Max. 500 m |

12.4.2 Principle

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Principle | DC voltage, delta-sigma converter, ratiometric to the load cell supply voltage |
| Conversion / measuretime | 5, 10, 20, 40, 80, 160, 320, 640, 960, 1200, 1600 ms |
| Digital filter | Selectable, 4th order (low-pass), Characteristic: Bessel, aperiodic, Butterworth, Tschebyscheff Configurable cut-off frequency |

12.4.3 Accuracy and Stability

| | |
|---|--|
| Accuracy class | $\leq 10000 \text{ e (Cl. III) acc. to OIML R76 / EN 45501}$ |
| Min. measuring signal (OIML) | $\Rightarrow 0.42\text{mV/V} = 5\text{mV corr. to } 0.5\mu\text{V/e for } 10000 \text{ e}$ |
| Min. measuring signal (OIML) | $\Rightarrow 0.25\text{mV/V} = 3\text{mV corr. to } 0.5\mu\text{V/e for } 6000 \text{ e}$ |
| Linearity error | $< 0.003 \%$ |
| Zero stability error (TK ₀) | $< 0.05 \mu\text{V/K RTI} \leq 0,004\%/10\text{K at } 1\text{mV/V}$ |
| Span stability error (TK _{Spn}) | $< +/- 2.5 \text{ ppm/K}$ |

12.4.4 Sensitivity

| | |
|--|--|
| Sensitivity | $0.5 \mu\text{V/e @ } 10000\text{e (Cl. III) OIML R76; } 0.5 \mu\text{V/e @ } 3000\text{e OIML R76}$ |
| Resolution | 7.5 million counts at 3mV/V, not legal for trade |
| Input voltage (input signal + dead load) | 0 ... max. 36 mV DC, symmetrical to 0 |
| Dead load range | 36 mV DC (max. input signal); input/ calibration via software |

12.5 MECHANICAL DATA

12.5.1 Construction

Metal housing of aluminium with steel lid and steel back panel. Protection class IP 65 (front panel).

12.5.2 Dimensions

| | |
|----------|------------|
| Housing: | Dimensions |
| Width | 192 mm |
| Height | 96 mm |
| Depth | 150 mm |

12.5.3 Weight

| | |
|-----------------|---------|
| Net weight | 1.45 kg |
| Shipping weight | 2.0 kg |

12.6 USE IN LEGAL-FOR-TRADE MODE

The Guide to Verification and further documents can be found on the Internet at:

12.6.1 Documentation for Verification on the Enclosed CD

The enclosed CD has a directory containing the following PDF documents (in preparation):

- EC Declaration of Conformity to Council Directive 90/384/EEC
- Plates and markings (sealing and labels)
- Test certificate for the instrument
- EC type approval

12.6.2 Additional Instructions

Information on the meaning of the CAL switch to be sealed can be found in Chapter 4.1.1 . Make sure when configuring the instrument (see Chapter 4.5.13) that the settings are in compliance with the legal requirements and the requirements of the EC Type Approval and the EC Test Certificate. Furthermore, the settings and functions described under Item 7 of the EC Test Certificate (Orders and Conditions) must be checked. The person performing installation is responsible for selecting the legally permitted settings. The settings must be checked.

13 Index

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